MR. CLEVELAND IS ALL RIGHT.

ever for the report that a crank attempted to assassinate President Cleveland today. The inquiry made by an Associated Press re-porter was the first that he or any one con-nected with the white house had heard of the

The police were also ignorant of such an at

tempt on the president's life and they were condient that the report was false.

ANXIOUS TO GET THE FIGHT.

Sports at Jacksonville Have Raised \$10,000

Towards the Purse.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 3.—(Special.)

The chances for the Corbett-Mitchell fight

taking place in Jacksonville are growing

brighter daily. This morning a well-known

gentleman in this city, who is prominent in

porting circles and who knows all the cele-

brated sporting enthusiases in the United States, received a letter from Richard K.

Fox, who is always "on the inside" in mat-

ers of this kind, which contained the fol-

owing significant statement: "The match

between Corbett and Mitchell stands a good

hance of being held in Jacksonville, if \$10,

"This amount," said the gentleman who

received Fox's letter, "has already been

aised, and I have written Mr. Fox to this

effect today." "And I have every reason to believe," continued the speaker, "that

Jacksonville stands very much in favor

at present. The match does not come off

intil some time in December and the weath-

r here is always warmer than elsewhere.

Besides the big hotels will be open and we

000 can be raised there.'

## HE WANTS TO COME.

if He Can Get Off.

CONGRESSMEN QUIT AND GO HOME. There Was Filibustering Up to the

Very Last Moment. SESSION CLERKS ARE LEFT ON PAY

Speaker Crisp Declared the House Ad-journed, While the Senate Was Considering Nominations.

Washington, November 3 .- (Special.)-President Cleveland will probably go to Augusta. He says he wants to go, and he is going, if it it possible for him to leave Washington. He made this statement to the Augusta delegation who called upon him this morning. They were accompanied by Speaker Crisp, Messrs. Black, Turner and Cabaniss of the Georgia delegation and several members of the South Carolina delegation. Mr. John H. Inman was also with the delegation. They were received by the president in his private office at 10:30 shook hands with the president who greeted him cordially. The president shook hands with each member of the delega-The handshaking concluded, the delegation formed a semicircle about the president, and Mr. Walsh advanced to the front and, as the spokesman of the delegation, extended the invitation.

In the course of his remarks, Colonel Walsh said that the delegation represented in part the states of Georgia and South Carolina, and had come to Washington to invite the president and Mrs. Cleveland to

"Our exposition," said Mr. Walsh, "will be, to several states in the south, what the world's fair was to the nation. The south needs capital for the development of her unrivaled resources. There is no locality in our country so rich in possibilities for manufacturing development as the south. We have an abundance of raw material and our natural advantages are very great. power and climatic advantages, there is no section which presents superior attractions or inducements for settlements and investments. This exposition will show the va-ried products of field, forest, mine and factory, and we are carnestly desirous of curing your presence in order that you ay be enabled to make a deliverance to the whole country that will be productive

of lasting benefits to the south. "Our people are exceedingly anxious for you to accept the invitation, and as evince of this, the general assembly of Georgia yesterday afternoon passed resolutions exposition and state fair. If you are not repared, Mr. President, to answer affirm-tively today, we earnestly request that today, we earnestly request that you will take our invitation under consider ation, and, if possible, comply with the re-

After Mr. Walsh had finished speaking. Representative Turner addressed a few words to the president, urging him earnestly to accept the invitation and his efforts were ably seconded by Speaker Crisp in a few well chosen words. It was suggested that if the president could not make a stay of more than a day, he might be able to make a hurried trip to the fair and be absent from Washington for only forty-eight

#### Bissed in Augusta's Favor.

The president's manner towards his visi tors indicated to them that he was inclined to accede to their wishes, if public busines would permit, which, however, was very uncertain. He gladdened their hearts by telling them that he was biased in their

The president in an informal manner asked several questions about the date of the exposition. He said it would be im-possible for him to leave Washington before the meeting of the regular session of congress on December 4th. He would have to devote the intervening time to the preparation of his message. He, however, wanted to visit Augusta. He wants to meet the people there, and see the exposi-tion, and he would go between December 4th and 15th, if he found it possible to leave Washington at that time. While the president was making his remarks he stood up with his feet crossed, leaning against the back of his big armchair. He has grown much thinner in the last two months He has probably lost fifty pounds and is really looking remarkably well now. After a few questions and answers the main portion of the delegation filed out.

Rolonel Brauch Admires Nerve. Colonel Thomas P. Branch, of Augusta who had not had the opportunity to do of the talking, then approached the president, whom he had met before, grasped him by the hand and said: "Grover I am glad you won, I am glad you won, I like

The president smiled and returned a cordial "thank you." When the delegation had filed out of the room they met several members of the cabinet and each and every one promised to urge the president to attend the exposition. Secretaries Gres-ham, Lamont and Smith each said they believed the president would 'accept.

Mr. Hutcheson Filibustered. The first and extra session of the fiftythird congress having concluded the business it was called together for, adjourned at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The bad tem-per which had characterized the session in the senate was exhibited today in the house Mr. Hutcheson, of Texas, made a fight against the resolution to pay the session clerks for the entire month of November. He, however, fell down in his efforts at filibustering and the resolution passed the house. By the senate it was attached to the urgency deficiency bill. The senate then insisted upon its amendment to the urgent deficiency paying its clerks for two extra months in 1890. The house refused

Early in the day the senate had passed the resolution to adjourn at 3 o'clock, and at 2:55 o'clock it sent another resolution to the house, providing to extend the time adjourning to half past 4 o'clock. Mr. Hutcheson, of Texas, demanded a second to this and while the vote was being taken by tellers the hour of 3 o'clock arrived and Speaker Crisp declared the extra session of congress adjourned sine die.

Clerks Will Have to Wait. The senate at the time was in executive ession attempting to confirm nominations.

As soon as it heard that the house had adjourned, of course it was forced to adjourn, leaving about 100 nominations unacted upon and the urgent deficiency bill died with the session. Thus the clerks will Mr. Cleveland Says He Will Visit Augusta not get paid for this month and the special government employes, whose salaries were provided for in this bill, will have to wait until the regular session for an appropriation for their salaries. Mr. Hutcheson's filibustering will also force the president to the necessity of again making all the nominations which went over unacted upon.

> Now that the repeal bill has become a law and silver purchases have ceased, it will be interesting to those who have studied the question and kept up with the action of congress to read the following facts about the votes in the two houses The figures were prepared from the official

The Free Coinage Vote.

In the house the vote on free coinage was 'as follows:: For-democrats, 103; republicans, 13; populists, 8. Againstdemocrats, 114; republicans, 113. On the Bland-Allison bill the vote was: Fordemocrats, 144; republicans, 14; populists, 8. Against -democrats, 103; republicans, 110. On repeal the vote was: For-democrats, 138; republicans, 101. Againstmocrats, 76; republicans, 24; populists, 8. In the senate the votes were on free silver: For-democrats, 18; republicans, 7; populists, 3. Against-democrats, 18; republicans, 21. On the Bland-Allison bill: For-democrats, 20; republicans, 10; populists, 3. Against—democrats, 17; republi-cans, 20. On repeal: For—democrats, 20; republicans, 23. Against—democrats, 19; republicans, 10; populists, 3.

Vote by States. Twelve states voted solidly in the house and senate for repeal. They were: Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Maryland, New Jersey, New York and Wisconsin, which gave Cleveland a plurality of 65,-459 votes in 1892, and Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont, which gave Harrison a plurality

Five states voted solidly in both houses against repeal. They were Colorado. Ida-ho, Kansas and Nevada, which gave Weaver a plurality of 27,212 votes, and South Dakota, which gave Harrison a plurality of 8,344 votes, though all the votes which Montana cast were against it. Harrison's plurality in this state was 1,270.

Three states, Colorado, Idaho and Nevada, were solid for free silver, and all the votes of Montana were cast the same way Ten states, Delaware, Maine, Maryland Massachusetts. New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin voted solidly against free

In the original vote in the house eighty-two of the 132 votes for free silver, ninety of the 136 votes for the Bland-Allison bill and sixty-five of the 108 votes against repeal were by members from Alabama, Ar-kansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Vir-ginia, which gave Cleveland a plurality of 674,837 votes contributed to his plurality in the whole country of 382,956. In the senate the democratic representatives of the same states, with the exception of Lousiana, gave seventeen of the thirty-two votes against repeal, eighteen of the thirty-three votes for the Bland-Allison bill, and sixteen of the twenty-eight votes for free coinage. Three of these states were divided in the senate, Kentucky, North Carolina and Texas, on the last two propositions, and but one vote was cast by Texas on the Virginia was divided on the last. In the house a majority of the mem-bers from Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia were for free silver, Kentucky Louisiana being equally divided, Florida being against, and West Virginia giving majority against. North Carolina was olid for it with the exception of the one republican. Majorities against repeal were also given by all these states except Flori-da, equally divided, Georgia, Kentucky, ana, Virginia and West Virginia. Florida's senators were directly opposed to Florida's representatives on the free silver

Lansom Prefers the Senate. Senator Ransom, of North Carolina, has echned to allow the use of his name as an applicant for the circuit judgeship made vacant by the death of Judge Bond. It is inderstood that the president has been strongly inclined towards Senator Ransom, but the senator feets that a younger man should have the appointment and is, therefore, not an applicant. He prefers to re-main in the senate, where he has done splendid work for nearly twenty-four years.

They Are Coming Home. All the Georgia congressmen left tonight with the exception of Judge Turner, who is on the ways and means committee, and will be forced to remain until the last of November. Speaker Crisp and his son left tonight for New York and Chicago. Messrs, Maddox and Tate yesterday voted against the adjournment resolution. The other Georgians voted for adjournment.

F. W. Swoley, of Quitman, has resigned his position as one of the doorkeepers of the house to accept a position with one of the leading jewetry houses of this city. E. W. B.

#### ASTWOOD TURNED DOWN.

#### The Senate Rejects Mr. Cleveland's Colored Nominee for Calais

Washington, November 3 .- The senate, just Washington, November 3.—The senate, just before the close of the executive session, rejected the nomination of Henry C. C. Astwood, of New York, to be coust of the United States at Calais, France.

The senate confirmed the following nominations today: James R. Rossevett, of New York, to be secretary of the emonssy of the United States at London, England, vice Henry White resigned; Thomas P. Smith, of Indian territory, to be an Indian adspector.

Postmasters—Duff Post, at Tampa, Fla.; John M. Waddell, Dartongton, S. C.; Frank M. Emanuel, Bennetsville, S. C. State—C. Hugo Jacoos, of Wisconsin, to be consul of the United States at Reichenberg, Bohemia.

War—Second Lieutenant Edgar Russell,

## MR. HORNBLOWER NOT CONFIRMED.

#### The Senate's Failure to Act Amounts to a Rejection. Washington, November 3.—The senate adrned today without confirming the nomina-

journed today without confirming the nomina-tion of Mr. Hornblower to be justice of the supreme court. This failure to confirm has the effect of a rejection. The president will, therefore, be compelled to either send his name again or to nominate another man for the office. Wink Taylor Moves to Columbia Columbia, S. C., November 3.—(Special.)—Mr. Wink Taylor, a well known hôtel man from Georgia, today assumed charge of the Grand Central hotel, of this city. Mr. Taylor is the late proprietor of the Southern hotel at Chattanooga, also of the Arlington, of Gainesville, Ga.

MORE PAY OR QUIT.

#### Sargeant Says the Men Insist Upon an Advance Being Made.

THEY MEET MAJOR FINK TODAY.

Someone Will Have to Yield or There Will Be a Strike.

THE EMPLOYES SEEM TO BE UNITED.

All the Orders Are Represented at the East Tennessee's Headquarters-The Crisis Is at Hand.

Knoxville, Tenn., November 3 .- (Special.) It looks very much as though there will be an extensive strike on the East Tennessee ines within the next few days.

There will certainly be trouble if the men and the officers of the road mean what they have said to newspaper reporters for publication. The situation in brief is this: Major

Fink, receiver of the road, has stated positively that the 10 per cent reduction will not be revoked. The men, according to Chief Sargeant,

their authorized representative, declare as emphatically that they will not work under the cut. One side or the other must give way or

there will surely be a strike, involving hun dreds of employes of the road and creating serious disturbance in the world of trade and traffic. The chiefs of the different organizations of the trainmen and other employes will hold a conference with Major Fink some time tomorrow and on the result of this conference will depend the future action of the road. There are many employes of the road prominent in the various organizations in the city, anxiously awaiting the result of the conference. The three chiefs of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Trainmen have at last arrived. They came today from Atlanta, arriving at 11:15 o'clock and were met at the East Tennessee depot by the trainmen's committee, which has been here during the past three

weeks. From 2 to 4 o'clock the grievance com mittee held a conference among themselves in the French & Roberts building. After the conference a reporter met Chief Arthur at the Palace hotel. Mr. Arthur talked pleasantly, but briefly, to the reporter on the condition of affairs. He referred newspaper man to Mr. Sargeant as being their chairman, and said he was authorized to talk for publication.

Mr. Sargeant States Their Side. Mr. Sargeant, who is chief of the firemen, talked as follows: "We held a consultation with our local committeemen this afternoon and our intention was to have a conference with Major Fink this afternoon, but on ac-count of Mr. Wilkinson, chief of the brakemen, being absent, we concluded not to act without him unless he authorized one of us to represent him. Our conference this afternoon was to get from the men their opinmitteemen tell us the men will not work

under the reduction now in effect. "Their reasons are: First, they say they were at the beginning working at a rate than prevailed on connecting lines, and their wages were low enough, and a 10 per cent reduction would make their pay so small they could not live. only have they been cut in pay but trains have been taken off so that many of our men can make but few runs, and when they o not run and make mileage they make money. Rather than submit they would seek employment elsewhere, is what

Confer with Major Fink Today. "Tomorrow we will visit Major Fink. Mr. Wilkinson has just telegraphed to Mr. Clark, chief of the conductors, to act for him, so the conference will come up tomorrow. When we visit Major Fink we are going to lay our case before him, and we hope a satisfactory settlement can be We do not desire to create an unfriendly feeling between the officials of the apany and the employes, and we believe

a satisfactory agreement can be reached." Should Mr. Sargeant's hope not be realzed and the men refuse to work under the reduction, these committeemen will have to report to their respective divisions, when vote on the matter will be taken and, if carried by a two-thirds majority, the chiefs the orders will order the men to quit the company, Mr. Sargeant said.

Mr. Cark, of the conductors and acting for the brakemen, corroborated Mr. Sargeant in his statement.

#### PLANNING A HUNT. Mr. Cleveland Hopes to Get a Day or Two

Washington, November 3.—It was reported this afternoon that President Cleveland intends to slip away tomorrow for three of four days' shooting and recreation after the long strain of watching and waiting for action by the senate on the repeal bill. Two or three times in the last three weeks the president has been out for a day's shooting within a few miles of his country home at Wood'ey. He is said to have made a bag of fourteen squirrels for one day's sport. A great deal of executive business has accumulated and awaiting the president's action, which may limit his little vacancy or delay it for a time.

Secretary Thurber said tonight that the

tion, which may limit his little vacancy or delay it for a time. Secretary Thurber said tonight that the president would not leave the District of Columbia tomorrow, but further than this he would not commit himself.

The Go to See Marlow President Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland and Secretary and Mrs. Lamont attended Miss Julia Marlow's performance of "Juliet" tonight at the Academy of Music. This was Mrs. Cleveland's first public appearance since the birth of little Esther

Speaker Crisp left for New York tonight. Speaker Criss lett of New York Conignt.
He will remain in that city two days and
then will return to his home in Georgia.
Vice President Stevenson left at 11
O'clock tonight over the Chesapeake and
Ohio railroad for his home in Bloomington,

#### NOTICE TO THE GOBBLERS.

President Cleveland Issues the Thanksgiving Proclamation.

mation: "By the president of the United States of America:
"A Proclamation-While the American per "A Proclamation—While the American peo-ple should every day remember with praise and thanksgiving the divine goodness and mercy which have followed them since their beginning as a nation, it is fitting that one day in each year should be especially devoted to the contemplation of the blessings we have received at the hands of God and to the grate-ful acknowledgement of His loving kindness. "Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of

the order during 1891 and 1892. The receiver claimed that the company's assessor has no right to assess property as omitted property after the matter has been investigated by the hoard of review, and that the order has the right to offset its indebtedness against the money on hand. To these facts the perifloner demurs, asserting that the facts alleged in the answer of the receiver are not sufficient to constitute a case. It is thought that the Iron Hall troubles will finally be disposed of during the present month.

the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 30th day of the present month of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to be kept and observed by all the people of our land. On that day let us forego our ordinary work and employments and assemble in our usual places of worship, where we may recall all that God has done for us, and where, from grateful hearts, our united tributes of praise and song may reach the throne of grace. Let the reunion of kindred and the social meeting of friends lend cheer and enjoyment to duty and let generous gifts of charity for the relief of the poor and needy prove the sincerity of our thanksgiving. "GROVER CLEVELAND." Expected.

They Covered the Messenger and There Was No Foundation for the Report That a Crank Tried to Kill Him, Were Fired on by the Police. Washington, November 3.—Private Secretary Phurber says there is no foundation what-

SOMEBODY GAVE THEIR PLAN AWAY.

The Officials Even Knew Who Would Make the Attack and Prepared to Take Them Alive or Dead.

pistols.

As they did so, Chief of Police Atkins, of this city, and Lieutenant Hood, and Detective Irwin, who were concealed in the car, sprang from their hiding places and called upon the robbers to throw up their hands. Instead of obeying that command, one of the desperadoes turned upon the officers and opened fire. A regular fusilade followed. One of the robbers fell at the first fire but the other continued his unequal battle, emptying his revolver as rapidly as possible. At last his final bullet sped wide of its mark and the man was overpowered and placed in irons.

can easily accommodate the crowds that vill be sure to attend." Local sports are in high feather over the outlook for having the contest favorable here and predict no trouble from the au-

#### NEWSBOYS AT THE FAIR. Merry Crowd Keep the Ferris Wheel Turn

A merry trowd Keep the Ferris Wheel Turn-ing—The Parade.

World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, November
3.—For a minute today it seemed as if the
old days of the exposition had returned. The workmen suddenly heard shouts of laughter some from the terminal station and all kinds f merry noises. The place was full of boys

band began to play and a procession of coungsters started across the plaza. Six Hundred newsboys arrived from Detroit. They came in a special train of twelve coach s over the Michigan Central as the guests of General Russell A. Alger, of Detroit. The boys furnished the few speciators with a sight of the first parade given on the grounds since he close of the fair. A happier crowd has seldom been seen within the Jackson park enclosure. The entrances of the Midway Plais-tuce were thrown open and the urchins trooped through the half dismantled mimic orient. A truck was declared for the day on the ferris wheel fight and the small visitors were came to eating, the menn was not so elab rate as many that have been prepared in the White City, but few have been better appre-ciated. Sandwiches and milk was the fare. The boys will go home tonight.

#### MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

Two Women Who Had Passed the Century Mark Die at the Same Time.

Raleigh, N. C., November 3.—(Special.)— The state will not abandon its convic farms on Roanoke river, but will put 2.500 acres additional under cultivation. The superintendent of the penitentiary says the six floods in Roanoke river have caused the state a loss of \$30,000 this year. Despite the floods 1,200 bales of cotton and 60,000 bushels of corn ware specified.

the floods 1,200 bales of cotton and 60,000 bushels of corn were produced.

The state convention of the Young Men's Christian Association met at Henderson this afternoon. Favorable reports of the growth of the association were received.

Professor Massey, of the State Agricultural and Mechanical college, will accompany Congressman Alexander on a trip to the west to inspect the beet sugar industry. A wealthy company, which finds the seasons too short in the west, proposes to cultivate beets on a large scale and establish manufactories of sugar, here.

The superintendent of the board of health of this county officially reports the deaths today, at the Home for the Azed, of Mary Page, aged 104 years, and Harriet Morderic.

Page, aged 104 years, and Harriet Morde cai, aged 101.

#### A BOMB FOUND

Near the House of Parliament in London Last Wednesday.

London, November 3.—The Globe this after-noon prints a sensational report to the effect that a loaded conical bomb, weighing seven pounds, was found Wednesday last upon a buttress of the Westminster bridge, which is close of the Westminster bridge, which is close of the house of parliament. The bomb was taken possession of by the police and was conveyed, according to The Globe, to Scot-land Yard, the headquarters of the metropoli-tan police, where, it is claimed, the bomb is being examined by experts in such matters, in order to determine whether it was loaded or not.

or not.

The inquiries made at Scotland Yard confirms the story published in The Globe this afternoon. The inspector is charge admitted that the police were in charge of a piece of iron of conical shape, having the appearance of being a conical projectile for the use in a gun, which is believed to be a bomb loaded with explosives. The bomb was found on one of the buttresses of Westminster bridge Wednesday.

#### RIOT IN AUSTRIA.

Villagers Attack the Police, Who Fire

Upon Them. Vicona, November 3.—The eviction of a local

#### The Iron Hall Troubles.

Indianapolis, Ind., November 3.—In the su-perior court this morning County Treasurer S. R. Holt, through his attorney, filed a de-S. R. Holt, through his attorney, healey, remurrer to the answer of James F. Failey, remurrer to the answer of the an ceiver of the Iron Hall, to a petition of S. R. Holt for \$15,000, the amount of taxes due

ONE SHOT AND THE OTHER CAUGHT

Knoxville, Tenn., November 3.-(Special.) At 9:30 o'clock tonight as train No. 15, which left Knoxville at 8 o'clock for Louisville over the Knoxville and Ohio was taking water at a tank 200 yards beyond Coal Creek, a small station thirty miles from this city, two men boarded the front platform of the express car and rushed into the open door. They covered the express messenger, R. D. Scribner, with their

Officials Expected It. Smith was found to be badly wounded, being shot through the groin and may die.

Chief Atkins was shot through the arm, and Officer Irwin received a scalp wound. For the last three or four days see night rains on the East Tennessee going north have carried a posse of officers from this city armed to the teeth and ready to fight a desperate band of train robbers. was done on information furnished the company's officials by Offithicer Irwin, who some manner which he refuses to divulge. learned that an attempt was to be made

well known men about town, and scions of well known and prominent families to rob an outgoing express train on the East Tennessee road at the Coal Creek water

by William Smith and Fred Gerding, two

tank some night this week. Gerding was formerly a messenger of the express comapny. About a monh ago he mysteriously disappeared. Nithing was known of his whereabouts until Officer Irwin went to the officials of the road with the information he had received and on the report of Irwin, the East Tennessee officials. secured the service of a posse to guard their outgoing trains. Train No. 15 left the Central depot last night at the usual he with a heavy load of passengers. Those who were in he sleepers or gazed ou into the night from the day coaches had no knowledge of the fact that in the forward cars of the train, armed men were riding.

They Were Seen to Get On.

train stopped at Coal station hs usual and Creek Creek station hs usual and then proceeded to the water tank, where it stopped for water. The two men were seen by the conductor, who was watching, to mount the platform of the express car. He stepped inside and notified the express officials, who immediately started for the express car. When they reached there the fight was practically over. The car was full of smoke and Smith lay upon the floor with the messenger astride of him. The other was in the hands of the officers. Only a corporal's guard of the passengers knew anything of the tragic occurrence until the train backed to Coal Creek station and the express officials scurried through the coaches in search of a doctor. miekly told the excited travelers what had happened. Sleep immediately left all eyes.

Carried to Knoxville. The wounded and captured burglars were brought to this city together with the wounded officers on a freight train, which met the passenger train at Coal Creek. Smith, the wounded burglar, was taken to a hospital, where he is under guard. Gerding is strongly guarded at the jail. Both of the would-be robbers were raised in Knoxville. Gerding was once high in society. His father is a prominent physician of Oliver and Collins of the C cian at Oliver Springs. Smith lost caste here some time ago by marrying a fast woman. The train bearing the robbers arrived here at 1:10 o'clock this morning and

#### was met at the depot by an immense crowd. KILLED THE CONDUCTOR. Seven Masked Men Rob a Train in Arkansas

Bloodhounds on Their Trail. Little Rock, Ark., November 3.—Fast express train No. 51, of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, known as the "Cannon Ball," due here at 2:10 o'c'ock a. m., was held up and robbed by seven masked men, at Oliphant, Ark., seven miles north of Newport, at 10 o'clock tonight. Passenger Conductor J. P. McNally was shot and killed while trying to protect his

Oliphant is a small lumber town, of about 600 inhabitants, situated in a lonely timber When a November 3.—The eviction of a local miller from the villager of Kajane resuited in a serious fight between the villagers and the police, which lasted for a long time. The villagers, in large numbers, made a furious attack upon the police, who were assisting in the work of eviction. The police, when hard pressed, fired into the crowd of villagers, killing four of them. During the riot five policemen were severely injured. Much excitement exists at Kajane and its neighborhood and the local authorities have appealed for assistance, with the result that a force of military has been sent to the scene of disturbance.

The Law Hell Troubles. district, in White county. When train No. succeeded in wounding any of them he was

The robbers then entered the express car overpowered the messenger and looted the Leaving two men to guard the traincar. men, they proceeded to rob the passengers. They entered the coaches and sleepers and, at the point of a revolver, relieved all the passengers of their valuables. left with a parting volley, taking a norther ly direction. A telegram was at once sent to the sheriff at Newport, who formed a

posse and started in pursuit.

An engine was dispatched to Augusta for bloodhounds. Telegrams were quickly sent to Little Rock for assistance, and a special train left about 1 o'clock this morning,

carrying a posse of officers and a pack of

The train which was held up is expected here about 2:15 o'clock this morning, bring

Two Robbers Find That They Were ing the remains of Conductor McNally. Until this train arrives full particulars of the robbery cannot be learned. The railroad people have no idea as to the amount

#### of money secured by the robbers. PRENDERGAST'S - 1RIAL

#### Is to Come Up on Next Monday-What the Murderer Says.

Chicago, November 3.—The trial of Prender-gast, the murderer of Mayor Harrison, is on in the criminal court callendar Monday next and the case will probably be reported with out much delay. Prendergast has no attorne, yet. He says he will get one, but does no appear to be in haste about it. It is con sidered likely that Judge Dunne will be called upon to appoint an attorney to defend him. Today the prisoner kept inside his cell the greater part of the day to escape the scrutiny of the visiting throngs. He was norose and gloomy and scowled as he read the stories of his cowardly conduct in cour

yesterday.
"The newspapers are against me." he remarked to a guard. "Of course I am a litti nervous. I was so when I went before Judge Horton. I am not used to court business and there was such a crowd. There is no use of my trying to get fair treatment."

#### CONFESSED HIS CRIME. "General" Kennedy Tells About the Assassi-

nation of Operator Lowery. Chattanooga, Tenn., November 3.—General Kennedy, one of the white men arrested on suspicion of murdering Night Operator Lowery, at Shell Mound, Tenn., a few days ago, confessed the crime tonight He says he and his cousin, John Kennedy, who is also under arrest, went to the depot on several occasions to chloroform the oper ator and rob the place, but they could gain an entrance. Finally John shot the sleeping operator, through a window, and they both crawled into the room, robbed the place and left. It was the most fiendish murder ever committed in this section, and the feeling is intense.

#### TARRED HER HEAD.

Two Bad Cititzens Visited at Night and

Pembroke, Ga., November 3.—Bryan Sykes, a negro, was taken out last night by unknown

parties and severely whipped.

About 10 o'clock some one called at his door, but he refused to go out and the door was broken in. He and his wife were alone was broken in. He and his wife were alone and in bed. After taking him off in the woods and in bed. After taxing him on in the woods they stripped him, and tied him to a log and left him unconscious. His wife twas then made to succumb to a process of tar and feathers. Her head was bathed well and will probably have to be shaved in order to emove

Sykes and his wife are believed to prey voon the community. Several lots of cotton in ve-been stolen from various parties and they were severed.

#### QUARTERMAN CAUGHT. He Is Charged with Having Murdered a Man

at Thunderboit. Savannah, Ga., November 3.—(Special.) William Quarterman, who shot and killed Joe Davis at Thunderbolt in a drunken row about two weeks ago, was captured this morning at Oliver, a station on the Central railroad about thirty-five miles from this city. Quarterman was arrested by a man named Lanier and the authorities he notified of the capture at once. Deputy Sheriff Nathan left for Olivas tonight with a warrant for Quarterman and will bring him down tomorrow morning. The verdict of the coroner's jury was that Quarterman was guilty of murder.

#### LEWELLYN'S STATEMENT

About the Terms of Settlement in the Legislative Controversy.

Wichita Kas., November 3.—After making a political speech here last night Governor Lewellyn read the following statement in regard to the terms of the settlement of the legisla ve controversy made and signed of of February 16th, last, which was referr by Speaker Douglass in his speech in this

by Speaker Douglass in his speech in this city Thesday night:

"The populists always sought a compromise. The situation was becoming hore straining every hour, but on this particular night a truce was arranged with the sheriff. It was linear stood that the sheriff's forces, which number, ed about twelve hundred, should make no attack under cover of darkness, and on the other hand no attempt should be made to eject any person from the Douglass house. After this truce had been entered into, at d for the first time in forty-eight nears, I west home to my family. Near midnight I went our with George R. Peck, when time was arranged."

He Pleaded Guilty. Taylor, a cierk employed in the office of United States Government ngineer John Mids, who handled sums of money used in paying the forces at Vicksburg and other paying the forces at Vicksburg and othe poluts, was arraigned today before Unite States Commissioner Wright, upon the charg of having embezzed \$1,800 from the government. When Taylor was catted before the commissioner he said that he desired to piea guilty to the charge of having taken the money. Commissioner Wright warned his of the consequences of such a piea, and advised him to piead not guilty, which woulgive him all the benefits of the investigation Taylor, however, persisted and the commissioner finally decided to commit him to the United States circuit court, fixing his bon at \$2,500.

Charleston, S. C. November 3.—A special to The News and Courier from Marion, S. C., says Arthur Bethea, white, shot and instantly kided Press Bowen, negro, at Ma rion colored fair this evening. Bo-drunk and drew, or threatened to d pistol, when Bethea killed him, him through the heart.

## A Large Document.

Brenham, Tex., November 3.-A thirty-page book, printed and bound in sheep, was filed for record here today. filed for record here today. It is a mort-gage for \$5,068,000 executed by the Houston and Texas Central railroad in favor of a lorn and trust company of New York and the Southern Pacific. The amount is made paya-ble in gold, the bonds being for \$1,000 each and due April 1, 1912.

Courthouse and Records Burned. Jackson, Miss., November 3.-(Special.)-The courthouse at Lexington, Holmes county, ogether with all the books and records, was destroyed by fire this morning.

Coinage of Dollars Resumed. Washington, November 3.-In accordance with preparatory instructions rejently issued by the secretary of the treasury Mr. Carlisle today instructed the mints at Philadeiphia and New Orleans to coin seignlorage into standard silver dollars.

#### World's Fair Awards.

Chicago, November 3.—Wisliam Simpson & Sons' printed calicoes, sateens and cotton dress goods have been awarded the highest medal and diploma for excellence at the world's fair.

Chinese Get More Time. Washington, November 3,-The president today signed the bill extending for six months the time in which the Chinese can register under the Geary law.

Washington, November 3.—The presidenthis afternoon signed the New York world fair prize winners' exposition bill, and the biconvering the battle ship "Illinois" at it was fair to the state of Illinois.

# TRADE PROSPECTS.

#### Now That the Agony Is Over the Business World Is Relieved.

REPEAL COMES RATHER

Congress Should Have Met Last Spring, the Agencies Say.

SOME LINES STILL CONTINUE WEAK.

No Use to Cry Over the Failures Which Have Occurred-Collections Are Improving in the Cotton States.

New York, November 3.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: The repeal of the silver purchase act does good already. The business world in every part of the country reckons it helpful, and the tone of the trade is more confident. It s hardly the time as yet for the effects to be felt to any great extent in manufactures, but bankers are more liberal in accommodations and merchants more hopeful in purchases. It is well to remember that the act will do less good than if it had beer passed early in the spring, or without delay after congress assembled. It cannot now prevent the several thousand failures which have already occurred nor relieve the creditors from resulting embarrassments. It cannot now save from loss a multitude of cannot now save from loss a multitude of manufacturing establishments which have closed because the future seemed uncertain. It will go far to restore business confidences, which was much needed, but many may expect from the measure larger results than can at this late day be realized. The action of congress had less visible influence upon speculative markets for products in part, because foreign markets obstinately refused to accept the higher valuations which speculators here tried to establish. The people across the water award unstinted praises to those who secured the repeal bill, and there it not much disposition to pay higher prices on that accured the repeal bill, and there it not much disposition to pay higher prices on that account. In view of the great abundance of money at speculative centers, the weakness of the market is more significant. Industries could not be expected to make any material gain as yet, in consequence of no financial conditions, but the demand for textile products has to some extent improved.

Failures for the week, 238 in the United States, against 238 last year, and twenty-eight in Canada, against thirty-one last year. Only five concerns failed with hia-bilities exceeding \$100,000 each. The aggregated flabilities for the week ending October 26th, was larger than of late, amounting to \$7,400,000, against \$5,800,000 for

What Bradstreet's Will Say. Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Tele

ant business centers are that som reeparative are rejected in growth of continuous tindence of in what in the outlook.

But it should not be disguised that the repeal is too late to have an effect on full trade. The earliest reported effect of repeal is seen in the improvement in the demand for commercial maner at New York

mand for commercial paper at New York and some other centers. The only improve-ment in demand for general merchandise this week is slight at Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin cities.

In the cotton-growing districts of the south collections are improved. The like is true through Illinois, Missouri and Nebraska grain-growing sections, but the country people are economizing rigidly, and woolen industry shows no signs of an early

woolen industry shows no signs of all early change. The cotton manufacturing industry is relatively better situated. There is evidence, too, of more activity in shoes, brown cottons, tobacco and anthracite coal. The northwestern lumber cut will be short this winter, but lumber now is generally quiet. Clothing has had a disappointing fail demand, and tanners are waiting for shoe manufacturers to buy stocks of leather. Contrasted with October last year, the decline is 27 per cent, and with two preceding Octobers the falling off is still heavier. For ten months clearings, aggregated \$45.744.364,000, or 9 per cent less than in the ten months of 1892. Wheat is off again on heavy supplies, the total available supply in the United States and Canada, in and afloat for Europe, being 172, \$25,000 bushels, the heaviest November 1st total on record.

The cotton manufacturing indu

#### WEEKLY COTTON REPORT. The Two Million Mark Reached This Week.

WEEKLY COTION REPORT.

The Two Million Mark Reached This Week.
Movement of Cotton.

New Orleans, La., November 3.—Secretary Hoster's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement issued before the close of business today shows an excess for the week in the amount brought into sight of 4,098 bales over the seven days ending November 3d last year and a falling off from the same, days in 1891 of 39,771. Most of the increase for the week over last year was during the first four days, the movement for the past three days, from the 1st to November 3d inclusive, exceeding he same days last season only 1,381 bales.

A feature of the week has been the passing of the 2,000,000 mark. This was accomplished in the last crop, this week last year, but year before last over 2,000,000 bales were marketed fully two weeks earlier.

The total excess in the crop movement for the sixty-four days from September 1st to November 3d, inclusive, is 150,191 over the orresponding sixty-four days of last year, it a deficit is shown from the aggregate of yearliberfore last, for the same time, of 775,335.

The amount brought into sight during the week ending tonight is 485,376 bales against 230,278 for the corresponding seven days of last year, and 475,147 for the same time year before last, making the total for the first three days of November 164,884 against 164,503 and 225,345. The amount brought into sight since September 1st has reached 2,312,770 bales against 1,648,691 last year and 2,322,338 for the year before last; everland across she Mississiph, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 122,884 against 174,124 and 22,771 for the same time year before last; everland across she Mississiph, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 122,884 against 174,124 and 22,715 for the commercial year 239,844, against 147,129; southern mill takings the total takings of the commercial year 239,841, against 147,120; southern mill takings 154,084 against 244,096 last year, making the total takings of the week have been 227,190 ag

Burglars Make a Haul at Sylacauga and Get Away.

THE GIRLS ARE NOT ACCEPTING

Alabama's University Opens Its Doors, but They Do Not Enter,

WORKING UP A NEGRO EXODUS.

Birmingham and Montgomery Military Men Show Some Rivalry Over Positions to Be Filled.

Birmingham, Ala., November 3 .- (Special. The jury in the Walter Ellis arson case after having been locked up for thirty hours, brought in a verdict this afternoon of acquittal. Ellis was charged with having blown up the Alabama Great Southern freight depot two years ago for the purpose of covering up a shortage in his accounts. The evidence was purely circumstantial.

Will Be Paid Today. The mines at Blocton are still idle. They qualities at their best during the trying times of the civil war. will be paid off tomorrow, however, and are expected to return to work on Monday.

Jefferson's Teachers in Session. The Teachers' institute of Jefferson coun ty met at Grovehill, near Dolomite, this rning. The attendance is good. The session will last three days.

Caught in the Machinery. J. J. Laughlin, an employe in Brewster's paint works of this city, while at work last night, got his arm caught in the machinery and it was torn from his body. He was given prompt medical attention

and will recover.

Fire at Crossville. Cuppingham Gilreath, of Crossville, Ala. lost his residence, furniture and 200 bushels on seed in a fire yesterday.

Burglars at Sylacauga. ne last night burglars entered the of P. B. Fulmers at Sylacauga, a on the Columbus and Western railand ransacked the place. A valuable watch and \$250 in cash were taken, together with several other articles of value. Nothing was known of the robbery until this morning. A request was sent here by Sylacauga authorities for dogs with which to track the robbers.

Wants to Take Them Home. Ed Scales, an African agent of African parentage, has been traveling through Alabama for some months past in the interests of a scheme to move the colored population back to Africa. Scales is an ignorant fel-low but a great hustler and has set many an Alabama negro thinking hard. He gives them such a classification. them such a glowing account of the land of their ancestors that the only thing he leaves them pondering on is how to get money enough to get there. Many negroes in this state, it is said, have, in broken doses, paid to somebody almost enough money to pay their passage to Africa. It is rumored that an excursion of several hundred will leave very soon for the old country. Most of Scales's work has been done in the "black hills" of Alabama among the farm hands, but he has also put in some good licks here and in other north Alabama cities. He is said to be a smart fellow and an influstrous worker, and his converts place great faith in what he tells them. them such a glowing account of the land of

Alabama Military.

Alabama Military.

A November 3.—(Spe
- One officers of the equal regiment
of the Alabama state troops will be elected in the very near future. Colonel Louis
V. Cook, of this city, if he will accept a reelection, can easily get it. It is believed,
however, that he will decline the honor,
and if he does there will republish he however, that he will decline the honor, and if he does there will probably be a lively fight between Birmingham and Montgomery for the place. Birmingham is relying on Colonel Clark's accepting the nomination for they know that he will be elected without opposition if he does, and the headquarters of the regiment will remain here. Montgomery has two men who, it is said, would probably offer for the honor, in the event Clark declines to run. Charley Jones, brother of the governor, who is very prominent in military circles, is one of them, and the captain of the Montgomery Field Artillery is the other. Both are good men for the place and popular with the men. Who Birmingham's candidate will be in the event Clark declines to serve, is not known, but it will probably be Captain E. L. Higdon, of the Birmingham Riffes. Captain Higdon has probably done more for the military of Alabama than any other man. He received his military training in Atlanta, while a member of the Gate City Guards, a good many years ago. Henry B. Foster, of Tuskaloosa, will be re-elected major of the regiment if he wants it, but it is rumored that he contemplates removing to Oklahoma. He is one of the leading young lawyers and politicians in the state and it is sincerely hoped that the rumor of his proposed removal is untrue. Captain L. H. Walter, of the Warrior Guards, of Tuskaloosa, has recently removed to Hillsboro, Texas, where he has engaged in the mercantile business. For years he has been the handsomest and most popular officer in the regiment and the boys of his company actually cried when he left them. Mr. W. R. Foster was yesterday elected to fill the vacant captainey. he does there will probably

The Girls Do Not Come.

Birmingham, Ala., November 3 .- (Special.)—For several years the trustees of the University of Alabama, at Tuscaloosa, have been agitating the question of the admission from Indies to that institution. The university is a military college and the discipline is almost as rigid as that at the West Point academy. How young ladies could be admitted and not relax this excellent discipline was one problem that was discussed. That the girls would demoral-ize the boys by making them fail in love with them was another cause of argument. Both sides to the question had backers in different parts of the state and many a new paper editorial and many a communication dwelt on the great injustice done the wisdom-seeking girls of the state, who were clamoring to be admitted. Finally, last time at a meeting of the trustees the research. clamoring to be admitted. Finally, last June, at a meeting of the trustees, the resolution to admit the girls passed and a shout of exultation went up all over the state. The action of the trustees was advertised all over the south. All young ladies over eighteen years of age, who could pass a satisfactory examination, were to be taken in, and the co-education scheme was pronounced a success before it had been tried. It seems, however, that the trustees and the public did not consult the wishes of the parties most interested—the girls. Almost two months of the present session have passed and not a girl has knocked for ad-



mission. That they have no desire to en-ter is evident. And it appears that all the talk and energy were wasted.

Morgan in North Alabama

Jones vs. Morgan.

Mrs. General Rother Dead.

Tuscumbia, Ala., Octber 3.—(Special.)— Mrs. General John D. Rother, of this city

died at her residence, in this city, yesterday, after several weeks' illness. She was buried in the cemetery here this afternoon.

Mrs. Rether was one of the noblest women

HARNESS DEALERS ASSIGN.

It Is Said That They Were Shipping Goods Off Before the Failure.

Huntsville, Ala., November 3.-(Special.)

Michael & Loeser, wholesale and retail harness and saddlery and buggy dealers,

have failed and assigned to W. P. Hooper. The liabilities are estimated at \$10,000 to

\$15,000 and the assets at \$900. They

over both railroads for some weeks by the

It is reliably stated that the litigation

between the two land companies has been

A \$100,000 woolen mill is being seriously considered as the next factory to be estab-

A Local Question. Birmingham, Ala., November 3.—(Special.)— The Commercial Club, of this city, has re-

solved to circulate a petition to the ways

and means committee asking it not to low

the duty on iron and coal in the new tariff

COTTON SEED SHIPPERS.

They Call an Important Meeting for Macon

Next Week. Sandersville ,Ga., November 3 .- (Spe-

cial.)-A very interesting meeting was held

here yesterday by the cotton seed shippers along the line of the Central railroad. The meeting was attended by some of the lar-

gest shippers in the state. The object,

they state, was to discuss the serious predic ament in which cotton oil mills of Geor-

they state, was to discuss the serious predic ament in which cotton oil mils of Geor-gia have conserved to place them. It will be remerbered that last season the mills had no agreement or trust and competi-tion rea high, resulting in great and sub-stantial gain to the southern planters. It is now learned upon what appears undoubt-ed authority that the mills of Georgia some ments ago combined to fix the prices on eed, thereby saurting out competition.

eed, thereby shurting out competition. The shippers allege that the mills of this

state ofter only \$11 per ton, while the mills of Alabama and other states are paying \$16 to \$20 per ton, a difference of about 60 per cent. The matter was most thoroughly discussed at the meeting and after its adjournment. The Constitution correspondent had an interview with some of

spondent had an interview with some of the members of the meeting to learn what

the members of the meeting to learn what action had been taken.

"We want you," said they, "through the columns of The Constitution to request every seed shipper in Georgia to meet at the Brown house, Macon, on next Thursday, November 9th, at 10 o'clock a. m. "The meeting is called at Macon because it is centrally located and would therefore insure a larger aftendance than we could

MRS. SCOTT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

A Negro Attempted to Stop Her Horse, but Sha Got Away.

Augusta, Ga., October 3 .- (Special.)-

Mr. W. D. Connelly, former proprietor of the well-known Delmonico restaurant of

this city, after a brief illness with typhoid-

malarial fever, died at 3 o'clock this morn-

ing. His remains will be taken to Branch-ville, S. C., for interment. Mr. Connelly

Mrs. Scott, wife of a prominent citizen

of Aiken, S. C., while out driving with

her little daughter this afternoon, was at-

tacked by a negro who was hid in ambush-

The negro grabbed the reins of the horse,

but Mrs. Scott lashed the animal and urged him on until she was far ahead of her as-

him on until she was far anead of her as-sailant, who ran and tried to catch up with the team. Mrs. Scott informed her husbamd of her narrow escape and a party of men started at once in search of the negro. A suspicious darky was caught and carried to Aiken and jailed. There is

Little Elected Captain.

Columbus, Ga., November 3 .- (Special.)-

short but serious attack of pneumonia. He was thrown from his cart some days ago while going his rounds and was, on that account, confined to his room. During

while going his rounds account, confined to his room. During account, confined to his room. During the time he developed the case of pneumother facts of the case of pneumothers for fatal. He was

one of the best known men in Columbus and prominent in city politics. He had been on the police force for a number of years and made a most efficient officer. He was liked and respected by all the men under him

Columbus Guards Reorganized.

Lieutenant Dan Duncan, of the police force, died this morning about 8 o'clock after a

was thirty-five years old.

tion for divorce

amicably settled.

lished here.

en shipping goods to various points

of north Alabama and showed her

Oneonto, Ala., November 3.—(Special.)— The Blount County News-Dispatch says

Morgan in North Alabama.

Huntsville, Ala., November 3.—(Special.)
The Daily Mercury. of this city, Charles
P. Lowe, editor, says editorially:
If John Morgan does not truckle to the will
of the goldbugs and their journalistic hiredings and liars he must be vilified, standered
and cursed by them. Today John Morgan is
the democratic chletiain of the United States.
He is no hireling, is no pupper who makes grimaces and dances when the goldbug republicans pull the string. "Grand gloomy and
peculiar," he stands firm in his democracy,
the pedestal of American diberty, the highest
representative of the freedom and the rights
of our people. To say that Senator Morgan
does not represent the sentiment of the majority of democrats is to maligh virtue, to cast
down integrity and trample fidelity to principle in the dust.

Jones vs. Morgan. Stealing Horses.

TOM GLEASON PUTS THEM IN JAIL.

They Say They Started for Thunderbolt. When Caught They Were Going in the Opposite Direction.

Oneonto, Ala., November 3.—(Special.)—
The Blount County News-Dispatch says
editorially today:
It is an open secret in this portion of the
state that the astute Montgomery Advertiser
is grooming Governor Thomas G. Jones for
General John T. Morgan's seat in the United
States senate. We can inform The Advertiser and the governor that they find better
try something easy. John T. Morgan cannot
be beaten. He's the people's choice.

Mrs. General Rother Dead. when they did not return that night, Mr.

Gleason became anxious. Yesterday morning he started in pursuit held up about noon at the point of a shot-gun by D. J. Newton, of Halcyondale. Mr. Gleason brought them down tonight and placed them in jail here. They prethe road, but there seems to be little doubt that they went off with the intention of selling the horses and skipping the country. one of them being about twenty and the known here where they have lived for some The prisoners seem to be unaware of the character of their offense and were not at all uneasy about the results.

Accomplish Little. Washington, November 3 .- At 3 o'clock this cess of the fifty-first congress in 1890 caused cess of the fifty-first congress in 1890 caused a failure of the general deficiency bill and the bill providing for the payment of clerks and employes during the adjournment interval between the day and the convening of the regular session, December 4th, The senate was determined that this appropriation should be agreed to by the bouse, with the alternative of sacrificing the deficiency bill, and Sanator Cockrell, chairman of the appropria-Sanator Cockrell, chairman of the appropriation committee, sent word that not a dollar of the deficiency would be agreed to by the senate until the bouse accepted this amend-ment, which had been tacked on to the deficiency bill. The final adjournment resolution had been passed, and in this way the senate expected to force the house to yield.

The Texans Blocked Proceedings. To make assurance doubly sure, the senate applied the same amendment on the senate oill, providing pay for session employes and clerks to members during the recess and sent word that if their amendment was agreed to the deficiency bill would be released from conference, where it was being held as if in chancery by the senate. Inasmuch as every roll during the recess, they thought they held the whip-hand, but the plan was defeated by

it is centrally located and would therefore insure a larger aftendance than we could expect were the meeting to be held here. We confidently believe and hope that some plan of relief will be devised at the meeting for ourselves as well as the seed producers of the country. Those who find it impossible to attend the meeting are requested to send representation. Meanwhile all shippers are asked to hold their purchases or ship to mills outside of the state who are willing to pay the real value of the seed."

Few Members Attend the Last Day's Session

tators. Soon after the senate met Mr. Cockrell. from the committee on appropriations, re-ported favorably the house concurrent resolution, providing for the adjournment of congress at 3 o'clock today, and asked for its

session and should proceed in the transaction

to talk when it was known that quorums could not be kept in the senate and house for the transaction of business during the remainder of this month.

Mr. Call, of Florida, and Mr. Berry, of

some talk of lynching.

The application for alimony of Mrs. Glass, who is suing her husband, Dr. R. B. Glass, for divorce, was heard by Judge Roney in chambers today. The court allowed Mrs. Glass \$55 a month. Dr. Glass will not resist his wife's application for divorce. attempt of zeal to continue the session until

LIEUTENANT DUNCAN DEAD. Columbus Loses a Good Police Officer-John

Mr. Mills Disagreed. Mr. Mills said it was his mistortune to disagree with nearly everybody. He thought the business in the next session would be expedited by adjourning now.

Mr. Allen, populist, of Nebraska, expressed his preference to remaining here now rather than to prolong the next session. The populists, he said, were prepared for work. They were in congress to assist in the passage of a proper tariff bill and to aid in the enactment of legislation designed for the benefit of the

in the senate desired to adjourn. While he should vote for the resolution, he wished to say that if congress should now, before adjourning, announce to the country that it did not intend either to reneal the election law or the tariff law it would be doing a very good piece of work.

Mr. Blackburn, democrat, of Kentucky, favored the resolution and Mr. Peffer opposed it.

favored the resolution and Mr. Pener opposed it.

The concurrent resolution was then passed.

The house bill in aid of the world's fair
prize winners' exhibition, to be held in New
York citr. was then passed.

Mr. McPherson, democrat, of New Jersey,
offered the usual resolution—which was
agreed to-for a committee of two senators to
jola a similar committee of the house to wait
upon the president and inform him that
congress was ready to adjourn and to inquire
the head any further communication to make

Mr. Ransom, democrat, of North Carolina, and Mr. Cullom, republican, of Illinois, were appointed as the committee and then, at 1 o'clock, upon the motion of Mr. Butler, the senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

At 2:57 o'clock p. m. the senate opened its doors after the executive session, and Mr. Ransom, of the committee to wait upon the president, informed the senate that the president had no further communications to make, Vice President Stevenson Says Adian.

Vice President Stevenson Says Adien. The vice president then made his acknowledgement for the resolution of thanks and adjourned the senate in a few words. He said:
"Senators—My appreciation of the resolu-

personal to myself, kindly adopted by senate, cannot be measured by words, your courtesy and forbearance I am in-ed for whatever measure of success has debted for whatever measure attended my administration of this great office. The record of the first session of the fifty-third congress is made up; henceforth belongs to the domain of history. Earnest wishing each and all of you a safe and pleat wishing each and all of you a safe and pleat wishing the property of th now, in pursuance of the concurrent resolu-ion of the two houses, declare the senate adjourned, without day."

The garel was brought down sharply and the extraordinary session of the fifty-third congress had adjourned sine die.

WHAT THEY DID. The Actual Results Are Few, and Are Soon

Told. Washington, November 3.-The session of the senate will be fong memorable for the contest over the bill providing for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the silver purchasing act of 1890, known as the Sherman extraordinary session was called the purpose of accomplishing this repeat and the other work accomplished was merely incidental. That bill reached the senate after passing the house on the 28th of August, and was not passed by the senate unt the 30th of October. How, for these tw months, the senate contended over the issue involved, but at last brought the bill through and passed it by a safe majority, are all mat and passed it by a safe majority, are all mat-ters of record and are familiar to the public. The bill provides, in effect, for the cessation of the purchase and coinage of sliver, and may be said to mark a revolution in the financial history of the country. While the records show that it was the house bill which became a law, that is only technical, as the senate substituted a measure of its own, and the house accorned the substitute. The house accepted the substitute.

The bill of next greatest importance to the repeal bill which passed both houses of congress is the bill extending the time in which Chinese laborers can register under the Chinese act, known us the Geary law.

hinese laborers can register under these act, known as the Geary law.
Much interest attached to the bill profuse a bridge across the Hudson at New his bill passed both houses. for a bridge across the Hudson at New York. This bill passed both houses.

Of the 1,152 bills which have been introduced in the senate during the session which closed today, only twelve have passed that body, and of these only three have passed the house of representatives, received the prsident's signature and become laws. Of the three new laws, one is in aid of the midwinter international exposition, to be held in San Francisco, another grants certain settlers in Oklahoma territory the right to commute their homestead entries, and the third relates to clerks in the office of the commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Among the other bills which have passed the senate are as follows:

Granting to Catifornia 5 percentum of the top roceeds of the cash sales of public lands in that state.

To authorize the Chattanooga Western Railroad Company to construct a bridge across the Tomachase river near Chattanooga.

lands in that state.

To authorize the Chattanooga Western Raliroad Company to construct a bridge across the Tennessee river near Chattanooga. To grant the right of way to the Kansas, Okahoma Central and Southwestern Raliroad Company through the Indian territory and Oklahoma territory.

To aid the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Colorado, Wyoming and South Dakota to support schools of mines.

For the redef of W. H. Ward.

The senate has in addition to those bills of its own, passed fourteen house bills, the most important of these being house bill No. 1, for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. The other house bills passed by the senate relate to lands in the Sioux Indian reservation in Nebraska and South Dakota, to the United States courts in Idaho and Wyoming and South Dakota. to the New York and New Jersey bridge, to steam revenue cutters for the great lakes and for the New England coasts, to the annual work on unpatented mining claims, to the increase of officers of the army detailed at colleges, to the except the send other send other. England coasts, to the annual work on unpat-ented mining claims, to the increase of offi-cers of the army detailed at colleges, to the ex-tension of the Chinese exclusion act and other bills of a private character.

The senate also passed four joint resolutions which originated in the house. The only one of the senate joint resolutions of importance is the one which provides for the construction of a hall of records in Washington, which also passed the house. Of the bouse resolutions which passed the senate those worthy of note are:

passed the house. Of the monse resonates which passed the senate those worthy of note are:

That relating to the Mormon property in Sait Lake City, that providing for the publication of 50,000 additional copies of the compendium of the eleventh census, that for the removal of ocean dialects and the conferring of diplomas upon world's fair artisans through the board of lady managers.

It will be seen that the session of the senate has not done anything noteworthy, on account of the number of bills and resolutions which have passed that body. The total of senate bills and joint resolutions all told is only forty-two.

The senate will not be without material to work upon when it shall reconvene in December. The calendar issued today shows sixty-five bills and resolutions. These principally relate to private claims and there are also several relating at the finances, which had connection with the repeal bill and which are not now pertinent.

Possibly the most important bill upon the senate calendar how is that for the repeal of the federal election laws. A similar bill has passed the house. Senator Voorhees has a bill concerning national bank note circulation. Mr. Morgan's resolution for 2 joint committee of the two houses to consider questions of finance has a place on the calendar, as has Mr. Stewart's resolution concerning the coordinate branches of the government, and also Mr. Peffer's relating to Interstate commerce, Senator Palmer's bill concerning invalid pensions paid to non-residents is in shape for conordinate branches of the government and the Mr. Peffer's relating to interstate commerce. Senator Palmer's bill concerning invalid pensions paid to non-residents is in shape for consideration at any time.

There are on the table resolutions by Senators Hoar and Martin relative to the election of senators by the direct vote of the people, and there 's a resolution by Senator Cali dispensing with the naval service commission.

Resume of the House.

The chief bill that falled in the extra session of the house was that providing for the urgent deficiencies. The most important item of this measure was that which provided for the jamitors of public buildings throughout the the country. There was an item of \$200.00 to pay clerks to members, but that can be passed laier without causing any bindrance to public business like the first named appropriation.

tion.

The house joint resolution passed the house providing for a reduction of 50 per count of the duty on all goods sold at the world's falt, was amended so as to adapt duty-free sugoods as might be used for the Chicago mus unto be established in the art building of the world's falt grounds, but the 50 per cereduction for other goods was stricken eat. There had been introduced in the house, this session 4,330 bills and 87 joint resolution of this entire number 166 have been reported from committees, and 58 have passed thouse. Most of those which have 1,288 d.

There had been introduced in the lower at this session 4.300 bills and 87 joint resclutions of this entire number 166 have been reported from committees and 58 have passed the house. Most of those which have been passed are of local interest in the section where they apply and have been passed to meet-some necessity which existed. Some of these have become laws by favorable action in the senate and receiving the president's approval. Others are yet in committee or on the calendar of the senate.

Of those that have become laws, the act next in importance originating in the house after the silver purchase repeal, is the Chinese bill. This passed the house October 16th and the senate November 2d, A joint resolution passed donating an abandoned cannon to the Grand Army encampment, to be held at Pittsburg in 1894. An important joint resolution which became a law provides for an international agreement for the marking and removal of wrecks in the ocean. One of a number of joint resolutions passed tenders the acknowledgements of the United States to the foreign governments who participated in the world's fair at Chicago. Another restores to the Mormon church, in Urah, property that has been in the hands of the receiver since 1887, and fixes the qualification of voters on the Cherokee strip. Oklahoma. Another authorizes the state of Wiscons in to pface in the capitol a statute of Pere Marquette. Another authorizes the board of commissioners of Obickamanga National park to allow states and associations building monuments on the buttlefield to use materials to allow states and associations building monuments on the buttlefield to use materials

monuments on the battlefield to use materials in the park.

One of the acts passed extends the time for completing the work of the eleventh census until December 31, 1893, and authorizes the president to direct the work performed by the commissioner of labor. Another provided for certain urgent deficiencies, the coimage of subsidilary coins, to pay clerks to members of the house, and repairs to Ford's theater building in Washington. A joint resolution making former laws in Oktahoma relating to town sites applicable to Cherokee strip town sites was passed.

Soveral joint resolutions provided for the commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the capital building in Washington. A joint resolution provided for the payment of mileage of the senators and members, and another made available the appropriations of the last congress for the regular session and the extra session. An act was passed making the law repealing the timber culture laws applicable to a little strip of the Sioux reservation in Nebraska.

Rires' Brothers at the Fair.

Chicago, October 30, 1893—The Charles E. Hires Company, of Philadelphia, have been awarded the highest prize medal for root beer by the world's fair commission.

Yellow Jack Nails a Sailor at the Detention Station.

A CHINESE WAITER KILLED BY IT.

Brunswick Has a Doctor Who Says There Has Been No Yellow Fever There, Although His Patients Die.

Brunswick, Ga., November 3.-Twentyfour new cases of yellow fever were re-ported today, nine of which were whites,

W. W. Hall, Hattie Ogree, Eugene Cra mer, Ralph Braswell, J. H. Hickman, Frank Fonda, relapsed. Catharine Niles,

Lucy Niles and James Booth. Fourteen patients were discharged, five of them being whites.

No deaths were reported officially today.

One death, that of Jim Long, a Chinese waiter employed Chu Hall's Chinese restaurant, was not reported at all up to 6 clock tonight by Dr. Davis, the attending Dr. Davis has positively denied the ex-

istence of yellow fever in Brunswick, bu an autopsy by Surgeon Murray and all the local and visiting physicians held this afternoon, disclosed yellow fever with all the necompanying symptoms.

Back vomit was found in large quanti-

ties. The post-mortem was held at 3 o'clock, six hours after death.

The patient was a consumptive. Dr. Davis not being in the employ of the government and his actions during this epidemic being so peculiar, Surgeon Murray and the physicians are now satisfied that a large number of the patients he has reported as malaria, had genuine vellow fever.

Dr. Bowen, of The World, has been called home by his paper to assist in the work at that end of the line. His recep-tion here and the attention shown him was sincere and cordial. His treatment of Brunswick and her people was just and

of genuine yellow fever has developed at Camp Detention in the person of a sailor en route to another port. The rumor, while not officially confirmed, has been fully investigated and appears to be correct.

Jesup, Ga., November 3.—(Special.)—Two yellow fever patients were discharged teday and only two remain under treatment.

Scarlet Fever at Washington. Washington, Ga., November 3.-(Special.) The residence of Marshal I. T. Irvin has been quarantined against scarlet fever. His little boy, Willie, and daughter, Lula, are seriously sick. Many mothers are fleeing with their young ones.

SHOT HIS SISTER.

The Rifle Ball Entered Her Head, and She Is in a Critical Condition

Sandersville, Ga., November 3 .- (Special.)ohn M. Salter accidentally shot his sister, Miss Patsy, this afternoon with a Winchester rifle. The ball entered her head behind the right ear. She is dangerously wounded, but is resting well under the influence of opiates.

SHE SWALLOWED MATCHES.

Mrs. Teems Takes an Unusual Method to Kill Herself and Fails at It.

Adairsville, Ga., November 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. C. Teems, a prepossessing mother of an interesting family living five miles west of place, attempted suicide this morning by have died had not the attempt been discovered soon after she made it. She was jealous of a neighbor.

Wells and Springs Going Dry.

Adairsville, Ga., November 3.-(Special.)-The protracted dry weather is very unusual There has not been a good rain in two months. All the water courses are very low; some have gone dry. The wells and springs in the mountain districts are dry and many people are hauling water from three to five miles. Cattle and all stock are suffering from using stagnant water.

The wheat, oats and rye in Oothcalooga valley are dying. A lot of land is still unurned. The clouds today promised rain.

SOCIETY NOTES.

This morning, in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Mr. Edward C. Ma-honey, son of Mr. Michael Mahoney, and Miss Katie Connolly, daughter of the late Mr. John Connolly, will be married. The young couple will make their home in Macon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nusbaum, nee Miss Stern, of Lincoln, Ili., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Liebman, 385 South Pryor street, They will be at home to their friends Sun-

#### day afternoon and evening. November 5th. Sad and Gloomy

Weak and Dyspeptic

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Strength and Perfectly Cured.



Dr. J. R. White

thanks for the great benefits received from a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was weak, and it made me strong; I was a dyspeptic, and it cured me: I was sad and gloomy. though not least, it made me an ardent and

Hood's Barsa Cures working democrat. All who have taken Hood's

Sarsaparilla with my advice, report good re sults. I gladly recommend it to all sufferers J. R. White, M. D., Birmingham, Ala. N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sar-

instead. Insist upon HOOD'S. Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic

gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents. Try it. There is no bet-

ter Whisky on earth for price. Rose's Purity guaranteed absolutely pure. For sale only at 12 Marietta St.

## **USE POND'S EXTRACT**

PILES BURNS SORE **EYES** 

Have the early frosts or too late-a lin gering by the garden gate again aroused that RHEUMATISM so peacefully slumbering the summer long? Well, if it's very bad you must change your diet and perhaps take some distasteful drug BRUISES -the doctor will tell you what-but first SPRAINS rub thoroughly the part afflicted with WOUNDS POND'S EXTRACT, then wrap it warmly with flannel, and the rheumatism may wholly disappear. It will cer- THRCAT tainly be much relieved. Now that you Headache have the POND'S EXTRACT try it for any of the many things its buff wrapper mentions. It's a wonderful curative. POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., N. Y. SHAVING

CUTS Catarrh AFTER

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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregorie, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Caster Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Case toria is the Children's Panacea-the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

Castoria is an excellent medicine for chiliren. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood,

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria in stead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

Castoria.

H. A. ARCHES, M. D. 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. "Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria

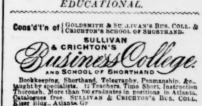
products, yet we are free to confess the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it." UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,

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The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.



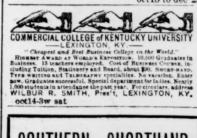
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TERMS CASH.

FOR RENT

Several nice rooms on second floor of Constitution building. Can be made into a saite of offices or changed to suit desirable tenant. Apply at Constitution business of-fice.

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6 30 am 5 05 pm Lv. Atlanta Ar 7 30 am 6 45 pm

10 05 ani 8 13 pm Lv... Athens... A\* 6 16 am 8 08 pm 11 13 am 9 11 pm Ar... Liberton... Lv 5 22 am 4 08 pm 12 15 pm 10 00 pm Ar Abbevilie Lv 4 27 am 3 09 pm 12 16 pm 10 25 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 4 02 am 2 41 pm 14 0 vm 11 12 pm Ar... Clinton... Lv 5 17 am 1 45 pm

| 6 15 am Ar Ralenge Lv 8 b pm | 7 39 am Ar Henders'n Lv 6 52 pm | 7 39 am Ar Henders'n Lv 6 52 pm | 9 00 an Ar Werdon Lv 5 38 pm | 11 07 am Ar Petersburg Lv 3 43 pm | 11 45 am Ar Richmond Lv 3 31 pm | 3 40 pm Ar Wash'gton Lv 10 57 am | 5 24 pm Ar Faltimore Lv 9 42 am | 7 49 pff Ar Faltimore Lv 12 15 am | 10 35 pm | 2r New York Lv 12 15 am 5 00am Ar. Charlotte Lv 10 00 pm 9 00am Ac Wilmingt'n Lv 5 00 pm Lv. Cliaton Ar
Ar Nowberry Lv
Ar Prospe ity Lv
Ar Columbia Lv
Ar. Sumter Lv
ArChar.eston Lv

|Ar Darlington La 17 00 am 20 pm Ar New York Lv 2 10 pm

6 00 pm Lv Pm'ta (w) Ac | 8 00 am 6 30 am Ar Wash'gton Lv | 7 00 pm Elberton Accommodation. Lv Atlanta Ar Ar Lawr'ne'v'e Lv Ar Jug Tavern Lv Ar Athens Lv Ar Fiberton Lv

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(b. Via Bay Line. (n. Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk R. R. (w. Via Norfolk and Washington teamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 127 solid vestion of Steamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 127 solid vestinut of trains with Pullman Suffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and Washington, and Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Washington and New York: sleeping car Hamlet and Wilmington. Trains Nos. 35 and 41 run solid between Atlanta and Columbic, S. C., With through coach for Charleston, S. C. Tickets union depot or at company's ticket office, No. 6 Kimball House.

O. V. SMITH,
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TO HONOLULA AND AUSTRALIA September 16-October 16-November 16.

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The Columbus Guards Reorganized.

The Columbus Guards have been thoroughly reorganized and John D. Little elected captain. This election was a fortunate one, as Captain Little is, perhaps, the most popular young man in Columbus and will enthuse into the company a new life. Many new members have already come in, and there are many more who will join. Talking Politics.

The all absorbing question and topic of conversation in Columbus is the mayor's race. Two of the best known citizens of the city are in the contest and the canvassing has become exceedingly interesting. Both candidates. Mr. J. J. Slade and Captain J. B. Tarver are good men.

The primary occurs on the 25th of this month.

BURNED TO DEATH.

The Negro Went Into the Building to Save Goods and Was Suffocated.

Eastman, Ga., Novemberg3.—(Special.)—
A small dwelling house at the sawmill of
the Williams Lumber Company, was destroyed by fire today. A negro named
Crawford Davis went into the building to
save something and was suffocated and

ON THE WRONG ROAD.

Two Youths Overhauled Charged with

Savannah, Ga., November 3.-(Special.)-Frank Armstrong and Steven H. Elkins, two Savannah young men who ran off on last Wednesday with two horses and saddles belonging to Thomas F. Gleason, a livery stable man, were caught today at Haleyondale, forty miles up the Central railroad. They hired the horses Wednesday ostensibly to go to Thunderbolt and

of them and soon found that they had gone up the road leading to Millen. He worked the wires well and today they were tended when questioned about the matter to have started for Thunderbolt and lost Both of them are young and almost boys, Their families are well

LAST HOURS OF THE EXTRA SESSION.

The Two Houses Get Into a Wrangle and afternoon the extraordinary session of the fifty-third congress, after being in session sixty-seven days and three hours, adjourned. A wrangle between the house and senate over an appropriation to pay the senate session employes for work done during the reserved to fifty first converse in 1800 cannot be senate session.

a filluster inaugurated by Mr. Hutchluson, of Texas. He was opposed to the original resolution to pay the employes of congress during the recess b.ll. He was easily outgenerated by the parliamentarians who opposed him. When the resolution came back

posed him. When the resolution came back to the house, however, with the senate amendment it was about 3 o'clock. Mr. Hutchinson saw that if he could hold the house at bay for the space of a few minutes the adjournment would give him victory.

The senate was immediately notified of the situation in the house and a resolution was hurrledly passed extending the time of adjournment to 4:30 o'clock, but the effort came too late.

Mr. Hutchinson, with Mr. Kilgore on his left hand and Boen, the Nebraska populist, on his right, held his position until 3 o'clock, when the house, by its own previous action, was declared by the speaker adjourned sine die.

die.
While the house adjourned at 3 o'clock to the second, the senate also adjourning by resolution simultaneously, did not in reality resolution simultaneously. the second, the senate also adjourning by resolution simultaneously, did not in reality adjourn until seven minutes later.

The appearance of the senate presented no unusual features this morning. The attendance was small, both of senators and spec-

present-consideration.

Mr. Coke, democrat, of Texas, spoke in opposition to the resolution. Congress should not adjourn, he sald, but should continue in

of public business.

Mr. Dolph, republican, of Oregon, opposed an adjournment at this time.

Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, for the reasons expressed by Mr. Coke, was opposed to adjournment. Mr. Cockrell said he heartily concurred in what his distinguished colleagues had said, but it was not worth while

Arkansas, thought it was the duty of con-gress to remain in session.

Mr. Gray, of Delaware, said it was an idle

people.

Mr. Culiom, republican, of Illinois, said that as a member of the committee on appropriations he had consented to the reporting of the adjournment resolution because he supposed it was a foregone conclusion that the majority in the senate desired to adjourn. While he should resolve the resolution has not been desired for the senate desired to adjourn.

Or you are all wom out, really good for nothing, it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, cleanse your liver, and give a good appetite.

## IT COULD NOT BUDGE

Georgia's Senate Imitates the Big One at Washington.

HOURS OF FILIBUSTERING.

However, Did Not Save the Cigarette Bill.

MR. HAM LOOKS OUT FOR THE TEACHERS

He Is Trying to Get the State to Pay Them More Promptly—Many Members Fail to Get Leave of Absence.

The legislature had its first dose of filibuster yesterday and the senate furnished

For two hours that body was tied up by motions to adojurn and motions to table sandwiched one after the other, twelve men holding the senate where it was absolutely powerless to transact business. And they might have held it in that shape until now, had they not determined that it was useless to keep up the fight.

After motions to adjourn and motions to table had been voted down several times, and it became clearly evident that the minority was filibustering, Mr. Wooten made the point on a motion to adjourn that it was not in order as no progress had been made by the senate since the motion to adjourn which preceded it. That motion to adjourn was followed by a motion to ta ble-the consideration of which Mr. Wooten claimed did not constitute progress, as intended by the senate rule.

President Clay decided against him. The president based his decision on one of Coloel W. A. Little's, when speaker, who held that the motion to table was business and that acting upon it was progress within the meaning of the rules of the legislat-

This decision means that nine men who. acting together, will demand the ayes and navs can by means of these two motions, tie up the senate at any time.

The Case in Point. It was the cigarette bill that furnished the reason for the fight and the filibustering was done by friends of the bill who thought snap judgment was being taken on them. After preliminary routine business the



A CHARACTER STUDY.

rigarette bill came up under a motion of Mr. Persons to disagree to the report of the

Mr. Humphreys moved that the bill be made a special order for Wednesday, the 15th. This motion was supported by him-self and Senator Charley Smith and was opposed by Senator Persons. Those who favored the motion claimed that certain members who were known to be friends of the bill, had left the city for home under the impression, if not absolute guarantee, that the bill would not come up today. Speaking for senatorial courtesy they asked

postporement.
The ayes and nays were called on this were Messrs. Blalock, Chambers, Corput, Daley, Edwards, Fleming, Humphreys, McAfee, Moore, Robbe, Sirmans, Smith of the nineteenth, Smith of the thirty-fourth. Wooten and Wright of the first. Those voting in the negative were Messrs. Crawford, Gholston, Hackett, Jenkins, Mat-thews, Persons, Pope, Reaves, Reese, Rembert, Robinson, Russell, Smith of the for ty-first, Wilson of the eleventh, Wilcox and Wright of the thirty-eighth.

Of those who voted in the affirmative Messrs. Robbe, Smith of the nineteenth and Wooten were known to be opposed to the bill and this afterwards developed it-

Then came up the motion of Mr. Persons to disagree with the report of the commit Mr. Humphreys made a short speech against it and ended by moving to table the bill and the amendment. On this the vote was—ayes, 14; nays, 17; Mr. Wooten

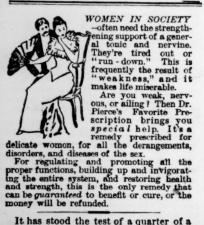
The Filibustering Again

Then the filibustering began by a motion of Mr. Corput to adjourn until Monday morning, at 11 o'clock. The call for the ayes and nays on this brought out the real senti-ment of the senate on the merits of the bill, twelve votes being cast for adjournment and nineteen against.

This motion was followed by one of Mr. Humphreys to table the bill, which was defeated by the same vote. That was fellowed by a motion to adjourn and then one to table alternately until twelve votes had been taken.

The vote was practically the same throughout until the eleventh, when Mr. Fleming announced that he was willing to postpone but did not believe in dallying along this way, and changed to the nega-

It looked as if this sort of thing would be kept up indefinitely. The opponents of the bill announced that they would con The opponents of tinue the session until the bill was disposed of. Some of the older members of the



It has stood the test of a quarter of a century of cures—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. That's why the proprietors take the risk; they say: "If we can't cure your Catarrh, we will pay you— \$500 in cash!" minority were inclined to weaken on this,

and a recess was asked for. Then came a short conference, during which the minority made a thorough canvass of the absentees and saw they could under no circumstance count on more than nineteen votes for the bill, four less than the required constitutional majority, so they decided to give up the fight.

The Minority Gives In.

After the recess, Mr. Smith, of the thirtyfourth, representing the friends of the bill, stated that they had done all that could be expected of them in order that courtesy be extended to the absent members; and having done what they believed to be their duty they withdrew the last motion. Upon a vote on the motion of Mr. Persons to disagree to the report of the committee the call for the ayes and nays showed that the friends of the bill

Messrs, Blalock, Chambers, Corput, Dalev. Edwards, Fleming, Humphreys, Mc-Afee, Moore, Sirmans, Smith of the thirtyfourth and Wright of the first.

Those who opposed the passage of the bill were:

Messrs. Crawford, Gholston, Hackett, Jenkins, Matthews, Persons, Pope, Reaves, Reese, Rembert, Robbe, Robinson, Russell, Smith of the nineteenth, Smith of the forty-first, Wilson of the eleventh, Wilcox, Wooten and Wright of the thirty-eighth. On this vote the motion to agree carried and exactly the same vote defeated the

When it came to a vote on its morits. Mr. Jenkins, in casting his vote, said that Mr. Hatcher had asked him to pair with him, but he found that, under the rules, he could not. He cast his vote, therefore, in the negative with his explanation.

bill was dead. Official information to that effect was immediately transmitted to the house, and the cruel war was over. Other Work of the Senate.

Mr. Wright, of the first, introduced a local bid, providing that persons in Effingham county, who raise their own grapes and make their own wine, be allowed to sell the wine in quantities of ten gallons or Mr. Daley introduced a bill, providing for the filing of abstracts of titles in certain

cases.

Mr. Robbe introduced a bill amending the

BUSINESS BEFORE THE HOUSE.

Representatives Make a Rush to Get Away, but Are Disappointed. There were quite a number of interesting

neasures before the house yesterday and several quite important ones.

Coming under both heads was the bill introduced by Colonel Ham for the issue of bonds to pay off the interest on the public debt maturing this year. The amount of bonds called for in the bill is \$380,000, and the measure is one that is doubtless destined to excite a good deal of discussion

Another notable bill was presented by Mr. Kimsey, of Clayton. Its provisions did not seem to be fully understood by many of the members. The purpose of the measure is to effect the release of convicts now in the state prison who have served a longer term of imprisonment than the new law revising the code now before the senate, allots for the crimes of which they were con-To illustrate, there are certain degrees of larceny formerly punished by twenty years imprisonment for which the w code fixes eight years as a maximum It is desired to have both laws go into ci feet as nearly together as possible, and Mr. Kimsey's bill, if passed, will release a great many fong-time convicts.

The bull of Mr. West, of Lowndes, to

secure uniformity in school books, and to appoint a school book commission is of importance and will be fiercely contested both ways. Its purpose is to adopt a regular ways. Its purpose is to adopt a regular system in textbooks used at schools, and do away with the frequent changes that have been the cause of much complaint in the

Mr. Moseley, of Cobb, introduced an interesting bill to make it a felony to, for revenge, threaten to destroy any gin or other property by burning. This is directed at the whitecaps, against whom some legislation but the control of the con tion has been already aimed, and is designed to effect the punishment of the authors of the skull and cross bones letters of

Everybody Wanted to Go.

But the most interesting incident of the day's session in the house was the manh it closed. A little\_after ne Speaker Atkinson called the attenti the members to the fact that while the vote, just taken showed only about 125 present there were at least fifty applications for leave of absence upon his desk. "I would leave of absence upon his desk. "I would

leave of absence upon his desk. "I would urge upon the members," he said; "to withdraw their applications except in cases where they are called to their homes by illness or providential causes."

Several members arose and began to explain the special causes that necessitated their absense, but they were ruled out of order and the regular business of the session proceeded with.

proceeded with.

It was very nearly 1 o'clock when the application for leaves of absence were taken up for action. The first twelve read all specified family illness or important business and received a grudging passage, not



MR. BRANCH ON THE FLOOR.

aore than half a dozen members voting at all. The thirteenth application was from Mr. Wilcox, of Coffee. No reason was assigned in it, it was merely a request for a few days' leave. When this application was put to a vote there was a feeble echo of noes and the speaker ruled that it was refused.

was put to a vote there was a feeble echo of noes and the speaker ruled that it was refused.

This brought several members to their feet, among them Mr. Harrison, of Quitman, who was recognized by the chair, and made a brief, but emphatic speech. A member, he said, was responsible to his constituency and if his excuse for absence was trivial, unnecessary and unconsequential they and not the house would mete out the punishment. At about this juncture Mr. Harrison happened to remark that he had in an application himself and the members were unkind enough to greet the announcement with a hearty laugh. Here Mr. Candler made a motion to adjourn to Monday next and while a general discussion of the proposition was in progress Mr. Hill, of Meriwether, brought matters to a sudden conclusion by calling the speaker's attention to the fact that the regular hour for adjournment had arrived. As a matter of fact it was exactly 1 o'clock. Speaker Atkinson g'anced at the clock and inquired of the clerk whether there was any provision for receiving applications for leave of absence after the regular hour.

"No, sir," he replied.

"The house then stands adjourned," said the speaker, tapping the desk with his gavel.

The members who had in leaves of ab-

sence not yet acted upon were considerably perturbed at this abrupt conclusion. A good many of them announced their intention of going anyhow. Others put as good a face as possible upon it and said that they would stay.

As matters now stand it is questionable whether there will be a quorum at roll call today.

New Bills.

The following new bills were introduced: By Mr. Ham of Hall—To authorize the issuing of \$380,000 in state bonds to pay off the interest and the public debt maturing

By Mr. Hopkins of McIntosh—To establish public schools in Darien.

By Mr. West of Lowndes—To establish a uniform system of school books and appointment of a book commissioner to that ad. By Mr. Moseley of Cobb-To make it

penal to threaten to injure property by burn-By Mr. Hill of Meriwether-To amend the w providing for the attestation of deeds By Mr. Camp of Douglas—To permit he

tel keepers to sell liquors to their regular

registered guests.
By Mr. Ferguson of Lee-To increase the

COL. HAM AND HIS FAVORITE PAGE salary of the governor to \$5,000 per an-By Mr. Candler of DeKalb-To authorize

udges of city courts to practice law in ther courts and extend their jurisdiction other courts and extend their January in certain cases.

Also, to amend the act to incorporate the town of Decatur.

By Mr. Davis of Heard—To change the time of holding the superior court of Heard

By Mr. Wilson of Camden-To amend the code relative to the punisment of adul

By Mr. Harrison of Quitman—To remit By Mr. Harrison of Quitman—To remit fines imposed on penitentiary lessees for escapes when the fugitives are rearrested without cost to the state.

By Mr. Hodges of Pibb—To establish notary public courts.

By Mr. Judson of Baker—To provide for the registration of voters in Baker county.

By Mr. Ashburn of Dodge—To exempt certain members of the Eastman Volunteers from jury duty.

jury duty. Mr. Perkins of Habersham—To probit carrying stock to the non-stock law section of Habersham county.

By Mr. McDonald of Gwinnett—To pro-

vide for public schools at Lawrenceville, Ga. By Mr. Camp of Dougas—To prescribe the time of residence of applicants for divorce, making the period at least twelve months.

By Mr. Morton of Clarke—To amend the charter of Athens.

By Mr. Aycock of Carroll—To limit the jurisdiction of the county court of Carroll.

By Mr. Doolan of Chatham—To amend

the law relative to the publication of legal notices and citations.

By Mr. Wilson of Ware—To amend the school law of Ware county.

By Mr. Lewis of Milton—To amend the ct fixing compensation of the sheriff of the

Also, to perfect the pension of Mrs. Sarah By Mr. Bacon of Bibb-To amend the ode providing for the recognition of foreign corporations by comity in this state. By Mr. Candler of DeKalb-To amend the act incorporating the Contractors' Association to change its name to the Georgia Association, and vest it with certain powers.

By Mr. McWhorter of Greene—To amend the code relative to citations by publica-

The Bond Committee

Speaker Atkinson reported to the house the following committee, to whom was re-ferred the "convention bond bill," under discussion the preceding day: Chairman—Mr. Candler, of DeKalb. First District—Mr. Guerard, of Chat-

Second District-Mr. Jones, of Dougherty.
Third District—Mr. Felton, of Macon.

Fourth District-Mr. Battle, of Mus ogee,
Sixth District—Mr. Allen, of Upson.
Seventh District—Mr. Neel, of Bartow.
Eighth District—Mr. Turner, of Putnam.
Ninth District—Mr. McDonald, of Gwin-

Tenth District—Mr. Little, of Jefferson. Eleventh District—Mr. Ashburn, of

Dodge.

This committee has ten days in which of the bonds and will report back on the

Pickett's Digest.

Pickett's Digest.

On motion yesterday a house committee of five was appointed to examine a new digest of all laws applicable to justices of the peace of justice courts, which has been prepared by Hon. Augustus G. Pickett, of Richmond county. It is proposed, if the report of the committee is favorable, that a number of these digests be purchased for the use of justices throughout the state. The committee is as follows: Martin, of Fulton, chairman; Osborne, of Chatham; Rankin, of Gordon; Wilson, of Ware, and Charters, of Lumpkin. of Lumpkin.

Standing Committees. The following reports were made by

standing committees The committee on education asked that the maker be allowed to withdraw bill No. 426 to establish public schools in Lawrence-

ville.

The committee on hygiene and sanitation reported adversely on the bill to create a yellow fever fund.

ate a yellow fever fund.

The committee on pensions recommended that the author of the bill placing Mrs. Sarah Sands on the pension list be allowed to withdraw the same.

The committee on railroads reported favorably upon the bill prescribing the dignity of certain liens in proceedings against railroads, and the bill for the relief of Alex Sausser.

It recommended that the following bills do not pass: The bill to require trains to stop at all stations of 200 inhabitants and also the bill to regulate the transmission of

telegrams.

The committee also recommended that permission be granted to withdraw the memorial from the colored people of Georgia addressed to the house.

The general judiciary committee reported favorably upon the following bills:
To make clerks of the superior courts eligible to be clerks of city and county courts.
To authorize the reprinting of the Georgia reports from volume 66 to 76.
To amend the charter of the city of At-

To provide for the issuing of writs of error in bail and trover cases.

To fix the time of residence of applicants The special judiciary committee recommended that the bill to regulate the municipal elections of Savannah be read a second time and recommitted. The following bills were recommended to

pass:
To organize a county court in Quitman.
To repeal the fish laws of Upson county.
To establish a public school system at An adverse report was made on the bill An adverse report was made on the bill to exempt farm produce from taxation. The committee on lunatic asylums recommended that the bill amending section 1349 of the code be passed.

A favorable report was made upon the bill changing the name of the lunatic asylum/

lum/
The committee on general agriculture re-ported favorably on the bill requiring deal-

ers in seeds to mark packages with the date grown.

The committee on corporations reported

ers in seeds to mark packages with the date grown.

The committee on corporations reported favorably upon the following bills:

To authorize the town of Waycross to issue \$25,000 in school bonus.

To incorporate the town of Patterson.

To amend the act incorporating the city of Atlanta.

provide a new charter for the town of The committee on finance reported favora-

The committee on finance reported favorably upon the bill to amend the tax law of 1893 so as not to apply to the agents of industrial life insurance companies.

The committee recommended that the bill to increase the salary of the judges of the superior court do not pass.

The committee on roads and bridges reported adversely upon the bill amending the general road laws.

The committee on county and county

committee on county and county reported favorably upon the foi-

matters reported invorably upon the following bills:

To provide for registration of voters in Irwin county.

To provide for the making of public roads in Coffee county.

To exempt the county of Irwin from the provisions of the act amending section 12 of the school law.

To authorize the town of Social Circle to issue school bonds.

To amend an act authorizing the building of courthouses in militia districts.

To amend the code so as to extend the time of firing woods. time of firing woods.

The committee recommended that the authors of the following bills be allowed

authors of the following bills be allowed to withdraw them.

To provide registration in Chattahoochee County.

To provide two weeks session of the superior court in Wilcox county.

Third Reading. The following bills were put on their third

By Mr. Johnson of Clinch-To repeal the By Mr. Johnson of Clinch—To repeal the net creating a board of roads and revenues for Clinch county. Upon a final vote being taken this bill was passed.

By Mr. Guerard of Chatham—Making Labor Day a legal holiday. With two sectional amendments the bill was put upon a final vote and passed.

By Mr. Kimsey of Clayton—To authorize the discharge of any convict who has served what is now the maximum punishment for the offense of which he was convicted. An amendment providing that the convict's

what is now the maximum punsiment for the offense of which he was convicted. An amendment providing that the convict's prison record must be good was recommended and adopted.

On request of Mr. Fleming Mr. Kimsey explained the character of the bill. In former days, he said, certain crimes were punished very much more severely than now and there are numerous convicts now serving sentences who have been imprisoned longer than the maximum punishment under the present code.

A general discussion of the bill followed, the principal opposition being that it would apply to the new law revising the code, as provided by the Hall bill now before the senate and thus release a very large number of convicts. When first put to the house a quorum did not vote. On request the bill was reread and Mr. Fleming offered an amendment that it apply to sentences fixed by the law in force January 1, 1893.

On motion the bill was recommitted.

1. 1893.
On motion the bill was recommitted.
By Mr. Martin of Fulton—To amend
the charter of East Point to authorize the
working of persons there convicted of offenses against the ordinances on the Ful-The bill to authorize the town of East Point to issue \$10,000 in school bonds, also by Mr. Martin, was read and upon vote

passed.

Bill No. 308 by Mr. Pearce was, on mo-

Bill No. 308 by Mr. Pearce was, on motion of the author, laid on the table.

The bill by Mr. McDonald, of Gwinnett, incorporating the town of Auburn was read, put to a vote and passed.

The bill by Mr. Waller, of Hancock, to amend the incorporation of the town of Sparta was read and duly passed.

The bill of Mr. Lewis, of Milton, to

The bill of Mr. L.wis, of Milton, to amend the road laws as applicable to Milton county was road and passed.

The bill by Mr. Cumming, of Richmond,



ING LEAVE OF ABSENCE-SPEAKER! MR. SPEAKER! ASKING

to incorporate the village of Summerville was put on third reading and passed. was put on third reading and passed.

The bill of Mr. Guerard, of Chatham, authorizing the city of Savannah to establish and maintain an electric light plant was read. Mr. Guerard briefly explained the purpose of his bill which was, he stated, entirely in the interest of economy. On vote the bill was passed.

Mr. Guerard's other hill to authorize

On vote the bill was passed.
Mr. Guerard's other bill to authorizethe city of Savannah to tax telegraph poles
was then read and passed.
The bill by Mr. Osborne, of Chatham,
to amend the act providing for the appointment of inspectors of oil and regulating
their duties and commensation. was never

ment of inspectors of oil and regularing their duties and compensation, was next taken up. Mr. Osborne explained that the purpose of his bill was to make the remuneration of oil inspectors proportionate to the labor performed.

As the law now stands, the inspector retains a certain portion of the fees until his salary reaches \$1,500, after which he was no further compensation.

his salary reaches \$1,500, after which he gets no further compensation.

Mr. Osborne's measure provides that after the salary reaches \$1,500, the inspectors retain 10 per cent of the fees to pay the expense of deputy and stenciling.

Mr. Tatum, of Dade, amended that 5 per cent be substituted. This amendment was adouted but the hill when put to yote.

vas adopted, but the bill when put to vote was lost.
The bill of Mr. Roddenbery, of Thomas to amend the act incorporating the town of Boston so as to provide for a mayor and board of addermen, was read and on vote

duly passed.

The bill of Mr. Gray, of Catoosa, to fix the bond of the sheriff of Catoosa county at \$5,000 was read and some discussion followed as to the legal right of the general assembly to pass the bill. When put to vote it was carried unanimously

it was carried unanimously.

The bill by Mr. Hopkins, of McIntosh, to regulate the selection of county commis ers in McIntosh county was read and passed.

The bill to provide for the establishment of a state naval militia, by Mr. Mershon, of Glynn, was read and on motion of Mr. Doolan, of Chatham, was temporarily tabled on account of the sickness of its

Special Committees.

The committee to visit the university of the state reported that the visit had been paid, as required by law, and the institution found in admirable condition as far as the funds strailable would permit. Several recommendations were made, among them that there be some provision for establishing a chair in astronomy and to erect an observatory. The furniture in the lecture rooms was reported as worn and shabby, and an appropriation for refurnishing urged. The special committee to whom was referred certain portions of the treasurer's report requested further time.

Dr. Boggs's Lecture. House resolution, No. 84, relative to th House resolution, No. 84, relative to the joint session for the purpose of listening to the address of Dr. Boggs, chancellor of the State university, was taken from the table and the senate amendment fixing the time at So'clock v. m., next Wednesday, was discussed. This was amended by Mr. Fleming to make the hour at noon and thus passed and returned to the senate. passed and returned to the senate.

It is almost universally conceded that the most important question before the present general assembly is some legislation looking to the quarterly payment of the teachers

in the public schools. At the last session of the assembly Colonel Ham, of Hall, introduced two bills, one to fund the interest on the public debt for six months of the present year so as to allow the money to go to the payment of the teachers, and the other providing the machinery for its distribution.

the other providing the machinery for its distribution.

The funding bill passed the house, but when it reached the senate a question of its constitutionality was raised, the point being that as the constitution provided that the bonded debt of the state should never be increased, the bonds could not be issued. The friends of the measure pointed but that at the time of the adontion of the out that at the time of the adoption of the constitution the bonded debt was in round constitution the bonded debt was in round figures \$10,000,000, which has now been reduced to the neighborhood of \$8,000,000, and hence, even if these bonds were issued we would still be far below the limit fixed by the constitution. However, the bill failed of passage in the senate and the teachers still go unpaid.

Yesterday a new bill was introduced in the house by Colonel Ham looking to the same end, and when asked about it he said?

said! "The difference between the house and

"The difference between the house and senate last year was an honest one, turning entirely upon the constitutionality of the bill. I have found that in thinking over the meature some of the senators have modified their views. The friends of the measure have been actively engaged in some effort to bring the friends and opponents of the bill together. The committees on education and finance of the house appointed subcommittees and invited the appointed subcommittees and invited the like committees of the senate to appoint like committees of the senate to appoint subcommittees, all the subcommittees to meet together and consider the question. "The committee made up of the subcommittees, consisting of Messirs. Blalock, Roibe, Wilcox, Wilson, of the thirteenth, and Smith, of the fifteenth, of the senate, and Messirs. Candler, Bennett, Fleming, Hendon, Howard and myself, of the house, met yesterday afternoon. Senator Robbe was made chairman of the joint committee.

"After a full and free discussion of the After a full and free discussion of the question it was the sense of the committee that the funding of the interest on the public debt was the only practical way to get the money, but the house members of the committee were averse to doing mything which would seem in the nature of a criticism of the former action of the senate by sending to them again, a measure

a criticism of the former action of the senate by sending to them again a measure which they had disapproved, unless it could be made clear that it was not so intended or that the senators themselves were willing to again consider it.

"It was further suggested that as the adverse action was taken wholly on the constitutional question, that the opponents of the measure would in all probability be willing to allow the bill to pass with the understanding that an injunction should at once be brought to restrain the treasurer

at once be brought to restrain the treasurer from issuing the bonds and let the question be passed upon by the courts."

"And so you have introduced the bill?"

"Yes, as the senators were sure that no one would misunderstand it as a reflection. tion on the former action of the senate and no attempt to coerce them, in order to save time. I have intro-duced the bill today so it could be referred to the finance committee and take its way toward the senate. In the meantime the senators will have the matter un-der consideration and will, we are sure, be prepared to meet the question in a fair and generous spirit when it comes before

them."
"There will be no trouble in the house?"
"No, I think not. It passed before by a large majority, and a year at home amount their people has but intensified the convictions of members and they came back fortified with the approval of their constituents. I have high hope that at last we will remedy the injustice so long done the hard-worked and poorly-paid teachers of our state."

At Their Perh. Those members who absent themselves without leave of absence today will do so at the peril of their pay. The statute on the subject, section 190, says: "If any member is detained by sickness after leavmember is detained by sickness after leaving home in coming to, or is unable to attend the house after he has arrived at the seat of government, he is entitled to the same daily pay as an attending member, but no member shall receive pay for absent time, unless on account of sickness of himself or family, or by express leave of the house of which he is a member."

#### CHRISTIAN WORKERS MEET.

They Make Their Final Arrangements for th Big Convention Next Week. The last meeting of the Christian Workers of the city, prior to the coming of the big

convention next week, was held in the par-

lors of the Young Men's Christian Association last night.

Governor W. J. Northen, the chairman of

tion last night.

Governor W. J. Northen, the chairman of the local committee, was present and presided over the meeting. Several additional homes were added to the list of those already named and ample accommodat.ons, it is thought, have now been provided for the convention, which meets in Atlanta next Thursday morning.

After the formal work of the meeting was over the discussion took an appreciative turn, and the question was raised as to how the influence of the convention could be best utilized for the good of the state and the community. Governor Northen suggested that something ought to be done in the matter, and in this connection mentioned that he had recommended to the general assembly the establishment of a reformatory school.

It was necessary, he thought, to have an institution of this kind in order to protect the morals of the young offenders and to save the unforumate youths of the state. These schools all over the country had been instrumental in the saving of vast multitudes of boys, in bringing about a complete and permanent reformation.

It was announced by Mr. Barclay that one or two addresses would be made on this line by men who had been identified with such work in the prisons of New York and other parts of the country.

Among the interesting addresses before the convention, of local interest, will be one by Rev. V. C. Norcross, of this city, who will discuss the question of Christian work in the south. The wide experience and ability of this Christian man will cause a number to look forward to the address with pleasant anticipation.

COURTHOUSE CULLINGS.

It has been stated that the trial of Georg It has been stated that the trial of George Pat Meehan would occur on next Monday, but such is not the status of the docket. The case of George Roberts, the partner of Buck O'Shields, will be called next Monday, while that of Meehan will be taken up later.

The trial of Jack McElroy and Lucile Jeter was the order of Judge Clark's court yesterday. The jury found McElroy guilty and the woman not guilty. She was returned to jail, however, to answer another charge in the city criminal court.

Mortgages were filed yesterday from W. H Dickert to D. M. Dickert \$40; Schuyler & Co., \$111.59; and Watts & Huff to Neal Loar and Banking Company, \$1,382.07.

William Grant filed a suit for divorce yes terday against Sarah Grant. William alleger that Sarah mistreated him and he is willing to have his petition acted on favorably. W. O. JONES'S FINE STABLES.

Located at 41 South Forsyth Street. For first-class livery of every description go to W. O. Jones. The finest horses and most stylish vehicles. Everything new. Best stables in the south for boarding horses. Special terms. Wedding and funeral calls a specialty.

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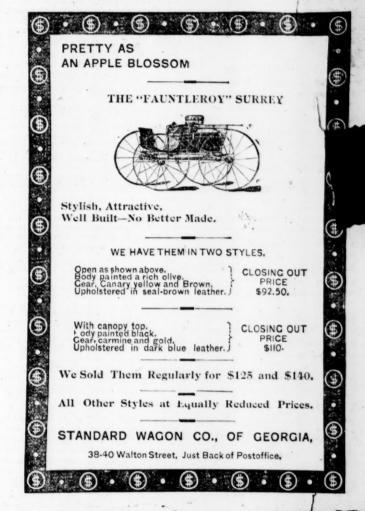
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LOANS made at 6, 7 and 8 per cent, 1 to 5 years. R. H. Jones, 45 Marietia st. nv3 Im WE ARE prepared to negotiate loans on central and improved residence property. Apply in person. Weyman & Connors, 5:11 Equitable building. oct15-1m

WE BUY notes, loan money on good collateral and negotiate loans at No. 42 South Pryor st. oct11 to jan1

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\$1.200 WILL BUY a well-established manufacturing business that is now doing a large and profitable business. Expense of operating very smalt. This is a chance of a life time. Reasons for selling bad health. Terms reasonable. Address "Coursey," Constitution of fice.

WANTED-Agents.

WE HAVE AGENTS making \$30 per day taking advertisements from the leading firms for our Electric Gust Call, which is put in hotels free. No experience needed. Any agent can make big money, For full particulars enclose stamp. The Electric Guest Call Company, Frank O. Smith & Co., sole agents, LaCrosse, Wis. sept29-13t sat AGENTS WANTED—For a quick selling patented invention just being put on the market. Sold only through agents. Good profits and a clear field. Sample by mail, 25 cents. The Ohio Novefty Company, D. 2, Cincianati, Ohio.

PERSONAL

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall St. MARRIED LADIES, for absolute safety and health use the Gem. New Invention, Send th use the Gem. New Invention. Ladies' Novelty Company, Kansas sep 1-1v. WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee Niagara Falls forty miles away. july16-1y

LOST-A prayer book, on Forest ave, or Courdand street, on last Sunday morning, with name Miss Margaret Walsh, October 20, 1892, on outside cover; return to Stewart & Bowden, 20 W. Alabama st. and get reward, nov3 3t.

Purity Rye, Table and Cooking Wines, Brandies, etc. The R. M. Rose Co., 12 Marietta St.

MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER, Steady employment, experience unnecessary, \$75 and ary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, 840 Van Buren, Chicago. ang, 13—6m.

WANTED—Two experienced white chamber-maids for hotel work. Apply between 2 and 4 p. m. Hotel Aragon. nov3 3t

HELP WANTED-Female.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male WANTED A position by a man of good executive ability, well posted in general rules of business, correspondence, credits, books and accounts, banking, etc. Able to manuface and direct any commercial or manufacturing business. Reference of the highest trade. Address Commercial, care general deserve best discounts and the contract of t

very, postoffice, city. oct 31-3t tues thur sat.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female. WANTED-I want a place as a cook. I ave been chief cook at Dr. U. O. Robertson's antiarium for two years. I refer you to him s to hy ability. Call on or address Sam ohnson, 22 Read, city.

WANTED Employment as stenographer by young lady, reference, Rev. E. W. Warren, D.D., Micon, Ga. Address K., Macon, Ga.

FOR EXCHANGE. FOR EXCHANGE—Atlanta suburban acre-age properly for a plantation in northern Ala-bama, Georgia or Carolina, Piedmont region. Addres Leek box 374, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-Ro ROOMS WANTER mall, one furnished, rinting office. 11 1-

ROOL FOR RENT-Several alce floor of Covstitution building into a suite of offices or chang able tenant. Apply at Consti

FOR SALE-Miscella

FOR SALE—A full line of Her Marvin Company's fire and burge safes, vault doors, depository bore some second-hand safes taken in ex-Phone 724. Call or address B. F. Sn West Alabama street, Atlants, Ga.

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WANTED-Boarders BOARDERS WANTED—Several young can get good board at very reasonable t close in, at 27-Luckle st.; good neighborh nov3 7t

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WANTED-Miscellane

WANTED—To buy a good thurch bell. G. B. Adair, being street.

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ATLANTA, GA., November 4, 1893.

#### What Shall Be the Test? General Wade Hampton's recent letter

to The Columbia State, outlining his views in regard to the organization of national democratic clubs in South s presumably intended to Irby and his followers out cratic party, but it is more

hat it will add to the complihe situation. rby, the chairman of the state committee, is quoted as hav-

the silver debate that if unal repeal prevailed he and his lliance brethren would refuse to follow democratic leadership in future. The State Farmers' Alliance has also declared that all candidates in the democratic primaries, next year, must pledge themselves to support the Ocala platform, if

they expect to receive alliance votes. In order to deal vigorously with these exceptional conditions in South Carolina, General Hampton suggests this plan of

My own judgment is clear that the time has come when the line should be drawn between those who stand on the Ocala platform and those who stand on that of the national democy. No man who upholds the former can im properly to be a democrat, and unless our people choose to support the fallacies of the Ocala adherents or to be led into the populist party, the true democrats of the state should organize to maintain the principles of the democratic party as set torth in the Chi-cago platform. If my democratic fellow citi-zens agree with me that this is the true pol-icy to be adopted, I shall at once proceed to organize national democratic clubs throughout al democratic clubs throughou the state, and I shall exert my utmost efforts

nany thing considered in a step of this kind. goes without saying that General Hampton is not trying to read Senator Gordon out of the democratic party, and yet that would be the result of the application of his test, because Senator Gordon, it will be recollected, joined the alliance and accepted the Ocala platform.

ere is properly belongs, in

General Hampton appeals to true dem ocrats to "maintain the principles of the democratic party as set forth in the Chicago platform." But opinions differ as to what those principles really are. en doctors disagree who shall de What shall be the conclusive test of democracy? Did the majority of the democrats in both houses of congress who voted for the Bland-Allison act as a substitute for the Wilson bill maintain the principles of the Chicago platform, or did those who voted for unconditional repeal occupy that position? When we consider the state bank and tariff planks we find still further differences of opinion. Shall we get together and endeavor to harmonize these differences or shall each faction in the party organize, prescribe a test and then proceed to read out of the organization all democrats who entertain different

This is a serious matter. We believe that the disruption of the democracy would be a national calamity, and that disruption must be averted even if great ifices and encessions have to be

> f alliancemen like out they would be asures of financial Chicago platform. tand on it with the te for the men who piedges. Shall we say n are not democrats, and to the third party?

with General Hampton that ats are those who maintain riples of the Chicago platform, e do not propose to expel from the our old comrades whose construcof certain planks does not agree with Democrats have many times in e past adjusted their differences inside f the party and they can do it again. The thing to do is to stop questioning the democracy of our neighbors, and get gether and pull together for victory, cannot afford to have any more facval strife. A house divided against cannot stand.

Wilson, chairman of the ways and committee, in resisting the efforts republicans, led by Tom Reed, to against the resolution permitommittee to sit during the adat, gave notice of the purpose of cratic party to push the matter form with all possible speed. y of note that Chairman to the proposed measure to Mr. iff bill.'

evenue

ment of congress, so that, when the body meets in December the party "may enter apon the duty committed to it by the

American people."

This is genuine platform talk. Tariff reform is a vague, an unmeaning term. Merely to reform the tariff is to leave in it the insidious elements of protection for the sake of protection. Chairman Wilson is correct when he refuses to call the proposed democratic measure a tariff bill. It is essentially a revenue bill. One may search in vain in the plank of the democratic platform that deals with the tariff for any allusion to "tariff reform." There is no command to simply "reform" the tariff. But there is a command, made obligatory by the endorseent of the people to wipe out of the tariff the unconstitutional element, and to levy taxes on imports solely for the purposes of revenue. The platform denounces proection as unconstitutional, and denounce es the McKinley law as "the culminating atrocity of class legislation." It declares that the policy of protection, as It has been developed in republican legislation, "fosters no industry so much as it does that of the sheriff."

We take Chairman Wilson's announcement to mean that the democratic tariff policy is to be that of the platform, and not that of such eastern trimmers as The New York Times, which recently declared that Mr. Cleveland had kicked out the tariff plank before he took his stand on the platform as the nominee of the party. The truth is, Mr. Cleveland stands squarely on the platform, and he has a united party behind him. In his letter of acceptance, dated the 26th of September, 1892, he made this ringing declara-

The dogma is now boldly presented that tariff taxation is justifiable for the express purpose and intent of thereby promoting especial interests and enterprises.

Such a proposition is so clearly contrary to the spirit of corrections and so directly

the spirit of our constitution, and so directly encourages the disturbance, by selfishness and greed, of patriotic sentiment, that its state-ment would rudely shock our people, if they had not afready been ins diously allured from the safe landmarks of principle. Never have honest desire for national growth, patriotic devotion to country and sincere regard for those who toil been so betrayed to the suport of a pernicious doctrine. In its behalf, he plea that our infant industries should be ed did service until discredited by our stalwart growth: then followed the exigen standart growth; then followed the exigencies of a terrible war, which made our people heedless of the opportunities for ulterior schemes 
afforded by their willing and patriotic payment of unprecedented tribute; and now, aftier a long period of peace, when our overburlened countrymen ask for relief and a restoration to a fullow only most of their incomes on to a fuller enjoyment of their income and earnings, they are met by the claim that ariff taxation for the sake of protection is an American system, the continuance of is necessary in order that high wages n paid to our workingmen and a home n be provided for our farm products. These pretenses should no longer deceive.

The truth is that such a system is directly agonized by every sentiment of justice and fairness of which Americans are pre-eminently There never was a more straightfor ward utterance on any subject. It par-

allels the platform in every sentence The democratic party is, therefore, not engaged in the impossible work of reforming a republican tariff. It is pre paring an epoch-making revenue bill which will relieve the people of the country of the burdens of taxation levied for the benefit of millionaire manufac turers.

#### A Great Newspaper's Work.

Some of our contemporaries are discus sing the newspaper influences on the side of unconditional repeal, and they almost unanimously agree in giving The New York Herald the leading position.

While we differed with The Herald we can say for it that it conducted the anti-silver fight with signal ability, and its aggressive methods undoubtedly contributed more than any other journalistic affuence to secure the victory of the re

The Herald is a power, and when it takes a stand it makes itself felt.

#### Banish Depression!

The day following the adoption of the repeal bill by the senate was marked by a remarkable slump in stocks. The day after the repeal measure became a law, there was another decline in values in Wall street. The fact that tois result has followed the clamerous demand for repeal that issued forth from the enter of speculation has set people to thinking. We have received several letters on the subject, in which our correspondents appear to draw deductions that are not warranted.

It is too early to draw deductions, and too late in the day to make gloomy pre dictions. We know very well the character of the claims that have been made by the Wall street speculators who have betrayed an extreme anxiety to bring about the enactment of the repeal bill into a law. Our people are familiar with these claims. They have been dinned into the ears of the public by the Wall street elements for many months. The campaign has been so clamorous and the claims of the speculators were put forward with such an air of extreme confidence, that the plain and comnon sense business men of the country were impressed, and became anxious for the enactment of a measure that gave such promises of prompt and speedy re-

We call attention to the failure of Wall street to realize the expectations it had published to the world, not for the purose of emphasizing the fact, but for the purpose of discounting the impression it has produced on the minds of those who take a too serious view of the importance of speculation. It is to be borne in mind that Wall street does not carry on business for the benefit of the country at large. It is composed of conglomeration of individuals some of them good men and others bad menwho go into speculation solely for the money there is in it. There is nothing especially ennobling or patriotic in the business of money getting in Wall street, and the compétition-the struggle-the scramble-is so furious and unrelenting that all that is mean and selfish in man is brought to the surface. This is natural and inevitable. It could not be

This being the case, we do not think is wise for the people, or even for those who have been influenced in their views by the powerful clamors and sweet promises of Wall street, to permit themselves to be depressed by the fact that the course of the stock market has been precisely contrary to their expectations. There are elements in speculation that result in combinations and influences enirely unforseen and unexpected, and the stock market ever has been and always will be more sensitive to these momentary developments than to the dis

position or desire of the people at large Those who realize this fact will not be surprised that the speculative market, instead of responding to the promies made in behalf of unconditional repeal, should have developed a remarkable weakness-a weakness precisely in accord with the predictions of those who

favored substitute legislation. The point we desire to make-and it is one worthy of consideration-is that the stock market in Wall street, being wholly under the control of speculative influences, is not immediately, but only remotely, subject to influences likely to result from such legislation as that which involved the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. No matter what the tendency of repeal may be, there are influences in Wall street that are able, when they enter into even a momentary and an accidental combination, to send the prices of stocks up or to cause the whole list to collapse.

We are of the opinion, in fine, that those who gauge business prosperity or depression by the wild capers of a speculative market will deceive themselves. No doubt the averages of five or ten year periods in Wall street would serve as a reasonably accurate measure, but the calculations would have to be made and the average struck by some statisti-

cal expert. The people have the elements of prosperity within themselves. It has been suggested by more than one writer that panies and business depression are the results of the imagination-just as some ridiculously insignificant incident will stampede an army. When all agree that there is a lack of confidence then there is no more confidence. On the other hand, when all agree that there is confidence, then there is confidence

enough and to spare. We commend this idea to the people who shake their head at the fall on the stock boards of Wall street. We have had a period of gloom lasting several months. It is now time to be gay. Good humor has qualities that are contagious, and hopefulness is easily developed into a habit. If the people will be hopeful that good times are close at hand, good times are bound to come. One law, more or less, ought not to make a very serieus impression on the vast business interests of this country. It is an easy matter for a man to make himself seriously ill, by thinking he is ill. Our business men can cure the depression which they and the country have been the victims of by coming to the conclusion that it is time for the depression to come to an end. When even a small majority make up their minds to this effect, tight times will be at once unconditionally repealed.

#### For Ballot Reform.

The Australian ballot bill introduced by Representative Doolan, of Chatham, is it now stands would apply only to the counties having cities with a population of 40,000 or over. Fulton and Chatham would, therefore, be the only counties affected by the measure.

Our readers understand the general nature of the Australian ballot system: Its main object is to secure fair and free elections by protecting voters against the influences of bribery and intimidation. The most advanced states of the union in education, prosperity and civilization have adopted this system and hey are well pleased with it.

The pending bill is admirable as far as it goes, but we do not like the singular spectacle of a special law providing for fair elections in only two counties of this great state. The bill should be amended so as to make its provisions cover every county. Let it be made a general state law, so that its benefits will be enjoyed by all, instead of being restricted to a few

favored counties If the Australian ballot system would be a good thing in Fulton and Chatham it would be just as beneficial to the people of the counties having a population of only a few thousand. It cannot be seriously opposed anywhere, because fair elections are generally desired, and no candidate or voter need fear a law which secures them.

We know nothing and care little about the details of the bill, provided it is so amended as to accomplish its object in the shape of a general state law. For tunately, there seems to be no difficulty in the way of enlarging its scope, and we are gratified to learn that its author. Mr. Doolan, will take action on that line n the committee. The sentiment of both the house and the senate we have been assured is favorable to such a bill and we see no reason why it should not

ecome a law. Georgia should adopt this system and swing into line with the most progressive states of the union which are now enjoying the benefits of the safeguards which the Australian ballot throws around every honest voter.

#### Satisfactorily Disposed Of.

The vote of the senate yesterday kill-ing the ridiculous measure sent to it by the house in the shape of the so-called cigarette bill," is highly satisfactory, not so much on account of the bill itself. but more particularly on account of the principle involved in such legislation. No doubt many thinking people are amazed that such a bill should have passed the house. It is hard to understand how as many as even twelve out of forty-four senators should have favored such a remarkable piece of sumptuary legislation. But a large majority of the senate vigorously opposed the establishment of such a precedent as was involved in the proposed legislation, and for emphatically entering their protest against it, in the defeat of the bill, they

deserve thanks. The Constitution does not intend to be put in the attitude of defending cigarette smoking, or cigar smoking, or the use of tobacco in any form. We recognize the fact that the use of tobacco. particularly by children, is an abuse which, instead of being encouraged should be heartily discouraged. But it is a dangerous remedy to expect the state to exercise the functions of the parent. If a father wishes to prevent his son from smoking, he should do so by invoking inspiration from the divine proverb which says that "foolishness is bound up in the heart of a child, but the rod of correction shall bring it out." Imposing a penalty, and providing for unishment for the sale of adulterated

tobacco, or any other dangerously adul-

terated article, would be a very proper measure, and a law against the use of tobacco by children on the streets or in public places, would not be improper But to say to a man who is old enough to be his own master, that he shall o shall not do this or that, so long as his doing so does not offend society or en danger public morals, is a resort which should be attempted only in very ex

treme cases. Let us hear no more of such legislation as that contemplated in the bil which the senate has just killed, which, while intending to prohibit the sale of eigarettes actually nullified itself by the provision allowing the sale of "medicated or cubeb cigarettes," under which qualification the sale of cigarettes, even had the proposed measure passed, would have gone on practically unobstructed. Even had there been no such qualification, the effort at prohibition would have amounted to nothing so long as surrounding cities and states licensed the sale to dealers who would have profited at the expense of this state, and by virtue of nonsensical legislation in Georgia.

The fact that Mr. Allsop Borrowe had on a jag in New York has been prominently nentioned in the metropolitan press. The jag was wrong, but the name is all right It is a name for the paragraphers to pick

The night editor of The Congressional Record will not permit the use of portrait ents of his contributors.

The able editor of The Congressional Record is about to take a much-needed vacation.

The editor of The Montgomery Adver tiser has lost his way in a jungle of prices and can't get out. In such cases floundering gives great relief, and this is what our contemporary is doing.

The way for people to have good times is to feel good.

If business is not as good as you think it ought to be, whirl in and make it bet-November nights-the stories told: The lambs all gathered in the fold:

#### EDITORIAL COMMENT.

ter.

Governor Pennoyer, of Oregon, has issued the following unique Thanksgiving procla-mation: "I do hereby appoint the fourth Thursday of the present mouth as a day of thanksgiving to Almighty God for the blessings He has bestowed upon this common vealth during the present year. God has in deed been most beneficent to our state and a full legal tender, money has so dwarfed an paralyzed business that the bounties of prov ce are now denied to hundreds of thou sands of people within the national don who are not only without employment, but also without the means of procuring food, rai-ment or shelter. While, therefore, the peo-ple of Oregon return thanks to God for His odness. I do most earnestly recommend that they devoutly implore Him to dispose the resident and congress of the United States to secure the restoration of silver as a full legal tender money, in accordance with the policy of the fathers of the republic, whereby our industries may be revived and houest toil ers of the land may procure their daily oread, not as alms, but as the reward of their la-

Some time ago it was suggested in the papers that one could profitably make counterfeit dollars out of good coin silver. It appears that some sharp fellow has acted on the suggestion, and such dollars have recently turned up in some towns of West Virginia. The only trouble about them is that the counterfeiter has overdone the thing a little, and the bad dollars are a little too large. They ring and feel all right, and are made of standard only gives that they will not pass dard coin silver, but they will not pass through the bankers' gauges. There are said to be two thousand of them circulated in various parts of that state, and ordinary people are unable to detect them.

Rev. Sam Jones was the first speaker in new Memphis auditorium. ten thousand people every night.

#### PUBLIC OPINION.

St. Louis Republic: When things get shak-St. Louis Republic: When things get sake-en down all the array of states west of the Mississippi will be as democratic as the old guard south of the Ohio. Free coinage and trade are not far off. The labor of the

New Orleans Picayune: The democratic par ty has got to do something decisive to placate the western people who have been knocked out on the silver issue. They think that they have received a blow struck at their interests for the benefit of eastern capitalists. Some legislation which will benefit the agricultural classes both of the west and south is necessary. Law cannot raise the prices of their grain and cotton, but laws can cheapen the ost of all the most meessary articles which the agricultural classes consume. The re-oucing of the tariff charges on all leading ar-ticles of consumption which are necessary to the agricultural classes will help the farmers

New York Press; Senator Sherman should insist on the passage of an act authorizing the issue of bonds now. It is a mistake to wait for the regular session.

#### THE OUTBREAK OF CRANKS.

No Chances Ought to Be Taken.

From The Baltimore American.
Murderous cranks, who are found to be men
tally irresponsible, cannot, with either justice
or humanity, be deprived of life, but society or humanity, be deprived of life, but society, in self-defense, has a perfect right to shut them up for the rest of their existence, and no sent/mental or extreme theories should pre-vail against the prompt exercise of this obvious right. No chances should ever be taken with

#### The Crank Fever Needs Close Watching. From The Pitsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. More careful watch should be kept over per

sons known to be mentally unbalanced at this time than at other times, because the wide publicity given to Prendergast's mad act cannot fall to aggravate the crank fever Some Sort of Restraint Needed. From The Evening World. Superintendent Byrnes said vesterday that he

would lock the cranks up wilenever he found them, a determination that is not likely to be changed by reason of his own experience, however mild-mannered his visitor may have been Certainly such people ought to be subjected to some sort of restrain Too Lax Methods. From The Chicago Tribune.

It cannot be denied that our present mode of dealing with the pests who are called cranks

#### after they have committed some atrocious ac s too lax for the public safety. Either they ould be cared for beforehand or so effectual ly disposed of afterward that their fate would be a warning to other so-called cranks not to expose themselves to the terrors of the law.

Dangerous Concealed Weapons.

From The Springfield Union. Nearly all the states have laws forbidding the carrying of concealed weapons. With every epidemic of murderous crankdom there is a demand that such laws shall be enforced, but they are not. Hundreds of men carry pistols and very seldom is a person punished for such a misdemeanor. If every man or boy caught with a revolver in his pocket were punished as the law prescribed, a good many tragedies might be averted.

#### Opportunity for a Plucky Citizen. From The New York Recorder. As a wet blanket on the murderous crank epidemic, the most effective thing would be

the act of some plucky and well-prepared citi zen, who being confronted wift a Prendergas or a Bradley, should kill him on the spot. The Public Patience Severely Tried.

From The Rochester Post-Expre

#### JUST FROM GEORGIA.

One Day. One day she came to meet me-The frost was on the bill; But a rare rose shed on her lips of red

Made the world seem summer still. One day she came to meet me-The snow was in the skies; But the April rains kissed hills and plains, And the May dawned in her eyes:

One day she came to meet me: Shall my soul in the future say For all my dreams of the Maytime's bean It was only a Winter's day?

Roses in a woman's hair-

Who shall say who placed them there? Who shall say what heart's blood shed Changed those roses to their red? Who shall say what face of white For their sake meets God tonight? Roses in a woman's hair-

What dead hand hath placed them there?

Love is folly-Love is hate-Let us dwell with Love: He's a churl of low estate-He's a God above! Piping robin-mounting dove Loved because his name is Love! If he hath a garden spot-

What Love Is.

Dwelling in the light: if he hath a savage cot, Covered by the night :-We must love in praise or blame. Since sweet Love's his name-his name Love and the Salons. Love, who knew not human nature, Went into the legislature;

There he fanned his glowing embers-Reached the hearts of all the members O, Love's art—his wondrous skill! Legislature foots each bill! This last point securely carried-Love is ready to be married! November Nights. vember nights-November nights!

With all their rich and rare delights; The blazing fire whose sparkling flame Gleam with a loveller light than fame' O heartful cheer! O peaceful sights. Walled in by cool November nights!

The flickering lights and shadows shed O'er little ones tucked up in bed! The mother's kiss-divine delights That crown the sweet November nights November nights! the fiddler's feet

Keep time to music wild and sweet; And every echoing rafter rings Where Love each rosy partner swings! O, rich are all the rare delights That crown the cool November nights!

-FRANK L. STANTON THE GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

Albany Herald: It is an easy matter, in con-ress and the Georgia legislature, to introduce bill, but getting rid of them is where the trouble comes in.

Macon Evening News: Why don't the Georgia legislature quit piddling with cigarette bills and do something sensible? There is ballot reform law, an equitable reapportion-ment law and a law for the establishment of a state normal school-all badly needed. the solons don't seem to see it.

Cherokee Advance: The legislature is grind ing along at a pretty lively rate on the public grist and is piling up quite a lot of local and general bills, many of which will doubtless be pigeon-holed to geon-holed to await resurrection morn me good bills have been introduced, however and should become laws, but there are few we do not believe deserve a second reac

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: It is right an proper that the state should enlarge the ac-commodations at the lunatic asylum, and this legislature will doubtless see that it is done. It has never been charged against Georgia that she was at all niggardly in her treatmen of this great public charity. Outside of the public debt, it is, and for a long time has been the biggest tax upon her treasury. The Enquirer-Sun, however, has suggested on several occasions that a careful medical examination of the patients now provided for at the asylum might develop the fact that a consideration. erable number of patients are there who are t insane in the terms of the law and should discharged. We do not know that such ne an examination has ever been made, but it is important that it should be made, and it should be made now, so that the legislature can vote intelligently on the proposed increase of the

#### appropriation. SALARIES OF GEORGIA JUDGES.

Cedartown Standard: The lower house of the general assembly of Georg'a has passed bill to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes and cigarette paper, and one to in rease the number of supreme court judges from three to five. The senate ought to reject the first and concur in the second by large

majorities. Savannah News: The work of the suprem ourt is increasing all the time. It will not e long before it will be a physical impossibility for the judges to dispose of all the brought before them, even if they should give only slight attention to the less important ones. It is full time that something was done to relieve the overworked court, and it is the duty of this legislature to provide the relief.

Augusta Herald: We are glad that there is a prospect of the passage of the bill now be-fore the legislature for the increase of the number of supreme court judges to five. Too. it is to be sincerely hoped that the bill increas ing the compensation of the superior cour judges will pass. There must be sufficient compensation to induce able men to go on and remain on the beaches. Executives may go wrong, legislative branches may err and be wrongfully influenced. The reliance of the people is in an able and incorruptible judicia-ry. It is the first duty of the state to provide for and protect the courts of the state.

#### GEORGIA AND STATE BANKS.

Macon Telegraph: The United States govern meut cannot proin.bit state banks from issuing notes to be used as money, and have attention paid to its command. It would be exceeding the power delegated to it by the and its action would be held to be null and void by the courts. The act imposing a 10 per cent tax on the issue of state banks is a case in point. It ought to be repealed, if for no other reason, because it is a false pre tense. Through it congress does indirectly what it is prohibited from doing directly.

Athens Banner: The southern press is prac-And behind that call is the practically unanimous in its call upon congress to repeal the 10 per cent tax on state banks. And behind that call is the practically unanimous wish of the southern people. And in addition to all that the great and growing great which where the same things and a growing west wishes the same thing. And a great and solid reason for such action on the part of congress is the plank in the democratic platcongress is the plank in the democratic plan-form calling for its repeal. Mr. Cleveland and congress should not fall to act in this matter. It is a plain demand on the part of the pea-ple of the party. With proper safeguards, state banks will meet the demands of the state banks people for a flexible and safe medium of ex-

#### BALLOT REFORM IN GEORGIA.

Sandersville Progress: Ballot reform is be ing advocated by the press of Georgia. The Australian system, with some modifications, seems to be the popular idea. Savannah Press: The Press alluded to the

Australian ballot yesterday "introduced by Mr. Osborne, of Chatham." The bill, whose outlines were given in yesterday's Press, was introduced by Mr. Doolan, of Chatham. The peasure, so far, is not a general law, bu applies to counties having 40,000 population. This is a good bill, as far as it goes. What is now wanted is a general ballot reform law for the state of Georgia. Every city, town and precinct in Georgia should have the benefit of this much needed reform. We know of nothing more vital to the interests of the people or the perpetuity of good government than pro of the ballot box. Mr. Doolan's

is the entering wedge, for it places reform where it is most needed. But we trust the work will not stop there. The whole state should enjoy the benefits of a wise reform

#### GEORGIA POLITICAL NOTES.

Under the head of "Clay for Governor, The Cedartown Standard says, editorially "Several distinguished Georgians have been mentioned by the press of the state for gov ernor, either of whom would do credit to

"Hon. Steve Clay, of Cobb, has been urged by his friends to enter the race, and if he should consent, there will no grass grow un-der his feet. If Steve Clay enters the field, he will go in to win. He is a hustler right and an army of friends all over Georgia will

"No nran's probable candidacy for any stat office has aroused such popular enthusiasm for years in his section as has the mention of Steve Clay's name for governor. North Geor-gia is practically solid for him and from every quarter of the state have come most flat tering assurances of support. The people know him and they want him. "With a remarkable political career unbro-

ken by a single defeat, with a public record rich in honors and fortified by a performance of duty faithful to every trust, with a legislative history bold and brilliant, and true every interest of his constituency, with a professional reputation won by indomitable pluck and unflagging energy and state-wide in its distinction, he is just the man for governor, and would grace that emineut station with just pride to a host of friends and honor to a

"Strong and ambitious, patriotic and able every impulse of his purposes would be to serve his state acceptably and win the commendation of his people. Starting in life from the ranks of the plain people, fighting his way up through heavy odds, knowing full well what means the pinch of poverty and the weight of tabor's burden, he is thoroughly in touch with the great heart of the masses n touch with the great heart of the mass and knows the wants of the common people They are his friends wherever he is known and they will see to it that his cause does not suffer defeat."

The Barnesville Gazette has this politica

"The manuer in which some things have shaped themselves in this section during past few months, have caused some people make certain predictions. Some say that Judge Hunt will not be a candidate for judge of this circuit at the next election, in fact that no man from Griffin will be in the race; that Hon. Marcus W. Beck will be a cand late, and that Hon. O. H. B. Bolodworth, or Forsyth, will either be a candidate for judger solicitor general, most probably the latter if Colonel Bloodworth is a candidate for judge Griffin will support Beck and Bloodworth. We make mention of these things merely to say o the people of the circuit, 'let's wait and

#### THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Toccoa News: Governor Northen's messag is a sensible one. It urges that the system of tax returns be reformed that a normal school be established in the state, and recom-mends a reformatory for young convicts, a state board of health and that the penal code be revised. These suggestions are all good

Cherokee Advance: Governor Northen's me age to the legisature is an able, though ather lengthy, document. It is full of good ommon sense and makes many valuable sug gestions that the legislature should lose n time in making into laws. His financial idea are correct and in accord with the democratic platform.

#### JUDGE HOPKINS DEMURS

#### To the Proposition to Change Jurisdiction in

Middemeanor Cases.

Editor Constitution—To give the recorder's court jurisdiction of misdemeanors is a step in the wrong direction. To allow the question to be determined by such considerations as where convicts shall be worked, or who shall have fees, or any other close calculation of dottars and cents, is to lose sight of the most important interests that are involved in that important interests that are involved in tha

The object of the city government was th The object of the edy government was ob-safely of the people. Where so many per-sons were gathered together the officers of the state and county could not preserve order and protect the people. A city government became a necessity, and with it came city laws, so that there were the two sets of laws to be enforced—city and state. As the county officers could not look after penal offenses in the city, the state imposed that dury also an also

perior Guide and all on the force are paid The chief and all on the force are paid discharge these duties, and they are for that purpose. That is what they are for the people of the stat

perior court and the city court.

The chief and all on the force undertake to discharge these duties, and they are paid for that purpose. That is what they are for. The city agrees with the people of the state to perform the duty. So the true inquiry is, what is the best way to protect the people from crime? Whatever that may be, it is the plain duty of the city to adopt it.

Judge Anderson, in his card in The Constitution, asks, "When did any of the county officials raid a gambling den or burn up or pay for the implements taken from it?" I answer, Never! Why? Because the city agreed with the state to do it. He asks again, "Has it not been the firm stand taken against this offense (gaming) by the city authorities, which has kept and still keeps the offense of gaming in check?" I answer, No. It has been kept in check?" I answer, No. It has been kept in check?" I answer, No. It has been kept in check? I haswer, No. It has been kept in check? I haswer, No. It has been kept in check? I have the city has, no doubt, done its duty, which was to watch, arrest and prosecute, but it could not try and punish. Be it remembered, that the recorder's court has had nothing to do with it. It has had no such jurisdiction.

It is far better to prevent crime than it is to punish it. If a man will not observe the laws from principle, he must be made to fear them. The fear of exposure will often act as a preventive. If one knows that for his offense he will be arrested and have a public trial in the city of superior court, he will be less likely to offend than if he knew he could go quietly into a recorder's court and settle it up. It would be far better for the man himself to have his name put into the newspaper at once, than to let him slip along and cover up his wrong-doings until he was lost.

To turn the public eye on a man is a great thing. When in the right, it will support and encourage; when in the wrong, it will deter. Remember, the object is to save, not to punish. It is impossible to give to a judgment of a recorder's co

m a similar hagginest vecurts.

There is another objection to this movement it fills me with serious apprehension. The large will end in turning the recorder's cour-tre to the lawless elements in the city, and it is put those elements in control of city af

Among the offenses classed as misdemeanors are carrying concealed weapons, gaming, gaming houses, gaming in liquor shops, retailing without license, sale of liquor on election day, allowing minors to play at billiards, lewd houses, disorderly houses, seling unwholesome provisions, violating the Sabbath.

Whenever the recorder has jurisdiction to

Sabbath.

Whenever the recorder has jurisdiction to try misdemeanors, all such influences will combine and control the election. Let those influences unite in making up a city "slate," and it will be impissible to break it. The judge who is to try misemeanors should never be the product of city politics. The public safety should never be imperiled in that war

never be the product of city pointes. The public safety should never be imperited in that way.

There is too much tendency already to "rings" and combinations. In all our municipal history we have encountered no such danger as this. This is no time to relax our hold on crime; on the contrary, we need increased watchfulness and energy.

It will be observed that this movement did not originate with the people. It comes from the city officials. It is true that they are good men, and no doubt faithful in their respective offices. I believe they are. But we all have the right to express our opinions about matters that are so vital to our interests. Judge Anderson, in his official character as city attorney, goes into the newspapers in advance of the measure. Whatever he says is always entitled to consideration, but I submit that the united voice of all the city officials is no more than the voice of all the city officials is no more than the voice of an equal number of private citizens. It is not their business to make laws for us.

Pass this law, and the recorder's court will, in time, become a place of refuge for offenders. The city will be a nursery of crime. Nominal fines and secrecy will be the equivalants of license and ruin. Let us prevent and save, rather than punish and lament.

If further legislation as to where the convict should be worked be needed, let that be had, buf do not give the recorder jurisdiction of predecements.

#### GUSSIP OF A DAY.

Yes, the big fair is over," said Mr. Me-Nally, a Chicagoan, at the Kimball. "awhile we regret that the end has come, it brings with it a general feeling of relief. Everything has been worked on a high tension, as you might call it, since the big fair slon, as you might call it, since the big fair opened. It has been a good tning for Chicago in a thousand ways, of course, but we who have been connected with have been connected with it, as I have in a modest role, are heartily glad that we will now be able to have a little rest. Financially, it has brought a very great deal of money to Chicago, and has kept things bright through the hard times; and it has been a splendid advertisement for our city, not only in other natis of the world but right here in this parts of the world, but right here in this country as well. I think one of the best effects of the fair, from a business standpoint, was in drawing to Chicago the people of the east and south. To the people of both these places our city has been an unknown quantity. This is especially true to the people of the uth, who have their business affiliations with south, who have their business affiliations with the east. They have not been in the habit of going farther west than Cincinnati and, to a great many of them, I find, Chicago, Omaha and Denver are considered being very near to each other 'way off somewhere in the far west. You people in Atlanta are almost directly south of chicago, with splendid railway systems leading right to our doors. We can show you that it is as much to your advantage to do business with us as it is for you to deal with the east. I think the fair you to deal with the east. I think the fail every way and a good many business men in every way and a good many obstudes men will come to Chicago hereafter to do their trading. What is true of Georgia is true of the vast territory south of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi. The people have seen that we are not all barbarlans and Chicago has we are not all barbar! been benefited by that."

"The race in New York is going to be closer than the Tammany men are willing to ac-knowledge," said Mr. A. M. King, who was ere yesterday. Mr. King belongs to that nuch-cussed and much-discussed body known

as mugwumps.
"I know the Tammany organs are trying to make it appear that Maynard is being fought imply because of his loyalty to democracy out that is not the state of affairs in New lork. Without reference to politics— they claim it is without reference to politics— the lawyers of the state have condemned Mar-nard as a man unworthy of the high office to which he aspires. Now that condemnation means a very great deal in New York and will undoubedly result in Judge Maynard los-ing a good many votes, not only of mugwumps, but of but of democrats who have never before swerved from the ticket. This is particularly elleve that no man who has even the slightes taint on him should be chosen to preside : judge. I believe many farmers in the centr judge. I believe many farmers in the central part of the state are going to bolt Maynard and this will cut quite a swath in the democratic vote. There is no doubt that the leaders are scared about the outlook. They dedy it, of course, but they are putting up the hardest work they know how on the quiet. hardest work they know how on the quiet, and if the republicans had nominated a man of any position or standing I think that Judge Maynard would have been defeated. As it is, I think he will run behind his ticket."

"It takes a great calamity," said Mr. F. G. Ryan, of New York, at the Aragon last night, "to bring cranks to the front. Now, take the killing of Carter Harrison. Harrison undoubtedly had a great many political enemies, but he never did anything in his life which would warrant a beastly attack on just what a ministerial crank in New York the other day. The newspapers called him down very sharply, and in doing so have represented the better sentiment of the people. He abused the name and memory of the dead man from his pulpit, making charges reflecting upon his chargeter and stating that he made his newspaper cater to he lowest tastes and the worst passions of the worst people in the city Nobody who has ever read The endorse such a statement and the newspapers are right in rebuking as sharply as they know how the author of such statements. He was just as strong in his statements about Har-rison's personal character, which were equally untrue."

Judge W. C. Adamson was in the city yeserday in the interest of the Carroll white caps who were pardoned by the gover-nor. He and Judge Brown, Hon. L. P. Mandeville and Mr. Hamrick were representing the petitioners, and when they had fin-ished making their showing to the governor and had received assurance that their men would be pardoned, they were naturally very

happy.
"The men have been punished enough for The men have been punished enough for Adamson, speaking of their act," said Judge Adamson, speaking of the case yesterday. "There is no doubt of that and nine-tenths of the people of the county agree on it. The petitions for their the grand jury and citizens generall

joining in the request. "Will Judge Harris be a caudidate for con not a candidate, though we in our county

only the ablest, but the strongest man that could be nominated. If he would announce himself he would be nominated too; at least, we in Carroll believe so." Ted Sullivan, the well-known baseball man-

think he ought to be. We believe he is no

ager, is in the city on his way to Washington from Mobile, where he has been spending "I don't know where I will go this year," said the irrepressible Ted at the Markham last night. "I have a number of offers, but have not as yet decided to which one I will go. I may be in the Southern League, but if I do it will be only as a manager of one of the clobs. By the way, a great deal has been said concerning 'alien' managers holding franchises in the south, and some of this has been aimed at me. I think it is unjust. It is not fair to us who have done all we could to build up baseball in the south, putting clubs in cities where there was no pos-

But take the case of Chattanooga and Nash towns. The same is true to a great extent in all the cities where the franchises were in he hands of professional managers "What is the outlook for baseball through out the country?" "I think there never was a more favorable condition of affairs at this time of the year. The last season was dreadfully hard on peo-ple who had their money invested in baseball. out this year, unless all signs fail, there will

sible chance of getting local people to take charge. I am as firm a believer as anybody in local people having charge of a club. It is almost absolutely essential in minor leagues.

be a very general revival. The Western League will start off under excellent auspices and in all parts of the country where they had no ball last year the voice of the umpire Hon. T. M. Norwood, ex-senator from Geor gia, who is here to appear before a committee of the legislature on the medical board bill, is a guest of the Aragon. Colonel Norwood has many friends and admirers here who are al-ways glad to welcome him. He is one of the ablest lawyers in Georgia and one of the

Uncle Billy Bowers, who is believed to be the only man in Georgia who voted for Lin-coln in 1860, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel A. E. Buck, ex-United States marshal, has returned to his home here, after . three months' visit to the scenes of his boy hood in Maine.

Bob Graham, the comedian, and the principal nembers of his company are at the Aragon.

Mr. John Williams, the manager of Herrmann, the great magician, is in the city arranging for the coming of his star. Hon. R. H. Holtzclaw, of Perry, the wellknown ex-representative from Houston, is at the Markham. Captain "Bob" is one of the most popular fellows who ever came to the

legislature and has been given a hearty welome by his old friends Hon. "Bob" Berner, of Forsyth, now an agent of the interior department, dropped in on the statesmen at the Kimball yesterday.

## THE LIST COMPLETE.

Fifteen to Be Voted for Monday.

MASS MEETING IN WEST END LAST NIGHT

Sends Up Its List, Which Completes the Line for the Primaries Which Are to Take Place Monday.

West End, the new ward, has named its delegation to be voted for at the primary that ward next Monday.

And the ticket is composed of the best and most representative men of the seventh ward, every one of whom will be elected at e primary next Monday without opposi-

In accordance with the call issued in The Constitution yesterday morning, the citizens of the ward met in the town hall last night and were called to order by Mr. L. Z. Rosser. There were nearly, if not quite, a hundred voters present and the meeting was one of harmony and quick

It did not take the chairman long to explain the object of the meeting and then Mr. Rosser was made permanent chairman and Mr. Hubert Culberson was elected secretary. Resolutions calling for the se-lection of ten delegates to be voted for at primary Monday as the ward's repre sentation in the committee of one hundred were presented and adopted. The meeting declared that the ten delegates should b elected by the meeting, just as the delegates in five of the other wards in the rity were elected, by ballot. Nominations were declared in order by the chairman nominations over, the meeting took a re cess to allow the people to vote, and dur ing the recess every one of the voters present dropped his ballot in the hat with the same earnestness and energy they will exhibit when they take part in the first

the votes and found that the following ten gentlemen had received the highest

orrest Adair, Cark Howell, C. T. Ladson, r. E. L. Connally, Burgess Smith, H. Caldwell, L. Z. Rosser, L. Z. Rosser,

election in which they participate.

The chairman announced the result and mass meeting by a unanimous vote declared the ten gentlemen named as the list to be voted for next Monday. That the full delegation will be elected and without opposition, too, goes without

A New Ticket in the Fourth. The fourth ward voters will find two tickets out when they go to the polls next

One will be the ticket put out by the mass meeting at the Edgewood Avenue theater Wednesday night, while the other will be the ticket made by quite a number of citizens of that ward who are dissatisfied with what was done at the opera house.

Those who are opposed to the ticket put out at the opera house base it upon the manner in which the ticket was made. In that ward the ticket of fifteen was selected by a committee of five and that committee of five was named by the chairman of th meeting. The other wards selected the een by balloting and because the fourth d not follow that example there are those who are opposed to the ticket which was

The opposition took shape when Mr. J. Phillips, one of the ward committee, issued a card calling upon the voters of the ward to come together and put out a ticket. The call was productive of a meeting and the meeting which was held yesterday was productive of another ticket The new ticket contains some of the names which are on the ticket which was put out at the opera house, and Mr. Phillips and Mr. W. D. Smith of the fourth ward crous support.

truth is." said Mr. Phillips last night, "we do not like the way the ticket was made, and we won't stand it. We have met and put out another ticket and that ticket will win. It will beat the ticket which was named at the opera house. See if it don't.'

"How many were at the meeting?" "I said in the card this morning that

there would be fifty present, and I kept my word," replied Mr. Phillips. "Yes," put in Mr. Smith, "there were nearly one hundred there, and there will be more than that ready to vote for the

"Where was the meeting held?" was "We'll let you know when we hold the

next meeting, which will be large enough to assure the election of the ticket. But here is the ticket which was put out," and he handed over the ticket. The ticket which was named by Mr. Phillips and Mr. Smith and their asso and the one which was named at the Edge wood opera house are both given

Opera House sicket. Blalock, Reese, W. H. Smith, Gathright, St. Denck, Tombson, Harrison, L. B. Nelson, W. Crawford. Z. Blalock. O. Reese, E. Gathright,

Opposition Ticket.

C. McWilliams, W. S. Willson,
S. Hopkins, H. C. Thompson,
Thomson,
In John A. Miller Patrick Kelley,
Wey,
M. McGuirk, A. M. Hollingsworth,
Smith,
Thomas M. Latham,

Messrs. Phillips and Smith carried with them the ticket containing the names which have been given and over the ticket the

'Fourth ward citizens' ticket suggested represent us with committee of one dred to be voted on Monday. Unpledged

During the day it was currently talked that other wards in the city would do as the fourth has done, but the most complete investigation could not reveal any one who was authority for the statement. One rumor went so far as to declare that a new ticket would be out all over the city on Monday morning, but there were very few, if any, who took any stock in the rumor.

A Laboring Man Asks a Question.

A Laboring Man Asks a Question.

Editor Constitution—As a laboring man, I am much interested in the records of those who are now offering for our suffrages. Is it true that Mr. Boynton, who is offering for the south side aldermansh p. was one of the three councilmen who in 1888 voted against the reduction of the street (ax from \$3.50 to \$1? In justice to Mr. Boynton, I ask the question, so that he may have an opportunity of answering it.

LABORING MAN.

Railroad Department Y. M. C. A. Work

Tomorrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Mr. H. P. Anderson, international secretary, will conduct the meeting. The topic is "The Standard Book of Rules," This will be interesting. All railroad men should be pres-

The entertainment committee is arranging for a general social and reception to take place at the rooms at an early date. Some-thing good may be anticipated. The railroad ladies' auxiliary is pushing its work with energy and is making good progress. The regular meeting last Wednesday was a very

## RAILROAD NEWS.

The Seventh Ward Has Put Out Its List of | The Great Meeting to Be Held Here Next Week.

AUGUSTA AND THE ONE-CENT RATE.

Convention of Railway Postal Clerks in New Orleans-Anti-Scalper Law in Texas-Other Happenings.

Commissioner E. B. Stahlman, of the Southrn Railway and Steamship Association, left resterday for Nashville, where he will remain everal days, returning to Atlanta in time to oreside over the meeting of the executive pour of the association, which is to be held a Atlanta part Francker. Atlanta next Tuesday.

This meeting, which will be one of the most

portant that has ever been held by the ard, was to have been this week, but owing poned until next Tuesday, when a full attend-ance is expected to be ready for the work that

is before the board.

All of the big questions that so materially affect the situation of southern railroads to-day, and which have from time to time been settlement permanently.

It has even been rumored that serious differences between some at the roads, growing out of the disturbances in Macon recently over the cotton traffic apportionment for the season, will be brought to the consideration of the executive board for arbitration. This, however its roaded ever, is regarded by prominent members of the association here and by the commissioner himself as a mere rumor, such as sometimes will come to the surface among enthusiastic rivals for patronage among the railroads. It is thought that the railroad men in Macon who have been raising such a row ever the distance. we been raising such a row over the division ave been raising such a row over the division f traffic will be easily brought to terms. The ystem of apportioning the cotton crop from ear— to year certainly cannot be so badly asunderstood as to cause such kicking on the part of any of the railroads. The plan was first adopted the railroads rule it was a success. All of the railroads rule it was a success. All of the railroads were willing to be given an allotment of the rop or an average of what they had carried a past years. Such an allotment was made and the scheme for a fair division was received with favor and without the slightest omplaint.

empiaint, whenever one railroad ran ahead of its al-tment it was not fied to nold up a while, and whenever one railroad ran aneau of its ar-lotment it was not fied to nold up a while, and d.d. so, and thus it was easy to keep down strife and secure harmony. The result was all of the roads did quite as much business as they had ever done before and had no rate wars to rob them of their legitimate freight

With such a favorable record, it is hard to ee that there can be any serious trouble on his score this year among the railroads. It s, therefore, easy to predict that the troubles t Macon can be adjusted readily by the oard

Augusta's Cheap Rates. The formal order granting the one-cent a nile rate to the Augusta exposition was sent out by Commissioner Stahlman yesterday. mile rate to the Augusta exposition was sent out by Commissioner Stahlman yesterday.

He grants the rate without any particular modification and the Augusta people are rejoicing over their triumph over those railroads that opposed the one cent a mile rate.

There were several of the most important lines leading to Augusta in the ranks of the opposition to the one cent proposition, and the Georgia railroad was about the only road to favor it. President Philizy and General Manager Scott, of the Georgia, went before the commissioner even after the question had been practically decided against the one-cent rate, and urged a reconsideration. The commissioner thought it wise to give the rate and consequently issued an order to that effect yesterday before leaving for Nashville.

The one-cent rate applies only to special days of the great exposition, the regular rate to the big fair being 3 cents a mile round trip every day as long as the fair lasts, except the special days set apart for the one-cent and raile raise.

These rates will enable the people for miles and miles around Augusta to go to the exposition and will do more than any other one thing to make it the greatest exposition ever held in the southern states.

Railway Powal Clerks.

Railway Pos'al Clerks.

Railway Powal Clerks.

The railway postal clerks centering in New Orieans have just held a big convention there looking to regulating their work and building up the interests of the National Association of Railway Postal Clerks.

Mr. P. S. Augustin, secretary and treasurer of the New Orieans branch of Peogranization, sends for publication in the railroad columns of The Constitution a full account of their recent convention. The claims of the realway postal clerks are deserving of all the recognition that the railroads and the government amployes that have such burdensome and tedious work as the railway mail clerks. Subject to all the dangers of railroad wrecks, more than any of the trains' crew except the ougineer and firemen, and kept up in many instances all night, looking after the local nonches, it is easy to see that the job of a railway postal clerk is no soft snan.

There is a great work for this organization.

Railroad Building in Alabama

Railroad Ruilding in Alabama.

It there is a good deal of rellroad continuous progressing down in Alabama.

Plant system has been busy all the ner, even in the dullest season of the building a branch road of the system rom Abbeville and will soon have it cond. Mr. S. G. McLendon, the well-knowld autorney, is president of this road, also a legal representative of the Plant mr.

eing also a legal representative of the Plant ystem. Besides this the Mobile and Ohio has enterding to the Court of the Plant of the Court of the Montgomer, Membis and St. Louis—formerly the Montgomery, uskaloosa and Memphis—wherein is perovided at the latter shall issue its bonds to the mount of \$3,500,000. guaranteed as to princial and interest by the Mobile and Ohio Railbord Company, the proceeds to be used in completing the road, a part of which has been raded. The line is projected from Columbus, itself, the mount of the Montgomery, Ala., 168 miles, with ranches twenty-two miles. At Montgomery elations will be established with the Plant stem, reaching to the Atlantic coast and to Floreta. Bonds will be issued at the step of \$18,000 a mile.

The Anti-Scalper Law in Texas.

The Anti-Scalper Law in Texas.

There will be some fun over the anti-scalper ticket law in Texas if signs are to be taken into consideration. Both the roads and the ticket scalpers pretend to be anxious to hear of the constitutionality of the law.

The suit of S. G. Hirsch vs. the International and Great Northern will bring about the test. The cause is different from the one passed on by Judge Brashear a short time ago. The latter was a criminal case, and of course the state could not appeal it. The Hirsch case is a civil action in which the plaintiff sues the defendant for \$5.00, the penalty fixed by law for a failure to redeem an unused nortion of a ticket. It is brought, too, under the provisions of the law passed by the twenty-third legislature—the very statute whose constitution. sist of the law passed by the twenty-third leg-stature—the very statute whose constitution-lity is assailed by the brokers. In this cause, a matter what the result may be in the low-r court, an appeal can be taken to the su-reme court of the state by either of the prices at interest. In discussing the matter a prominent railroad torney observed: "There is no question

chserved: "There is no question in validity of the statute. Judge Braabout the validity of the statute. Judge Brashear did not cite a single decision to support his views in the premises, for the reason that none exist. He proceeded largely on the ground that railroad tickets are personal property, like a horse or mule, instead of being a written contract giving the parties to it certain rights on certain conditions. The theory of railroad tickets being personal property has been repudiated by every court where it has been advanced. While it is true that the cause it was a crimined case, Judge Brashear's decision is not bludling on any other judge and it is not likely to be followed by other judge and it is not likely to be followed by other judges. indiges. The presumption is that the prosecu-tion of scalners will be instituted in other Texas cities, because none of the railroad law-vers believe that the other judges will decide in this way."

Decreases of Western Earnings

The earnings for the third week of October of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern amounted to \$52,\$14, showing a decrease of \$1,479; Chesapeake and Ohio, \$183,530, a decrease of \$24,219; Denver and Rio Grande, \$145,330, a decrease of \$17,000; International and Great Northern, \$111,313, an increase of \$545; Evansville and Terre Hante, \$37,161, an increase of \$11,427; Louisville, Evansville and \$1, Louis, \$36,605, a decrease of \$2,303; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, \$22,884, an increase of \$30,16; Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain, \$302,000, a decrease of \$86,000; \$1. Louis \$30,554, a decrease of \$18,271; and the Wabash, \$322,000, an increase of \$3,3534, a decrease of \$1,8271; and the Wabash, \$322,000, an increase of \$7,000.

If you have catarrh, you are in danger, as the disease is Hable to become chronic and affect your general health, or develop into consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures catarrh.

on the Tall Buildings.

FOURTEEN CASES MADE YESTERDAY. SHE MAKES A PLEA FOR HER HOME.

The Building Inspector Discovers That a Number of Big Buildings Are Without Necessary Fire Escapes.

The habitual loungers in Judge Andy Calhoun's court will be regaled with quite a novel spectacle today when the appearance of fourteen wealthy and prominent gentlemen of the city before his honor will for a time supersede the consideration of alley fights and cases of plain drunks.

The building inspector suddenly awoke yesterday morning after a Rip Van Winkle sleep of several years and made the dis-covery that several very tall buildings in the city didn't have fire escapes nailed to their back windows, and that the owners were violating the city law. Fresh from this discovery he posted down to police head quarters and poured the story into Chief

Connolly's ear. The chief chewed his blonde mustache for a few moments and then called in his faithful callman, John Abbott, and issued an order. A few minutes later Abbott issued forth from the police station, one of his pockets bulging out with a big batch of papers. He called on fourteen gentlemen, each of whom owns a tall building in the city, and left one of his little white slips of paper. The gentlemen all looked

surprised and said they'd be there. When Abbott returned to police headquarters after making his rounds, he sur-prised Station House Keeper Joiner by having the following names entered upon the police docket: G. T. Dodd, E. F. Gould, John McMillan, Henry Jackson, Venable brothers, John H. James, Dr. E. Connally, J. M. High, John A. Fitten, R. B. Bullock, J. W. Grant, W. Woods

White, Wash Lyons.

The technical charge entered opp the names of these gentlemen was that of violating section 576 of the city code. The gentlemen against whom the cases were made were just a little bit surprised when Officer Abbott presented them with the little official billets-doux issued by the chief, citing them to appear in the recorder's court today.

The section under which the cases were made reads as follows: "That all buildings three or more stories in height, not includng basements, used as a factory, workshop, lodge room, hotel, boarding house, public hall or sleeping place, shall have thereon a suitable, substantial inside or outside fire escape, of such character and material as may be required by the mayor and gener-al council. The character and material of such escape shall have reference to the ocation and surroundings of each building, and also whether such escape shall be lo-cated on the front, rear or side of any build-ing, or on the inside or outside, and as to the portion of any building on which fire escapes to be placed fronts on a pub-lic street or alley or otherwise. All fire escapes, however, shall be of sufficient street or aney or otherwise. An are escapes, however, shall be of sufficient strength and occupy such position and be connected with such platform or landing, or otherwise as to be safe and practicable of use on occasions when such use may be necessary." ecessary.

It seems that a number of the largest the seems that a number of the largest buildings in the city have been without these fire escapes. The Gould building, on Decatur street, the Grant building at the corner of Marietta and Broad streets, the Jackson building on Pryor street, the Dodd building on the opposite corner, the Gate City National bank building and many others are amenable to the section under others are amenable to the section under which the cases were made yesterday. The danger attending the absence of escapes ou these tall buildings is obvious. A fire in one of them might result in considerable loss

The penalty for failure to have these escapes is a fine not exceeding \$100, or imprisonment in the city stockade for thirty days, one or both, in the discretion of the recorder. The law is very explicit on the subject, and even goes so far as to prescribe the character of the fire escapes.

THE SONG AND THE PLAY.

"After the Ball," a comedy up to date, was Atlanta theatergoers last night at the Grand opera

house. And a highly delighted andience was in attendance upon the occasion. The plot of the comedy is superficial, yet there is enough to keep the interest in the story as well as in the fun. The situations are for the most part true to nature, and the story of the society young man making love to too many sweethearts is very nicely and pleasingly depicted.

Upon Mr. Graham the plot of the play princially hinges, and that he well takes care of the art is needless to state. He is quite a favorite in this city, having been seen her several times previously in comic opera. His Paul Globs in "After the Ball" is very funny. His comedy work is clean cut and in his new role he sustains his already excellent reputation as a legitlmate comedian. It is not horse

play; it is comedy.

The members of the company are good.

Miss Fanny Dudley as Mabel Hicks is a painstaking and remarkably clever actress Miss Deaudet as Mazilda Hicks was exce lent. Miss Francis as Violet was heartily received. She is strikingly pretty and pos-sesses a beautiful figure. Mr. Thorpe, Mr. Herbert, Mr. Young and Mr. Ford sustained the characters assigned them most satisfac

tonight. Operr and Comedy at the Grand.

Oper and Comedy at the Grand.

The famous Manola-Mason Company will present at the Grand next Monday and Tuesday the operatic comedy of "Frieud Fritz." It is said to be a charming musical entertainment, and a free translation of the great Comedie Francaise success. "L'Ami Fritz." which is tooked upon by the French as a classic. The company is a particularly good one, capable of singing as well as acting, and consists of Robert McWade, best known by his famous impersonation of "Rip Van Winkle." Seth Crane, the original Reppo in the "Mascot" in this country, Lindsay Morrison, the clever cemedian and basso; Harry Chase, a popular tenor: Charles Adams, the well-known old man actor; the two talented daughters of Colonel McCauli, Miss Winnle and Angela; Lizzie Graham, the soubrette; Mrs. Georgia Dickson, who in her line is as diever as Mrs. John Drew. A matinee will be given Tuesday.

Long-Lived "Dr. Bill." Long-Lived "Dr. Bill."

A comedy that can run for five hundred and ten nights in Paris, over a year in London, 204 nights in New York, eight weeks each in 204 nights in New York, eight weeks each in Brookiyn, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, Baltimore, Wasbington and San Francisco in addition to a three-years' tour of the principal cities of the United States must have merit. Such a record is eujoyed by "Dr. Bibl," the merry comedy which is to be given at the Grand for two nights and a matime, commeucing Wednesday, November Sth. "Dr. Bill" is the property of Mr. T. H. French, manager of the Broadway, the New American and the Garden theaters, New York, and the company presenting it is in keeping with the reputation of these play houses and the City whence it comes. "Dr. Bill" is all laughter. Its humor is qualit, refined, consistent and clean, and the play is justly accounted the comedy success of the century.

THE SATURDAY NIGHT CLUB. It Will Hold a Debate On an Interesting

Subject This Evening. The Young Men's Saturday Night Club will meet as usual this evening at the Church of Our Father. The programme will consist of a discussion of the question:
"Resolved, That the government should have the exclusive ownership and control of rail-

roads."

The speakers will be, on the affirmative,
Mr. Eugene R. Black and Dr. Julian P.
Thomas; on the negative, Mesers. W. H.
Preston and Abert P. Wood.

## IN CASE OF FIRE, A HOST OF WITNESSES IN POLICE CIRCLES.

Numbers to Testify.

And Judge Calhoun Permits Her to Re main on Condition That She Gets Rid of Her Boarders.

Mrs. L. S. Calhoun, who has figured before the public in a very conspicuous light several times recently, made a hard fight for the character of her home in Recorder Calhoun's court yesterday afternoon, and

won a qualified victory.

Perhaps twenty of her immediate neighbors appeared to testify to the disorderly character of the house. All agreed that its general reputation was bad, but excepting the instances where witnesses had seen men and women hugging on the back porch, seen fights there, seen people going in and out late at night and heard of beer being sent there at night, there was a lack of explicit testimony

Mrs. Calhoun appeared in a very sobe costume of dark green, and sat very quietly without betraying the least agitation while the trial was in progress. She was once very fascinating woman, and very marked traces of her former beauty still linger. Her little son accompanied her. She was represented by Coonei W. H. Hulsey.

Attorney Hulsey remarked facetiously that but few of the witnesses were absent is a formidable array of Mrs. Calhoun's neighbors formed a semicircle before the udge. One witness swore that he had seen a man and a woman hugging and kissing on the rear porch of Mrs. Calhoun's residence, which is located on Wells street near McDaniel. Another one testified to a similar occurrence. One testified about a fight between Mrs. Calhoun and her husband. Of their own personal knowledge the witnesses could say but little against Mrs. Calhoun's house, except that its repu-

tation was bad in the community. Mrs. Calhoun's erstwhile lord, a small entleman with a drooping mustache and a nervous air, was the most impressive wit ness of the entire array. He told in a voice trembling with agitation of his do mestic troubles, and how they had been caused by his son-in-law, one Farris. He

"Farris ruined my daughter's happiness; he ruined me, and now he is trying to ruin my wife. He bothered me in Fayette county before I moved here, and I had him ar rested. As soon as I came here he showed up at my house, although I asked him to keep away. In all my quarrels with him my wife leaned toward him.

"He would drink laudanum and scare us by pretending that he was going to kill himself. He had us running all over town one night hunting a doctor by saying that he had swallowed two ounces of laudanum He told us about his quarrel with his wife, and of the termination of their married life about two weeks ago." As he spoke of these things Carhoun was visibly affected nd his lips quivered.

Mrs. Calhoun told her story without any agitation. She said she had been forced to support herself and had had a hard time She had taken boarders and done all of her housework. She had bought the

an of her housework. She had bought the home where she was living, and did not care to be driven from it. She denied the charges made by her neighbors.

In disposing of the case, Judge Calhoun said he would not dismiss it, but would let it stand upon the docket. He did not think it had been clearly proven that the house was of the character alleged, although it was plain that it was not what it should be the character alleged. was plain that it was not what it should be. He believed the fault was with the persons Mrs. Calhoun had living with her. He told her if she would get rid of the people who had been living with her, he people who had been living with her. he would not impose a fine.

"After they are gone, the people can very quickly determine what kind of a house yours is," the judge said.

MEETS ON NEXT MONDAY,

The Executive Committee of the Pioneers' Society Will Further 'he Work. next Monday the executive commi

of the Pioneers' Society will meet in the office of Ordinary Calhoun, Mr. W. A. Hemphill in the chair. The work of the canvassing committee has been successful to a degree not anticipated by the most sanguine member of the committee, and the citizens have re sponded in a manner that is deserving of praise-in a way that bespeaks the true

Atlanta spirit. The following letter from Colonel R. F. Maddox needs no explanation:

Mr. W. A. Hemphill, Chairman Executive Committee Semi-Centennial, City—Dear Sir: I am directed by the finance committee to say to you that we have canvassed, and received subscriptions, sufficient to satisfy our minds that the money necessary to carry out and complete arrangements for a semi-centennial on the 20th of December is now a fact, especially as we have not canvassed near one-half of the territory of the city. Many have promised, and will send in subscriptions, and others will when called on, enough to make the financial feature a complete success. We have also decided, in view of the reguest of many of the merchants, to ask that two days be used for this purpose insead of one, that is, the 19th and 20th, and we hope you will recommend it to your committee. We also suggest that a full meeting be called for Monday evening at 4 o'clock, that the whole business may be thoroughly put on foot. Very truly, RAMISHFO THE RIBLE The following letter from Colonel R. F.

BANISHED THE BIBLE.

ndge Richard Clark Decides, in the Interest of Health, to Do Away with the Books.

There have been a number of witnesses, of are especially, to object to kissing the dirty, nuch-handled, badly worn Bibles that are used for swearing in witnesses. These objections have been duly noted by Judge Clark, who is nothing if not a philosopher. After giving the matter some thought he called to mind the words of the code which declare that a person can be sworn by holding up the hand during the administering of th

up the hand during the administering of the oath, and then decided to abolish the books altogether. The judge also reasoned on the line that a person would just as soon swear to a lie under any conditions and circumstances, provided he were opposed to telling the truth or did not care to do so as a matter of personal policy. On the other hand either ferm of oath was equally strong.

The books in the criminal superior court are anything but clean and bear the ear marks of much kissing. Citizens gerving on the jury

of much kissing. Citizens serving on the jury have been obliged to go through this time-honored custom and will be glad to learn that at least one dread of the jury service has been removed. been removed.

Building Inspector Wants Fire Escapes | Mrs. Calbonn's Neighbors Appear in A Young Negro Criminally Assaults a The Governor Ordered Their Release Ten-Year-Old Girl.

HE IS CAUGHT AFTER A CHASE.

The Cases Against Woodward and Venable Not Tried-Gus Allen Reported to Be at Liberty.

Lewis Johnson, a seventeen-year-old negro, committed a criminal assault upon a ten-year-old girl yesterday afternoon, and was arrested an hour afterward by Patrolmen Tysor and Conn.

The assault was made upon Lou Robinson, a negro girl, and occurred in the woods south of the East Tennessee shops. girl was badly hurt, and will be confined to her bed for severa) days recovering from the injuries received at the hands of her brutish assailant.

The girl had been sent on an errand by her aunt, Jennie Wilson, with whom she lives, and was returning in company with two smaller children, when Johnson approached them. They knew him and anticipated no harm at his hands until he caught the older child of the party and threw her down. She screamed loudly for assistance and to still her cries Johnson stuffed his handkerchief into her mouth.

The girl continued to struggle, but was overcome by her assailant, while the smaller children yelled at the top of their voices. The cries brought the aunt of the as saulted girl to the scene, and as she approached Johnson ran.

The woman took the wounded child to her home and then notified her neighbors of the assault. News of it was telephoned to police headquarters and Captain Manly sent out Mounted Officers Tysor and Conn to arrest the young brute. southern suburbs of the city the officers got on the track of Johnson and after chasing him an hour finally succeeded in catching him. Meantime the neighbors of Jennie Wilson had become greatly excited over the outrage, and the sentiment of the

crowd was not at all favorable to the pris-Officers Tysor and Conn carried the injured girl to Dr. Gregory, where her wounds were dressed. Johnson was carried to po-lice headquarters, very much scared, and

Jim Hargrove's Partner.

Bloomer Mathews, one of the most conspicuous negro offenders known to the city police, who was known for quite awhile as the partner of Jim Hargroves, the negre footpad, convicted of the numerous bold cobberies in this city during the summer was arrested yesterday with three of his chums, and will be sent to Marietta, where

he is wanted. Last Sunday quite a large party of At-Last, Sunday quite a large party of Atlantians went to Birmingham on a cheap excursion, and it seems that three negroes from Marietta, Thomas Gill, Wilson Dupree and Jesse Mobiey, were robbed of their watches on the train. The robbery was a remarkably bold one, four negroes approaching them on the train and demanding their watches.

It was afterwards ascertained that the bold Robbers were Bloomer Maghews, Aiey.

Note that the bold Robbers were Bloomer Mathews, Alex Ward, William Edwards and Lige Driscoll. All but the latter have been arrested, and will be sent to Marietta today, as the robbery occurred near Austell in Cobb

No Trial Yet.

The cases against Police Commissioner Venable and G. K. Woodward have not yet been tried. It is likely that they will be called today in the recorder's court.

They were not entered on the police dock-et until yesterday afternoon after Judge Calhoun's court adjourned.

Patrolman Brazelton served Police Commissioner Venable with a copy of charges He failed to find Mr. Venable after the He failed to find Mr. Venable after the fight Thursday night, as that gentleman had gone when it was discovered that the cowhiding had occurred, but fearing that it would be charged that he had failed to serve Mr. Venable on account of the latter being a police commissioner, he remained on duty a half hour later than his usual time to meet Mr. Venable who was at the Capital City Club's reception.

Allen Said to Be in Town.

Allen Said to Be in Town Gus Allen, the white man who shot Patrolman Randall in a mad freuzy during the summer, is said to be in the city, and the policemen going on duty yesterday were instructed to keep a close watch out for him.

Allen has always proven himself to be Allen has always proven hinself to be a troublesome customer for the police to handle, and on more than one occasion he has given the officers a desperate fight. One in a crazy fit he shot his own finger off and tore Patrolman Beavers's overcoat into shreds. Later he shot Patrolman Randall while in a fierce scuffle.

CPEN TO INSPECTION.

Sheriff Barnes Invites the Public to Look Into H is Transactions. For some days the grand jury has been ex

pected to take action upon the escape of several prisoners from Fulton county jail, and the outcome of the investigation has been waited with especial inter-An interview with a grand juror on the sub-ject appeared in The Herald of yesterday, and ject appeared in The Herald of yesterday, and the member so quoted was made to say, in reference to the charge of misappropriation, the following: "Yes," we shall investigate these charges later. All of them were known to us some weeks since, but we simply have

not had time to look into them.

to us some weeks since, but we simply have not had time to look into them."

The article in The Herald states that charges are made that blankets were paid for by the county and that two-thirds of the number were given to United States prisoners. Other such charges are mentioned also.

But Sheriff Barnes disagrees with all this, and the bills on his files, all of them in the instances, mentioned made out to himself, would appear to bear him out.

"As to the charge that the tin dippers and plates are paid for by the county and given to the United States prisoners, it is false. I buy the dippers and plates and pay for them myself, not turning in any bill to the county commissioners. The blankets purchased for the county prisoners were charged to the county and cost only \$1.20 each, while the other blankets—for the United States prisoners, who are confined in the rock portion of the jail—are paid for by me and cost \$1.35 each. The sheriff's office furnishes the candles used by the men.

"All of this talk may have been brought about by the ignorance on the part of the jailers as to the way the bills are paid, Jailer Corrigan frequently ordered things that he had no right to order, and for which he never saw the bill. Take for instance an item for a 'ham broiler,' which is put down at \$1.75. I invite the grand jury and she public in general to call at our office and look over the books and flies. We will take pleasure in showing them through."

Sheriff Barnes produced the bills mentioned by him, and the receipt and heading showed that they were made out to him and not to the county.

# DRPRICE'S Geam Baking

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard

## WHITE CAPS FREE.

from the Chaingang.

BUT THEY WERE SOON REARRESTED

Under Warrants from the United States Court and Promptly Gave Bond for Their Appearance.

The governor pardoned yesterday the eight citizens of Carroll county who are known as the Carroll county whitecaps. They are Dr. Daniel L. Rodgers, Willis Brooks, Jesse Brooks, J. A. Brooks, John Pollard, Bob Ayers, John Dukes and Green Simpkins.

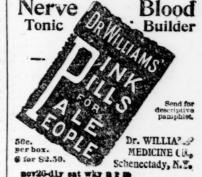
Judge Charley Adamson, W. P. Mander

ville and Messrs. Brown and Hamrick have represented the petitioners.

The papers presented to the governor were ery strong. They were signed by over 2.000 citizens of Carroll county, including Judge Harris and the solicitor general, the grand jury, the jury trying the case, and all the county officials joined in the statement that in their opinion the punishment had already been fully adequate to the offense committed.

The men were convicted in the April term of court this year, and sentenced to twelve months in the chaingang. They have since been working for Fulton county. Arrested Again.

Immediately after their release they we rearrested on warrants issued by the United States court. This arrest was no sur prise to them and they promptly gave bond in the sum of \$7,500 each.



HATS.

Not another stock in Atlanta that'll comare with ours in magnitude, variety, style ad qualities. Our prices, too, are as low are often paid elsewhere for inferio

A. O. M. GAY & SON HATTERS,

nov4-5p

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# DE SIVE'S

Friday and Saturday, November 3d and 4th; THE EMINENT COMEDIAN,

Adapted from the French of M. Pontain, by A Play of Today.

Bright and Crisp.

Monday and Tuesday, November 6th and 7th. Matinee, Tuesday 2:30 O'clock.

BEST ATTRACTION OF THE YEAR.

## Manola-Mason Co

"Friend Fritz" Opera, as Performed 300 Nights in Paris, 150 Nights in London, 250 Nights in America. SPECIAL SCENERY. STRONG CHORUS.

How shall we tell you about our Suits? We shan't say a word; let them speak for themselves. \$10 to \$25. All kinds, of course.

By the way, how about au

Ulster this winter? We have them from \$12, \$15, \$18; they're young coats at two, still youthful at three and retire from active service in about four years. What's the consequence? Customers pleased, and buy

A Cosenfeld for

Overcoats **Overcoats** Overcoats Overcoats)

Our Own Makes.

"Overcoats-our own makes." That's the proudest distinction they can bear. No Overcoats like them for selling, for style. Some of our friends say—"They go on forever about Overcoats." "You do your Suits wrong." "Your Suits are just as sumptuous."

Suits Suits Suits Suits

Our Own Makes.

The Suit trade is just as precious to any could be. We are just as large-hearted and open-hearted in doing it. We have today the most splendid variety of Suits that any gentleman could wish, for particular and distinctive fashionableness. Imported materials—the merchant tailor sorts. Whatever your choice you can't go amiss. The popular Clothing as developed under our special art of making is unsurpassed. The Suits others usually rate worth \$15 to \$20. Our rating— \$12 and \$15. As to style and tone—they might be out of a mahogany and walnut plate-glass custom tailor's display. You'd never suspect any difference.

# Eiseman

WASHINGTON, D. C. ATLANTA, GA., BALTIMORE, COB. 7th and E. Sts. N. W. 15-17 Whitehall St. Factory, 213 W. German 82.

ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING IN THE SOUTH DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

No Branch House in the Cit

#### COTTON CLOSED 3 TO 4 POINTS LOWER.

The Southern Spot Markets are Quoted Firm with Slight Advances-Wheat Fractionally Better at the Close.

business on the stock exchange-steadily decreasing-during the weel day transactions were the light Saturday lost. The market, too, a be again lapsing into the marks and the dealings are characterized irregularity which marks the moven parely professional specularity closnpon values. At the opening the indications were for a London buying orders were London buying orders were qui American securities were higher on don exchange and there were a ngood orders to buy Louisville and and Chicago, Burlington and Quancy the day the statements of the statement of the st their side of the account to the best advantage. It was reported that the ways and means committee of the horse had decided to reduce the duty on sugar, and this was used as a level to move the shares of the American Sugar Refining Company down 3 1-4 per cent. during which process a large number of shares changed hands. Shortly after 12 o'clock the pressure to sell was renewed and partial recovery took nince the market o'clock the pressure to sell was renewed and a partial recovery took piace, the market vontinuing fairly firm for perhaps about an hour, then a new seiling movement was organized, which, however, was met by some good buying, which checked the reaction and introduced a firm tone into the dealings, once more bringing about a recovery, which, at the close, had reached 1-8/41 i-4 per cent, in which General Electric. Chicago Gas, Burlington and Quincy, Denver and Rio Grande preferred, Rock Island and St. Paul were most prominent. The market closed from.

Railroad bonds closed quiet and irregular. Government bonds firm. State bonds dull.

State bonds dull.

Money on call easy at 11-202 per cent; last loan at 11-27 closed offered at 11-2; prime reactiff paper 507.

Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 483-3-40,184 for demand and at 4810/481 1-4 for s.xty days; posted rates 4820/485; commercial bills 479-1-20/479-3-4.

Silver contificates 60-2.2

TIO I WILLIAM IN T.	
Silver certificates 69	3-8.
The following are closing	bids:
Atch., T. & Santa Fe. 13%	Nat. Cordage pref 52
Adams Express 145	N. J. Central 117
Alton & Terre Haute. 22	Nor olk & Western 21
do. pref 115	North American Co. 6%
American Express 113	Northern Pac 7%
Baltimore & Ohio 713	do. pref 22%
Danada Pac 72	U. P., Den. & Gulf 5
Canada Southern 51	Northwestern 104
Central Pacific 20	do, pret 138
Ches. & Ohio 19%	N. Y. Central 102%
Chicago & Alton 137	N. Y. & N. E 224
C., B. & Q 84	Ontario and West 16's
Chicago Gas 641	Oregon Imp 10
Consolidated Gas 133%	Oregon Navigation 25
C., C., C. & St. L 35 5	Ore. S. L. & Utah N. 7
Col. Coal & Iren 10	Pacific Mail 184
Cotton Oil 335	Peoria, D. & E 7
Del. & Hudson !30	Pittsburg 160
Del., Lack. & W 173	Pullman Palace 1754
Denv. & R. G. pref 2844	Reading 20%
Dis. & Cat. Feed 324	Rich. Terminal 35
East Tennessee 14	do. pref 15%
.do. pref	Rio Grande West. 10
Erie 114	do. pref 45
do. pref 28	Rock Island 68
Fort Wayne 148,	St. Paul 65 5
Great North, pref 107%	do. pref 115
Chic. & E. Ills. pref 58	St. Paul and Omaha. 37%
Hocking Valley 214	do. pref 110
Ills. Contral 92 3	Southern Pacific 18%
St. Paul & Duluth 25	Sugar Refinery 984
Kansas & Texas pref. 224	T. C. I
Lake Erie & Wost	Texas Pac.
Pra:	Tol. & O. Cent. prek 70

| Wabab, St. Le control | Weils Farço Ex. | Weils Farço Ex. | Weils Farço Ex. | Weils Farço Ex. | Wabab, Central | 101 | Wheeling & L. Ericontrol | Wabab, Charles | Walanda | W Natiposi Cortage... 2014

BondsU. S. 4s, registered... 1112
do. coupon... 1112
do. coupon... 1112
do. 2s... 96
Virginia 6s... 524
Louislana stamped... 954
Virginia 6s... 524
Louislana stamped... 954
Tenn. new set'm't 6s. 100
do. 3s... 681
do. Class B... 98
do. Class G... 91
N. C. 6s... 115

Purnell, Hagaman & Co.'s Stock Letter. NEW YORK, November 3.—There le rally in the stock market in our, chiefly due to the covering chicago. Gas and Chicago. Burguiney. The Cammack brokers raders hammered Rock island at ble rally in the stock market in the closing hour, chiefly due to the covering of shorts in Chieago Gas and Chieago, Burtington and Quincy. The Cammack brokers and room traders hammered Rock island and St. Paul and dislodged some stop orders. The west bought at the accline, owing to the good prospects of a settlement of the passenger rate war in the far western territories. Distillers and Cattle Feeders and New England were barely steady, but the room traders picked up stock at any concession. A large short interest has accumulated in both these stocks. Western Union was strong in the late dealings. The demand for Union Pacific was a trifle brisker, foreign houses having received late orders from the continent to buy low-priced specialities, including Atchison and Northern Pacific preferred.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Today's	Yesterday'
Delaware & Lack	173	174	172	1734	171
Northwestern	104	10434	103 %	104	104
Tenn. Coal & Iron	15%	15	1514	15%	15
Richmond Terminal				316	34
New York & N. E	33	3334	32 40	325	323
Lake Shore	127	127	126	126	126
Western Union	8834	8914	87	873	883
Missouri Pacific	263	2616	253	25	26
Union Pacific	1734	17%	1754	17	175
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	321/1	32 4	32	32	32
Atchison	20 %	20 %	19 %	1936	201
Reading	201	2016	201	20 %	201
Louisville and Nash	49%	50	484	48%	483
North. Pacific pref	23	23	223	2276	223
St. Paul	65 %	66 a	65	65	65
Rock Island	69,	69	67 %	68	683
ro Gasincy.	6876	66%	62 5	63 4	654
ncy.	8134	824	8115	821	815
y	100	100%	. 97 4	9816	100
		********	********	14%	143
	33	34	33	3312	333
	47	47	44%	45%	461

Notes.

Arket for the past few days has cointed the many traders who have had lence in the reports sent out by the latters of New York that the repeal of fiver bill would have a beneficial effectives. The papers devoted exclusively to grs on 'change in their editorials stated the market was only waiting for the man bill to receive its finishing touches a house.

On last Wednesday the house concurred in the senate amendments and the president signed the bill in the afternoon.

Naturally the trade expected at least fractional advance in the stock market, bu instead declines, as posted here, of from 1 1-8 to 4 3-4 per cent have been recorded. Delaware. Lackawanna and Western is an aception, having advanced 1 1-4 per cent.

Cotton, while declining 3 to 4 points today, has held better.

January on last Wednesday closed at 8.23 bld, against 8.36 today. Atlanta Clearing Association Statement

oro unya	
	Stock Quotations.
The following are bid and	
STATE AND	CITY BONDS
lew Ga. 3%s 27	Atlanta 6s. L. D.108
to 20 years 95 \$6	Atlanta 6s, S, D. 170
lew Ga. 31, 5, 35	Atlanta5s, L. D. 100
to 40 years 95 96	Atlanta 4 %s 94
lew Ga. 456a,	Augusta 78, L. D.107
1916107 (108	Macon 6s 10?
orgia 7s. 1895 102 103	Columbus 59103
annah 5s 100 1024	Rome graded 104
mta 8s. 1902.114 177	Waterworks 6s. 103
mta 7s, 1904 109 112	Rome 5s 9)
ita 78, 1899195	
RAILRO	BONDS
	Ga. Pacific, 1st. 9
97 97	
102 10	A. P. & L., 1st7 3
109 11	'ta & N. G. 3'
3101	
98	M., 1st. 50 6
	CS
	7. P 65 7 deben 9
	deben 9

THE COTTON MARKETS. The Local Cotton Market.

Local-Market closed steady; middling 7%c.
The following is one statement of the receipts, ship-rents and stock at A.lanta: RECEIPTS SHIPM'TS STOCK. 1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 1474 1173 1013 1650 30129 14079 1714 1135 1407 774 10443 14501 1281 1512 902 1100 10694 14501 1201 1209 300 2000 17:25 14:32 1203 9:8 1070 1000 11336 14:32 1203 9:8 1070 1000 11336 13:04 7752 6881 5959 8385 .....

Atwood Violett & Co's Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager. By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, November &—The closling here is about 5 points lower than last
night and 9 points lower than the highest of
today. The statistical position upon which we
have based our belief as reasons for higher
markets, which we think w.l. be realized, has
grown stronger today because the movement
generally is smader than expected, the interior footing up 114,000 bales against 104,000
last year. The southern spot markets are
generally higher. We believe that the congrown stronger today because the movement generally is smader than expected, the interior footing up 114,000 bales against 104,000 last year. The southern spot markets are generally higher. We believe that the outlook in the way of supply and probable demand justifies a higher value for cotton, and we are putting this opinion forward dady about as strong as words can make our meaning clear. We recognize the necessity of getting the consumer to buy the thing itself in order to build a foundation for a purchase of contracts and we have made ourselves clearly understood as to this indispensable feature of the market for an advance; and, as we said some time ago, if our friends will watch this element in the situation they will be able to as well guage the market as we could hope to do. We lay particular stress upon one thing, and that is that we are giving such facts as should bring about a realization of which we think ought to occur, namely, an improvement, and probably a considerable one, to assist the realizing of which the two essential requirements are first continued and an active spot demand and a movement that will not be so much larger than last year to confirm the 7.750,000 estimate. A gentleman prominently connected with this exchange, with large interests in the south, has just returned from there and gives a most encouraging account of the outlook in the way of suproved conditions generally, which means, among other things, agricultural independence, and if the producer of cotton has arrived at that stage where he can market his crop when and in such quantities as he pleases, as we believe he has, he can dictate prices in a measure. Our Liverpool friends cable today that it is rumored that a squeeze of the spring months here is possible, and ask if we confirmed it. We replied that any squeeze would be a natural one, and that as stocks here were 100,000 bales short of last year, with an unusually large short interest four months from now than there is today. We estimate next week's port movement at 31

		Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Today's Close.	Yesterday's Close.
November		8.3	3 8.31	8.23	8.24-25	8.28-30
December		8.2	9 8.39		8.31-32	8.34-35
January				8.34	8.36	8.40
February		8.4		8.44	8.44-45	8.47-48
March				8.51	8.52-53	8.56-57
April,					8.59-60	8.64-65
May June				8.66	8.67-68 8.74-75	8.71-72 8.79-81
Closed steady					0.13-101	0.19-01
receipts, export		-	-			-
	RECE	HPT8	EXPO	RTS.	ST	OCK.
	1893	1892	1893	1892	1893	1892
Saturday	1893	1892	1893	1892	1893	1892
Saturday						
Monday	1893 52065	1892 36548	1893	1892	1893 862977	920008 937059
Monday Tuesday = Wednesday	1893 52065 62952 88472 42114	36548 84943 42638 40173	1893 44749 45357 23661 33794	1892 43942 61164 27851 36360	1893 862977 875990 918400 927433	920008 937059
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	1893 52065 62952 88472 42114 3244;	36548 84943 42638 40173 40021	1893 44749 45357 23661 33794 32174	1892 43942 61164 27851 36360 27184	862977 375990 918400 927433 926985	920008 937059 919854 933288 933181
Monday Tuesday = Wednesday	1893 52065 62952 88472 42114	36548 84943 42638 40173	1893 44749 45357 23661 33794	1892 43942 61164 27851 36360	1893 862977 875990 918400 927433	920008 937059 919854 933288

Comparative Cotton Statement. NEW YORK, November 3-The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today: Net receipts at all United States ports.... Net receipts at all United St.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Total receipts.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Exports for the week.
Same time last year.
Nhowing an increase.
Total exports to date.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Stock at United States ports
Same time last year. Same time last year. Showing an increase. Stock at Liverpool Same time last year Showing a decrease, American cotton affoat for Great Britain.

me time last year..... Showing an increase ..... Total Receipts at the Ports. 

Baltimore... New York... Newport News.
Vhiladelphia...
West Point ...
Brunswick...
Velasco...
Port Royal..... ....1,199,538

Hubbard Price & Co.'s Circular

Hubbard. Price & Co.'s Circular.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin. Manager.

NEW YORK. November 3.—An extreme advance of 4-04 pence had been recorded in Liverpool by 1 o'clock today. Part of this was fost, but again recovered before the close, and final quotacions were at about 4 be. Spot sales were 10,000 bales. Tha market opened at about 4 points decline from last night's figures, improved about 7 points, lost it, and at 1 o'clock was steady at about the opening prices. The movement is swelled by the clearances of outside ports. Receipts at New Orleans tomorrow are estimated at from 17,000 to 19,000 bales, against 11,000 last year. It was this news that caused a loss of the advance established here shortly after the opening. Cables from Liverpool say that brokers who appear to draw their inspiration from Messrs. Neill Brothers' crop reports have been quiet buyers today. On the whole the market has an easier aspect and the interest of both sides seems to be a waiging one. Advices from the south would indicate the probability of smaller receipts at Galveston, Savannan and Notfolk next week. Crop accounts justify the idea that this crop has been more rapidly pleked and marketed than was the case last year. Cables from Manchester report a continued good trade, and a large uncovered short interest in the shape of contracts made by splinners for the spring delivery of goods. The decline in silver seems to have some effect on the China trade. The market during the afternoon was comparatively quiet, and closing prices show a decline of about 4 points as compared with yesterday evening's figures. The interior movement is small and will only be about 113,000 bales, against eardier estimates of 118,000. These figures, it is expected, will have the effect of strengthening the foreign markets. The weakness shown in New York today is attributed chiefly to sales made to realize for account of thind bulls who fear a repetition of last week's decline.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular. By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

NEW YORK, November 3.—The market today was a dively one. The advance in Liverpool was not thought to be an adequate response to our rise of yesterday and our opening was at a few points scoline. For a time
the demand was sluggish, but after a little the
tone became firm. The forecast of heavy recelpts at New Orleans tomorrow checked the
rise and led to free selling, but the interior
movement was considerably lighter than hasbeen expected, and when tals was bulletined
a raily followed. In the late trading there
was much selling to realize profits and the
close was steady. The market is now about
evenly divided between the buils and the
bears. It may be that the hopes of the buils
will be realized in a good advance later on,
but for the present we favor purchases only
upon breaks, and prompt sales to realize
profits upon every good buige. Some of our
friends who sold out their holdings of January
today at 8.44 were able within an hour to
replace their purchases at 8.34.

The Liverpool and Port Markets. Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

exbort 500; receipts 14,200; all American; uplands low middling clause November and December delivary 33-64; Docember and January delivery 43-54; Janu-ary and February delivery 43-64, 435-64; February and March delivery 4 33-64, 43-64; March and April deliv-ery 437-64; April and May delivery 43-64, 43-64; May and June delivery 4 16-64; futures opened sleady with

demand fair.

Weskly-Sales 57,000; American 49,000; trade takings, including lowwarded from saltpside, 55,000; actual export 54,000; American 42,000; atook 750,000; American 387,000; afloat 295,000; American 256,000. American 88:,000; afloat 285,000; American 285,000.

LIVERPOOL. November 8 -4:00 p. m. Uplands low middling clause November 6 elivery 4:3-64. buyers: November and December declivery 4:3-64. buyers: November and Jauuary delivery 4:3-64. sellers; January and Pebruary delivery 1:3-64. sellers; February and March delivery 4:3-64. Sellers; February and March delivery 4:3-64. Sellers; Jone and July delivery 4:3-64. sellers; Jone and July delivery 4:3-64. sellers; February and March delivery 4:3-64. Sellers; Sellers; February and March delivery 4:3-64. Sellers; Jone and July delivery 4:3-64. sellers; futures closed steady.

BOSTON, November 3-Cotton-quiet; middling 8:5-1%; net receipts 260 bales; gross 2,655; sales none; stock 20.10; exports to Great Britain 1,712.

WILMINGTON, November 3-Cotton frm: middling 3:5, net receipts 1,682 bales; gross 1,682 sales none; stock 21.10; exports to Great Britain 1,952.

PHILLADELPHILA, November 3-Cotton firm; mid-

PHILADELPHIA, November 3—Cotton firm; midding 8%; net receipts 300 bales; gross 300; stock 6,486.
SaVannah, November 3—Cotton firm; midding 7s; net receipts 6,760 bales; gross 6,760; sales 1,825; stock 147,164; exports constwise 2,149.

NEW ORLEANS, November 3.—Oottos steady; mid-dling 74; net receipts 11,490 bases; gross 11,482; sales log, stock 222.275; exports to France 3,850; to conti-nent 23; coastwise 8,891. MOBILE, November 3 -Cotton steady: middling[7 S-18 net receipts 958 oales: gross 968; sales 1,300; stoom 27,842 exports coastwise 417. exports coastwise 417.

MEMPHis, November 3 — Cotton firm; middling 74; net receipts 5,25 bases; sales 6,900; anipments 1,557 stock 53,293.

atone 55,293.

AUGUSTA, November 3 -Cotton firm; middling 7 %, net receipts 1,659 bales; shipments 1,241; sales 1,446 stock 34,358. stock 3,398.

CHARLESTON, November 3—Cotton firm; middling 7-5; net receipts 2,963 bales; gross 2,963; sales none; stock 77,295; exports construes 2,963; sales none; stock 77,295; exports construes 2,063; middling 7%; net receipts 6,392 bales; shipments 5,876; sales 2,306; stock 29,612.

#### THE CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, November 3.-Prediction of light er farmers' deliveries in the northwest did much to sustain wheat today. The market was feverish and irregular, within a range of was feverish and irregular, within a range of 3-4c., and closed without change since yesterday for December, but about 1-8c. higher for May.

Corn made a gain of 1-2c. on buying and shippers.

Oats only secured about 1-16c. improvement, but ruled firm all day.

Provisions experienced an increase in business at a moderate advance in prices.

The leading luis	Ares FR	nken me n		Chlong
today.	-	****	*	01
	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos
December	6334	64 4	. 63	64
May	70%	71%	20%	71
November	3856	39	38%	38
December	38 5	38%	38	38
May	4216	13	4314	43
November	283	285	28%	28
December	28 %	20	28 %	2)
PORK-	32%	32%	22.	32
January 1	4 60	14 70	14 52%	14 55
November	9 45	9 45	9 45	5 45
January		8 62 2	8 83	8 67
January	7 55	7 62 %	7 5	7 55

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter. By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager. CHICAGO, November 3.—Cables this morning were rather lifeless and reported foreign markets nominally unchanged. The St. Pau CHICAGO. November 3.—Cables this morning were rather lifeless and reported foreign markets nominally unchanged. The St. Paul road reports that their loadings of spring wheat yesterday were the largest for any single day in the week, and even larger than the same day last year. New York reports toreign buying there. Primary receipts were liberal and exports some larger and appear to be improving. Our market during the forepart of the session was sort of an indifferent one, trade being largely local. Northwest receipts are attracting the attention of speculators at the present time more than any other item, and there is considerable talk afloat regarding them. Reports are conflicting from that quarter, some stating that farmers' delivertes will likely continue liberal for a month vet, while others say that they have fallen 1-2 to 2-3 this week, and intimate that they will probably continue to do so. As the trade considers that the future action of the market hinges largely on these deliveries all gossip is carefully studied. The better export business is also having a buoyant effect, and together with the four output in the morthwest is considered a health feature. During the latter part of the session buying by a local party and some for New York account caused a sharp advance. Fardetidge was reported the best seller again. part of the session buying by a local party and some for New York account caused a sharp advance. Pardridge was reported the best seller again.

May corn sold at 43 cents. The cash demand from all quarters is good, especially for foreign accounts. The speculative market is broadening out, and the advance recorded seems to be on a firm basis. Local parties were the best buyers.

Outs followed corn. There is no special feature to the market except fair cash demand. Stocks of provisions turned out a little larger for pork, and smaller for lard and ribs than expected. The two latter vere higher in consequence. The cash demand wis dull at prices nominally unchanged.

#### GRAIN, PROVISIONS. ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFITS

CONSTITUTION OFFITS,

THANTA. November 3, 1833.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA. November 3 - Flour—First patent \$5.00; second patent \$4.75; extra since \$3.70; fance \$5.50; samily \$5,1063.25. Corn—No. 1 white 60c; No. 2 white 30c; mixed \$50. Oata—Texas rust proof 50; white 50c; mixed 42c. Seed rye—Georgia 75% 50. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.00; choke timothy small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 85c. Meal—Plain 60c; boiled 57c. Wheat bran—large sacks, 95c, small sacks 95. Cotto seed meal—\$1.50 @ cwt. Steam feed—\$1.10 @ cwt. Steam feed.

boiled 57c. Wheat bran-large sacks, 5%c, small sacks 58. Cotton seed meal-\$1,39 %c vet. Steam teed-\$1,10 %c vet. Steam teed-\$1,50 %c vet. Steam teed-\$1,56 %c vet. Steam te n 35d:35 ·; do. white 37d:41.

ST. LOUIS, November 3 - Flour more active; patents \$3.00\text{d}.20; fancy \$2.50\text{d}.20; family \$2.00\text{d}.20; 0. Wheat closed \( \frac{1}{2}\) ex above yesterday; No. 2 red casa \( \frac{1}{2}\); November 59's; December 60'\tilde{\text{b}}\) id; May 65'\tilde{\text{d}}\. Corn closed \( \frac{1}{2}\) divelope yesterday; No. 2 mixed cash \( \frac{3}{2}\) dide5'\tilde{\text{b}}\; No vember 36; December 35'\tilde{\text{b}}\) id; May 58\( \frac{1}{2}\) did. Oats \( \frac{1}{2}\) m. No. 3 cash 26'\tilde{\text{b}}\; No did; November 26'\tilde{\text{b}}\; id).

BALTIMORE November 3 - Flour dult nobes 26'\tilde{\text{b}}\; id).

ber 28; May 314 bid.

BALTIMORE, November 3-Flour dulk unchanged
Howard street and western superfine \$2.00g 2.56 extra
\$2.40g 2.96; family \$3.70g 3.50. Wheat steady; No. 2 red
spot and November 651,6605; milling wheat by samplc 65@67. Corn steady; white new 4.@45; yellow new
41@44.

41664.; Winter patents \$1. Flour easier, winter patents \$3,206,250; winter straights \$2.75@3.10; spring patents \$3,25. No. 2 spring wheat \$2^\*; No. 3 spring \$166.; No. 2 red \$2^\*; No. 2 corn \$1^\* in. No. 2 cats \$2^\* in. CinCinNaTi, November 3.—Plour steady, family \$2.25 (20.25); fancy \$1.80@3.00. Wheat firm; No. 2 red \$9. Corn firm but quiet; No. 2 mixed \$9^\* in. Quiet duli; No. 2 mixed \$9. Oats duli; No. 2 mixed \$9.

Groceries Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 3 - Roasted coffee - Arbuckle's 24.00 % 100 % cases Liou 25.16c; Levering's 25.16c; Green-Extra choice 22c; choice good 21c; air 30c common 18,5150. Singar-Graudisted 6c; powdered 6c; choice 25c; choice good 21c; air 30c; common 18,5150. Singar-Graudisted 6c; powdered 6c; choice 36c; prime 35,840c; choice 37c; and 37c; and

\$1.50@1.80. Powder—Riffe, ke 18, \$2.25 \ kegs \$1.35 \ kers \$1.30. Powder—Riffe, ke 18. \$2.25 \ kegs \$1.35 \ kers \$1.35. Powder—Riffe, ke 18. \$2.25 \ kegs \$1.35 \ kers \$1.35 \

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, November 3—Provisions steady and dull; pork, standard mess \$18.00. Lard, prime steam \$.7a. Dry sait meats, loose aboulders 1.00; long clear \$.25; clear ribs \$2.25; short clear \$1.05. Bacon, boxed shoulders 1.75; long clear \$10.25; doi: 10.25; doi

ribs, looseft.0048.1214. Dry sait shoulders boxed 7.006 7.2% short clear sides boxed 5.00605.25. NCINNATI. November J - Pork quiet at \$16.50 firm at 9.60. Bulk meats stronger; short ribs Bacon firm but quiet; short clear 10.25.

5.75. Bacon firm but quiet; short clear 18.78.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA. November 3 - Eggs 17 418. Butter - Western creamery 30,825c; fancy Tennessee 20,322,c; choice 168,32c; etchice 168,32c; strong Tennessee 20,322,c; choice 168,32c; strong chickens, large 30,213c; median 124,315c; small 10,912; ducks 18c; 20,322,c; Dressed poultry - Turkers 15,415c; ducks 18c; chickens 125,9415. Trish potatoes - \$2,50,82.75 \$\pi\$ bit; fancy \$\pi\$ bu. 750,841.00. Sweet potatoes, 40,515c \$\pi\$ bit; fancy \$\pi\$ bu. 750,841.00. Sweet potatoes, 40,515c \$\pi\$ bit; fancy \$\pi\$ bu. 750,841.00. Sweet potatoes, 40,515c \$\pi\$ but 150,621.00. Country \$\pi\$ Country \$\pi\$ country \$\pi\$ bu. 750,841.00. Sweet potatoes, 40,515c \$\pi\$ but 150,621.00. Country \$\pi\$ country \$\pi\$ but 150,621.00. Country \$\pi\$ country \$\pi\$ but 150,621.00. Country \$\pi\$ \$\pi\$ but 150,621.00. Country \$\pi\$ but 150

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, November 3—Apples—Fancy 35.00@3.50;
Baldwin \$4.50@4.75; Shockley \$2.00@2.56. Lemons—Messias \$2.00@3.50; Florida \$1.50@4.50; Lemons—Messias \$2.00@3.50; Florida \$1.50@4.50; Orranges, Florida—51.50@2.75; b box. Coconuts 38.464; Pineapples \$1.10@1.50; d box. Coconuts 38.464; Pineapples \$1.10@1.50; d box. Coconuts 38.464; Pineapples \$1.10@1.50; d box. Ore. Corrants 6g7c. Leghorn citron 30 515c. Nuts—Almonde 16, peans 18246c. Brazil 118, 129c. Fliberts 119c. Walnits 129c. Brazil 118, 129c. Fliberts 119c. Walnits 129c. Shock Peanuts—Virginia, electric light \$4.66c; lanoy handloked \$4.65c; North Carolina \$1.46c; Georgie 4.54.9c. Fruits and Confections

Naval Stores. SAVANNAH, November 3 - Spiritr turpentine firm at 27's for regulars; good demand with sales of all receipts. Rosin firm and in good demand; sales 4,000 bble; A. B. C and D \$1.02's; E \$1.07's; F \$1.12's; O \$1.17's; H \$1.40; I \$1.55; K \$2.10's \$1.55; N \$3.45; window glass \$1.5; waterwhite \$3.90.

NEW YORK, November 3 - Rosin steady; strained common to good \$1.20,g1.22's; turpentine steady at 30 \$620's. onimon to good at a companies of the state o

Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, November 3-Bagging - 1% h 5%; 2 h

5; 2% h 5%. Ties-50 h \$1.00: 45 h \$1.95.

MEETING NOTICES,

The regular annual meeting of the stock-holders of the Seaboard Air-Line Bolt Railroad Company will be held in the office of the company, No. 747 Equitable building, on Friday, November 10th HASELL THOMAS, oct 22 thooys 10. oct 22-tomov 10:

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Alderman

I am a candidate for alderman from the south side, subject to the action of the committees to be selected by ward primaries.

H. A. BOYNTON. The friends of H. C. SAWTELL announce his name as a candidate for alderman from

the south side at the ensuing city election. The friends of MR. JAMES CAMPBELL The friends of ant. James Campelly amounted him as a candidate for the city council from the third ward. They will support him as the friend of economy and good government. Subject to citizens' movement.

The Fourth Ward.

MR. WILLIAM J. CAMPBELL is announced by prominent citizens of the fourth ward and elsewhere as a candidate for the city council to succeed Mr. W. P. Hill.

Sixth Ward.

Charles E. Harman is announced as a candidate for councilmans from the sixth ward, subject to the ward primary, November 6th, next.

I AM a candidate for councilman from the sixth ward and hereby solicit the support of my friends and fellow citizens. John T. Mocdy.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for councilman of the sixth ward and earnest-ly solicit the support of my friends and fel-low citizens. Ward Primary November 6th G. G. ROY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MARSHALL J. CLARKE, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga. Offices, 21 1-2 East Alabama street.

E. B. RUTLEDGE,
Architect,
Equitable Building.

HALL BROTHERS.
Civil and mining engineers, 67 Gate City bank building. Attanta, 68. Surveys of all kinds. Special attention given to mines, quarries and hydraulics july20-1y.

Egnest C. Konts.

Ben. J. Conyers.

KONTZ & CONYERS.

Attorneys at law.

Hook and Ladder building, 6 1-2 S. Broad St. B. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, LAWYERS, Offices-1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe Building, 39 1-2 Whitehall street. Telephone 529. Claud Estes.

Malcolm D. Jones.

ESTES & JUNES,

Attorneys at law, Macon Ga.

aug13-3m.

PAUSE & MARGRAP,
Fresco Artists,
At Tripod Paint Company. (Old capitol.)

LESUER & RUNGE, Offices, second floor Inman building.

Go to the R. M. Rose Co. for pure Liquors. They know the business' Prices reasonable.

The Direct World's Fair Line.



Are you going to the world's fair or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so ask your ticket agent for ticket via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Chichnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon. Elegant throug cars with Pullman vestibuled trains to Chicago via Louisville and Cincinnati, with magnificent parlor, dining and compartment cars.

FLANK J. REED, Gen. Pass. Agent.

W. H. M'DOEL, General Manager.

Notice.

We have handled what was claimed to be a We have handled what was claimed to be a superior brand of sausage, but are now handling C. A. Rauschenberg's "Ali-Pork Smoked Sausage." We have tried other brands made here to our dissatisfact.on and find this sausage superior to any we have used, or can procure. Buy no sausage for "All Pork" unless marked "C. A. R." We are his so'e agents and handle his entire production, which is a special brand gotten up for one trade. Every box guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction; no m.ddie man's profits and no other brand handled by us. Send orders direct to us. J. W. Phillips Co., oct25 1m

#### Receiver's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the superior court of said county rendered on September 13, 1893, in the case of W. E. Springer & Co., et al. vs. Fenn Lumber Company, the undersigned will sell on the first Tuesday in November next, the same being the 7th day of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. 'at Fenn, Ga., property formerly belonging to said Fenn Lumber Company, consisting of one tract of land lying and being on both sides of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad at Fenn, Ga., containing ninety-one acres, more or less, on which is situated five dwelling houses, about forty tenant houses, one storehouse, one bara and stables, one blacksmith shop, and one sawmill building.

Also one Eric City engine, fifty horse power; one Eric City boiler, seventy horse power, and one Eric City engine, thirty horse power, and one Eric City holler, fifty horse power; the one Eric City soller, fifty horse power; where the city holler fifty horse power is improved twin-engine feed; one steam jump saw; one cut-off saw complete, with all necessary belts, pulleys, shafting, etc.; one stave and lathe mill and fixtures; one Ffield tram engine, and all other fixtures, machinery, tools and implements of every kind and description now owned by the said Fenn Lumber Company; also one mile of 28-peund railroad iron; also four mules, twenty-six head of oxen, seven log carts, with yokes and chains complete.

seven log carts, with yokes and chains complete.

Also forty-two acres of land adjoining the land hereinbefore described, now used as a corn field, and all other property of every description now owned by said Fenn Lumber Company.

Also one sawmill and sawmill fixtures, known as the Sinquefield mill: five oxen, two log carts and one dust cart, two pole road trucks and shop tools. The said last named property to be sold separately.

Terms of saie, one-third cash, balance in six and twelve months.

Title retained until purchase money is paid in full. This, October 2, 1593.

A. E. COLWELL, Receiver.

FINANCIAL

W. H. PATTERSON. Dealer in Investment Securities OLD CAPITOL BUILDING.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN, Dealer in Bonds and Stocks. Loans Negotiated.

13 East Alabama Street.

#### DARWIN G. JONES. No. 1 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga

STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS, INVESTMENT SECURITIES Correspondence invited by regard to

WANTED.

LARGE LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES purchased for each, or loans made thereon. Endowments, toutine and distribution policies, specialties. ANDERSON & JOHNSTON, 31-33 Kentucky National bank building, Louis with Kr.

#### John W: Dickey, Stock and Bond Broker, AUGUSTA, GA.

Correspondence Invited. RAILROAD SCHEDULES Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE. DEPART.
SEABOARD AIR-LINE.
(GEORGIA, CABOLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION.)

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA. | Savannah | 7 45 am | To Savannah | 8 00 am | Macon | 10 25 am | To Macon | 4 00 pm | Savannah | 8 05 pm | To Savannah | 6 55 pm | WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILBOAD. 
 From Marietta.
 8 40 am; To Nashville
 8 00 am

 From Nashville.
 7 45 ah; To Chicago
 10 30 am

 From Chattanoogal?
 15 pm
 To Chattanooga.
 3 00 pm

 From Chicago
 5 00 pm
 To Nashville
 6 30 pm

 From Nashville
 6 25 pm
 To Nashville
 8 20 pm
 ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'm'y \*7 00 am To Selma ....... \*5 25 am From Montg'm'y \*11 40 am To Montgomery ...\*4 10 pm From Selma\*...... 4 45 pm To Montgomery ...\*5 00 pm RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.) From Wash'gton \*5 20 am To Richmood ... 8 50 am From Cernelia ... 8 15 am To Washington ... 12 \$\emptyset{0}\$ m To Washington ... 4 35 pm From Washington \$\frac{4}{5}\$ pm To Cornelia ... 4 35 pm From Washington \$\frac{4}{5}\$ pm To Cornelia .Sunday only ... 250 pm From Washington \$\frac{4}{5}\$ pm To Washington ... 5 45 pm THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

| From Birmingham 6 20 am | To Birmingham 6 30 am | From Greenville... 11 40 am | To Greenville... 4 10 pm | From Tailapoosa. 8 40 am | To Tailapoosa. 6 60 pm | From Lithia Spgs | To Litha Springs | Sunday only ... 8 50 pm | Sunday only ... 8 40 am | GEORGIA RAILROAD. From Augusta\*.... 5 30 am To Augusta\*..... From Covington... 7 45 am To Union Point\*. From Covington... 7 45 am To Union Point\*... 4 00 pm From Union Pt.\*...10 25 am To Covington ...... 6 20 pm From Augusta\*\*... 1 55 pm To Augusta\*\*.... 11 15 pm EAST TENN. VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y.

GEORGÍA MIDLAND AND GULF.
(VIA CENTRÁL RAILROAD TO GRIPFIN)

From Columbus.... 10 25 am To Columbus...... 8 00 am From Columbus... 8 05 pm To Columbus....... 4 00 pm ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.
From Ft. Valley... 10 to am | To Fort Valley... 3 45 pm

# Humphreys Castleman

## Bonds, Stocks and Real Estate 13 East Alabama Street.

Richardson street, corner lot 60x184, the Richardson street, corner tot 00x184, the finest lot on the south side, beautiful, overlooking the city, fine trees.

Juniper street, corner lot 50x 100 feet front, west side, fine trees, water, gas, curbing, sidewalks, sewer and electric light; most desirable; right at Peachtree with aspinit desirable; right at paving paving.
Forest avenue, fine corner lot, brick residence with modern improvements, 106 feet dence with modern improvements, all modern modern and modern moder dence with modern improvements, 106 feet froit.

Kimball street, two-story frame, all modern improvements, surroundings the very finest in all Atlanta; a splendid home.

Third street, a beautiful lot, elevated, between the Peachtrees, 60x150, a corner—a gem for a home: see it.

Richardson street, near Windsor, lot 50x295, Juniper street, at Peachtree, 50x200 and 10x200; very choice.

Spring street, close in, lot 100x200; finely improved. A bargain. Terms easy.

#### GEORGE WARE, No. 2 South Broad St.

\$550-Curran street, 58x100, near Hemphil \$550—Ourran street, 58x100, near Hempilia avenue and Emmet street. This is a bargain. \$350—Lee's avenue, 47x146; alley on side and 20-foot street in rear; very cheap. \$2,000—Highland avenue, 4-room cottage, new and neat, 50x138, belgian block, sidewalk and car line. Terms \$100 cash, \$25 per month \$2,250—Pryor street, best part of street, 50x150 to alley; former price \$3,500. A big snap, 50x150 to alley; former price \$3,500. A big snap.

\$6,000 — Windsor street, 8-room, two-story residence, 50x290.

\$1,700 — Ira street, near Hood street, 5-room house and 3-room house. Come and see this, \$2,500 — Stonewall street, 5-room house and stable, 50x185, on very easy terms; nice place, \$600 — PuBlam street, 50x142 to alley. Cheap, \$2,000 — Smith street, 5 rooms, 50x150; shaded, on easy payments.

\$3,500 — Park avenue, 6-room cottage, 50x200, east front, new, 4resh and clean; very pretty.

\$3,500 — Morrison avenue, 7 rooms; new, 50x150, right at Boulevard; easy payments.

\$5,500 — Woodward avenue, corner lot, two 5-room cottages, 80x150; room for another house. souse. \$3,000 Jackson street, 50x160, one of the best lots on the street.

I have a number of farms, large and small, to exchange for city property and city property to exchange for farms.

GEORGE WARE.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Northen & Dunson

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Building.
WEST PEACHTREE—Large lot. 90x200, to alley, fronting east on West Peachtree, near Linden avenue, for \$9,000.
\$5,250 FOIR CAPTIOL AVENUE house and lot: best part of streat. ot; best part of street. \$5,000-LARGE LOT, WEST PEACHTREE. \$5,000—LARGE LOT, WEST PEACHTREE.
100x415 feet to another street; elevated and
covered with an oak grove and located just
outside of city.
\$3,000 FOR A LARGE CORNER LOT on
Capitol avenue. 114x200 feet to an alley.
\$7,000 FOR 8-ROOM. 2 STORY, MODERN
RESIDENCE on Washington street.
NORTHEN & DUNSON.

G. W. ADAIR. G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE,

14 Wall Street,

Kimball House. Central Lot, Clifford St.

Auction Tuesday, 7th, Before Court House Door

11 O'CLOCK. Administrator's Sale.

Be on hand and get a bargain. FOR RENT. The Hotel Marion,

\_\_\_IN\_\_\_ ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

The Hotel Marion will be ready for occupancy on 1st of December and is offered for rent to an approved tenant.
This hotel is situated on North Pryor street, three blocks from the union depot, near the opera house and business center of the city.

It has forty-six bedrooms all well lighted

near the opera house and business center of the city.

It has forty-six bedrooms, all well lighted and ventilated and nearly all in suites with bath attached, large office and reading room, parlor, large dluing room, breakfast room, laundry room and four servants' rooms.

The building is four stories, with handsome exterior appearance and is fitted up with all the conveniences and comforts of a modern first-class hotel; heated by steam, lighted by gas or electricity, fitted up with handsome combination fixtures, hydraulic elevator and call and recall electric bells.

In addition to steam heat each room is surnished with a grate for coal with tasty hard wood mantels.

Every room in the house is beautifully ery room in the house is beautifully oed.

#### For further information address G. W. APAIR. 14 Wall Street, Atlanta, Ga. nov 4 7 11 14 sat tues. ISAAC LIEBMAN, Real Estate, Renting and Loans,

No. 28 Peachtree Street,

Some beautiful homes in West End, on Lea Some beautiful homes in West End, on Lee street, on easy terms.

Nice house and large lot on Sells avenue; \$500 cash, balance monthly.

\$1,800-\$400 cash and \$20 per month-fornice 4-room house, front and back porch, lot 50x150, on West Klambali street.

\$2,500 for nice 5-room house, lot 79x135, on Ashby street, West End; \$300 to \$500 cash, balance \$25 per month. \$2,500 for nive 5-room house, lot 73x155, on Ashby street, West End; \$300 to \$500 cash, balance \$25 per month.
\$3,750 buys a house and lot, 50x200, on Nelson street, close in.
\$2,500 buys 22 acres of excellent land with good, new, 4-room house, tenement, new barns, corn cribs, sheds, tool, buggy and chicken houses, running fence ail around place, 8 males from center of city, on Powers' Ferry road. An exceptional good place.
d have a cheap piece of property on Walton street for sale chea. Big money in same if head three years.
\$1,000 buys 4-room house, lot 40x100, on Adams street, just off Boulevard.
I have a lot 44x125 to shey on Linden avenue that can be bought at a bargain.
\$1,100 buys lot 50x175 running through to Box street on Linden avenue, \$500 cash, balance in five years. Worth \$1,500.
I can sell you a piece of property renting for \$500 per month for \$5,500; one-half cash, balance monthly. The property is in good condition and well located.
\$2,000 buys house and lot 50x200 on Elliott street. Alabanan street, when opened, will strike this property. Never offered for less than \$3,000.
I make a specialty of collecting roats.

than \$3,000.
I make a specialty of collecting rents.
ISAAC LIEBWAN,
28 Peachtree Street.

#### W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate Agents, No. 14 North Pryor Street, Kimball House

Entrance.

Entrance.

New Scroom, 2-story, model house, built with every care, all ready to move in, close to Washington street, on Georgia avenue, which is destined to be one of the most desirable residence streets in the city, electric cars at the door and four lines within two blocks; large lot, lies beautifully.

On the first floor are vestibule hall, parlor, library, dining room, butter's pantry, storeroom, kitchen, lavatory and closet, stairway in back hall, side and front entrance to the house. house.

Up stairs are four large bedrooms, with dressing room and closet to each large trunk-room and bataroom.

Attle finished for storing away surplus goods.
Electric call bells in every room, beautiful hard-wood mantels, with tiled hearths and facings, handsome gas fixtures, tiled walks to front and side entrances.
The most approved sanitary plumbing—water can be turned off in the house to drain entire

can be turned off in the nouse to drain entire premises.

Handsome stained glass windows in front room and on stair inding. The entire house beautifully finished in hard oil, except kitchen. To an approved purchaser, we offer at a price that is less than you could build one for, viz: \$5,150: only 8650 cash. \$40 per month for 50 months, together with a 5-year mortgage for \$2,500.

W. M. SCOTT & CO.

H. L. Atwater, President, A. J. Orme, Vice President, Wm. C. Hale, Secretary and Gen. Man. SOUTHERN MUTUAL BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION 21 NORTH PRYOR, Corner Decatur, ATLANTA, GA.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE. Our installment stock is a profitable and safe investment.

We issue a 7 per cent guaranteed certificate, provided money is left one year.

Our paid in capital and profits are larger than any bank in the city.

American Trust and Banking Co. Capital, \$500,000. Undivided Profits, \$50,000

LIABILITIES SAME AS NATIONAL BANKS.

DIRECTORS—W. P. Inman, P. H. Harraison, J. D. Turner, Joel Hurt, M. C. Kiser, R. F. Shedden, J. R. Gray, James W. English, George W. Blabon, of Philadelphia; Edward C. Peters, C. C. McGehee, W. A. Russell, Charles Beermann.
Authorized to do a general banking and exchange business; solicits accounts of banks, business firms and individuals.

This corporation is also especially authorized to act as trustee for corporations and individuals, to countersign and register bonds, certificates of stock and other securities, and is a legal depository for all classes of trust funds.

H. F. MADDOX, J. W. RUCKER, W. L. PEEL, H. C. BAGLEY, G. A. NICOLSON,
Provident. Vice Presidents. Cashier. Assistant Cashier.

# Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.

Capital, \$160.000. Charter Liability, \$320,000. Transact a general Banking business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties changing or opening new accounts; issue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 4 per cent if left 60 days; 5 per cent if left six months. REAL ESTATE SALES.

LOTS SELLING:

People Coming PeopleBuilding.

Three Railroads. School House.

Electric Lights. Hotel and Church.

# EAST LAKE BOOMING!-

t very mildly. It is growing, and growing fast. Within the past three weeks we have sold over ninety lots, amounting to the grand

#### \$20,000.

The people are coming. It don't look like hard times around East Lake-everything full of life. Look any time during the day and you will see parties with maps in hand picking out and locating the lots which the company ing this coming season will be heavy. Over course of erection. There is already an electhe property, and the Decatur dummy runs portion of East Lake property, and the third line will run from Grant park direct to the

every fifteen minutes from postoffice and the Markham house. The new school house will

be ready early in 1894. East Lake will soon have a grand system of electric lights. The kotel is a certainty, and row the people want a church. The company proposes to deed a large lot for that purpose. Remember East Lake is only four and a haif miles due east from the center of Atlanta Call on or address T. C. Hampton, Secretary, for maps and price list, or

HAMPTON & HERMAN, Real Estate Agents for the Company. 15 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga.

Sam'l W. Goode, Att'y. Albert L. Beck

#### GOODE & BECK'S REALESTATE OFFERS

miles from Gloster, on G., C. and N. R. 1, 250 acres cultivated, 140 acres open bottom, 200 acres well timbered, all lies well; 4 branches and a spring in each field; 5 tenement houses, 6-r. dwelling, barn and stables for 30 head of cattle; kitchen, servants' rooms, 3 cribs, 700 bushels capacity each; strongs, 400 ACRES 20 miles from Atlanta, 1 1-2 3 cribs, 700 bushels capacity each, place in good condition. Price \$15 per acre, or will exchange for Atlanta property.

ROME, GA.—Some of the choicest homes and best vacant property for sale, or to exchange for Atlanta property.

PULLIAM STREET—New 6-R. cottage, lot

0x105 feet to alley, nice shade, fine well, orth \$2,500, to exchange for Decatur, Ga., property.

EAST END—On Decatur dummy line, new LAST END—On Decatur dummy line, new Last dwelling, corner lot, Sug200 feet, worth \$2,000, to exchange for a farm.

POWERS STREET—Near W. Peachtree on the control of the electric line, 7-r. dwelling, all late conve-niences, lot 50x200 feet, fronting both Powers and Simpson streets, choice central home, \$7,000. Will take other vacant or improved grow. Will take other vacant or improved ity property in part pay.

FOR YOUR HOME we can suit you with a Peachtree or West Peachtree or Piedmont ivenue lot. Come and see us.

BEAUTIFUL VACANT LOTS and cottage names in West End, Edgewood, Kirkwood and becauter. Gas Corasion. ecatur, Ga., for saie. CAPITOL AVENUE-Lots and cottages for

CHOICE LARGE AND SMALL FARMS to xchange for Atlanta property.

CORNER GA. AVE. AND CAPITOL AVE.

6 rooms, lot 44x130 feet, on two electric -6 rooms, lot 44x1.30 feet, on two electric lines, \$3,000. \$2,500 AND \$3,000 for vacant lots half block from Penchtree car line and less than a block from the homes of Merrs. Dickson, Cuipep-per and Freeman.

OENTRAL STORE worth \$8,000, always rented, to exchange for a good home worth that sum.

rented, to take the control of that sum.

MARIBUTA, GA.—Homes and farms near MARIBUTA, GA.—Homes and farms near MARIETTA, GA,—Homes and farms near there for sale and for exchange.

ANGIER AVENUE VACANT LOT, 55x200 feet on a corner, one block east of Boulevard, between and fronting elegant homes and occupied by choice neighbors.

NEAR TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOL, Kimball street, 5-r. cottage, lot 48x150 feet to alley, \$2,250; will take 15 to 20 acres farm land in part pay. SHERMAN LAW REPEALED, money will sherman the will be better." Place your e easier, "times will be better." Place yeal estate with us for sale or exchange. xpense to you unless we succeed. corner Peachtree and Marletta Streets

## ANSLEY BROS.

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE

\$1,000 for a pretty 6-room house that rents for \$17 per month, with nice lot, fronting on electric car line; thiely located on north side, fourth ward, and not far out. By bargain. \$5,500 for a lovely home on one of the best cross streets on north side, just half block off of Peachtree and in elegant neighborhood; 8-room house and beautiful lot. Capitol Avenue—We have the biggest bargain on the street in a handsome lot 51x190, this side Georgia ave.
\$4,000 for a beautiful 6-room cottage one block and a half east of Peachtree st.; nice lot and splendid neighborhood.
\$2,000 for a beautiful lot; 50x122, east front and in half block of two car lines. In fine neighborhood and north side.
We have several very nice cottage bomes on good streets that we can sell at big bargains and on easiest kind of terms; also plenty of \$7,000 for a lovely home at Edgewood, new 9-room house and large, beautiful lot; with plenty of fruit, flowers, etc.; very close to two electric lines, beautiful location and eiegant neighborhood. An exceptionally fine bargain. Eessy terms.
Decatur—We can suit anybody in the world that wants to buy at Decatur in any kind of property, homes, beautiful lots, acreage tracts, farms or anything else, and have some very fine bargains, especially in homes and vacant lots.
Farm—Nice 60-acre farm northeast of Atlanta, with about 20 acres in cultivation and baiance heavily timbered; also fair improvements; just good distance from city. Price, \$30 per acre; easy terms.

\*\*MONEY TO LOAN\*\*
\$1.200 that we can lend at reasonable rate on good real estate security.
To Rent—Nice desk room in our office, with use of telephone.

Other 12 E. Alabama st. 12 Phone 363.

## NO LIST FOR HORNE.

He Called for a Copy of the Registered Yoters of Macon.

MR. SMITH DECLINED TO GIVE IT.

Now the Only Way to Get It Is Through the Courts-Footpads Hold Up Two Young Men.

Macon, Ga., November 3 .- (Special.)-Everything is politics now and today brought quite the greatest sensation of the campaign up to date.

The two candidates for mayoralty honors are Henry Horne and Bob Smith, as they are familiarly known by their acquaintances. They are aggressive men and hard

Mr. Horne is generally understood to stand for everything in sight as to voters, with a good, solid platform, but, so far as his administration policy is concerned, should he be elected, it is understood that will be unlike past administrations in some respects. In other words he is considered the anti-administration candidate.

Mr. Smith, by reason of his connection with the present administration and his close personal friendship for the gentlemen composing its official body, is understood to be the administration candidate, with a platform that is as meritorious as could be

#### Wants the List.

But the sensation came when Mr. Horne went to the city hall today, the official domicile of the faction he is supposed to be fighting, and demanded a copy of the registration list, and was turned down by

registration list, and was turned down by Bridges Smith.

The system of registration in vogue at the city hall has been discussed a good deal of late. In other cities it is customary to publish the registration lists in the daily papers and hence the chances for irregularities are few and there is little room for dissatisfaction. In this city, however, it is said that the system is loose and little information is vouchsafed the anxious inquirer in regard to the status of affairs. On yesterday Mr. Horne made a formal demand on Clerk Bridges Smith for a copy of the registration list through his attorney, Colonel N. E. Harris. Mr. Smith replied that he did not feel authorized to comply without the consent of the mayor or city attorney. City Attorney Wimberly is out of the city, but it was runored this morning that mandamus proceedings would be instituted immediately to obtain access to the lists if they were not to obtain access to the lists if they were not forthcoming, and possibly the entire regis-tration up to date might be thrown out and a new start would have to be made.

A cardidate said tonight: "I have not man-damused Clerk Smith yet, but as soon as I ascertain what my rights are in the premises ascertain what my rights are in the premises I will, if I am not supplied with a copy of the registration list. Registration in this town is the most damnable and outrageous fraud ever perpetrated on a people, and I willingth it till I fail or see that every man in this town is allowed to vote as he pleases and that his vote is counted. If I am elected the victory will and must be fair and honest, and if defeated, the same. I am going to make things hotter than they have ever been here before." hotter than they have ever been here before Action Delayed.

Judge Bartlett is out of the city and consequently no mandamus could be issued. The proceedings are, therefore, necessarily delayed either until Judge Bartlett's return or until some other judge can be found to

#### Smith Captures Huff.

Major W. A. Huff has hitherto fought the administration bitterly, but he is now backing Smith and fighting under the banner as carnestly as if it had always been his standard. He has taken off his coat and gone into the fray with all the vigor and carnestness that has characterized his unique career in the past.

#### Major Armstrong Buried.

The remains of Major Charles Armstrong arrived from Eastman this morning and were escorted by a delegation of prominent

Masons of that place.

The remains and funeral party were met at the depot by a delegation of local Masons, and many of the visitors to the grand lodge, which has just adjourned, also a large number of friends of the deceased. The procession was formed and moved at once toward Rose Hill cemetery, where the interment was made.

There was a bold attempt at highway robbery on Oglethorpe street last night. As Oscar Harris and Clifford Ricks were walk-Oscar Harris and Clifford Ricks were walking up Oglethorpe street, returning from town, they were stopped by two negroes, saying, "You withte folks don't believe in ghosts, but there is surely one in the Pool lot." The boys turned with the negroes, after hearing their ghost tale, thinking that they would find nothing but some one drunk; but after getting in the Pool lot and looking for the negroes' ghost for a few minutes, were grabbed and asked if they had any money and demanded if they did to give it up, and that in short order. But the negroes frightened the boys so that they fought manfully and the robbers saw that they had struck the wrong boys for a successful raid and turn-

robbers saw that they had struck the wrong boys for a successful raid and turned them loose and ran for life through the alleys. The two young gentlemen only lost a few dollars in the scuffle, which they are inclined to think that the negroes did not get after all, but their experience was exciting enough to keep them from sleeping good last night.

The Grand Lodge Officers.

The Grand Lodge Officers.

The following is a full list of the Masonic grand lodge officers who were Installed yesterday:

John S. Davidson, grand master; C. P. Gordon, grand senior warden; J. P. Shannon, grand junior warden; A. M. Wolibin, grand eccretary; W. B. Daniel, grand treasurer; Rev. R. W. Hubert, grand chaplain; Henry Banks, grand marshal; J. D. Harrell, grand senior deacon; J. T. Harrison, grand junior deacon; J. T. Harrison, grand first steward; B. F. Turmond, grand second steward; W. B. Haygood, grand third steward; T. W. Freeman, grand tyler,

Jack Gloss Is Dead. Macon, Ga., November 3.—(Special.)—Jack Gloss, one of the most celebrated characters in the tough element of Macon, died at 7

## A Weak Digestion strange as it may seem, is caused from a lack of that which is

never exactly digested-fat. The greatest fact in connection with

# **Scott's Emulsion**

appears at this point—it is partly digested fat-and the most weakened digestion is quickly strengthened by it.

The only possible help in Consumption is the arrest of waste and renewal of new, healthy ssue. Scott's Emulsion has done wonders in Consumption just this way.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggist

o'clock tonight. He was best known as the proprietor of the "Heifer Pen," one of the most noted dives that ever besmirched the name of Macon. The pen was raided some time ago and broken up. From that time Gloss has been going down grade, till he died in the shell of the oid dive that was his pride. A detective said tonight that if he knew as much about the crimes and criminals as Gloss did when he died, he could jail 500 med in a week. nen in a week.

#### INTEREST AT ATHENS.

Even Politica Is Forgot on the Eve of the Football Match. Athens, Ga., November 3.—(Special.)--Athens is in a fever of excitement over the great football match to be played tomorrow between the University of Georgia and the Technological school, of Atlanta. This will be the first big football game on Geor-

will be the first big football game on Georgia soil for the present season and it will doubtless draw very large crowds from surrounding cities to witness it.

Athens will turn out to cheer the university on to victory. Municipal politics and other subjects of absorbing interest which are now distracting the Athens populace will be 'aid aside for tomorrow and football will be the order of the day.

The "tech" team is composed of heavier men than the "varsity," but what the Athens boys lack in weight they make up in skillful and scientific team playing.

in skillful and scientific team playing.

There is no doubt that neither team will have a walkover. They are fairly matched, all things considered, and that the fight will be one of the most exciting and interesting ever played in Georgia goes with-

out saying.

The "varsity" did not play with the The "varsity" did not play with the second eleven this afternoon, but practiced team play and signals alone. Their practice was very satisfactory to the captain and the spectators, and all who are familiar with the "varsity" play seem confident of their success. The rumors, however, of the "techs" matriculating men, who have been out of college for years merely to play football, make them uneasy, as they have no idea what sort of men they have to play.

The game will begin promptly at 3 o'clock, and the special train returning to Atlanta will leave Athens over the Seaboard Air-Line at 7 o'clock, Atlanta time, reaching Atlanta at 9 o'clock p. m.

	The teams will line up in the following
	order:
	University. Position. "Techs."
	Wrigley Left end Rowl
	Warren Left tackle Werner
*	Black Left guard Wood
4	Sellman
	Thornton Right guard Forest
	Smith Right tackle Nourse
	Fricks Right end Hill
	Butler
- 1	Shackleford Left half back Whitney
	Brown Right half back
	Brown
- 1	

#### THE "TECHS" ARE IN TRIM.

They Leave This Morning to Play Football with the Athens Boys. Captain Hunter, of the "Teeh" football team, has made the final selections of the members of the team for today's game, with the 'varsity eleven, at Athens.

Some unfortunate rumors have been circulated about the team, which may have caused some adverse rentiment. These rumors are emphatically desired by the manager of the team. Every member of the team is a bona fide student of the school and the Athens boys

may rest assured that a clean game will be played.

The team is much stronger in its general make-up than the team of last year. A profit-able experience was gained in last year's games at the expense of several defeats. This year the team is playing good ball, and the boys are confident of success in the game with Athens today.

Captain Will Hunter himself plays half-back, and is a star player. He has good control of the team.

Ed Whitney is left-back, and i a hard player.

player.

John C. Kimball is quarter-back and man-John C. Kimball is quarter-back and manages the ball in good shape.

F. O. Spain, Charles Nourse, George Forrest, Ed A. Werner, Louis Wood, Charles Haskell, T. W. Raoul, Grayson Heidt and Park Howell compose the remainder of the team.

Arrangements have been made for the transportation of a large crowd to Athens. A special train has been secured, in order to obtain a suitable schedule for the day's game. The special will leave over the Seaboard Air-Line promptly at 9 o'clock, arriving at Athens at 11. It will leave Athens at 7 o'clock.

A number of Athantians will go over with the "Techs" and the interest in the game certainty runs high. Everybody is concerned one way or another to know which team will be victorious.

victorious.

Manager Will G. Mealor, of the Technological school team, will go with the boys to Athens. The team will also be escorted by Mr. Woodail, passenger agent of the Seaboard Afr-Line.

#### THE DOCTORS DISAGREE.

Some Favor the Bill to License Physicians, While Others Are Against It.

The meeting of the general judiciary com-The funeral services were conducted at the grave by Rev. W. B. Jenkins with the Masonic ceremonies.

An Attempted Robbery.

There was a bold attempt at highway robore or Ordetbergerstreet last sights as a source of this state as to the wisdom of he house, held last night, to c

board to examine applicants to practice medicine in this state, consisting of sixteen; that thirteen of these shall be from the school of alopaths, two from the school of homeopaths and one from the eclectic school.

school. The opposition to the bill appearing at the meeting of the committee consists chiefly of representatives of the homeopathic and eclectic schools.

One of the propositions of the opponents of the bill was to substitute for the bill another, leaving the construction of the examining board the same, but allowing an applicant to be examined in materia medica and therapeutics to be examined by members of his own school.

and therapeutics to be examined by members of his own school.

Another proposition was to substitute that the board shall be composed of five from each school.

Dr. Baird and Dr. Powell, of Atlanta, spoke in favor of the bill; Dr. Orme, representing the homeopaths, spoke against it, as did Mr. John Clay Smith, of Atlanta, and ex-Senator Norwood, of Savannah. The committee adjourned at midnight without taking action on the bill. It will probably come up for consideration and final action before the committee Monday.

#### CITY NEWS.

A WILD ELECTRIC CAR.—Last night there came near being a frightful wreck of two electric cars on Houston street. Car No. 50 was running up the grade to the Methodist church, when the motorman discovered that another car was on the track at the corner just ahead. He reversed his motor and began to run backwards to the switch. The motor power got beyond the control of the brakes and the car went running at a frightful record down the steep hill where exists each speed down the steep hill where another car was waiting to pass the Highland avenue car.
The passengers leaped from the wild car in time to avoid what threatened to be a horrisble wreck.

MRS. CLARK HURT. -Yesterday afternoon MRS. CLARK HURT. -Yesterday afternoon while Mrs. Clark was passing the Equitable building some one chanced to throw a bottle into the streets from a window. The bottle struck Mrs. Clark on the forehead and knocked her senseless. She was taken into the Equitable drug store and the great gash on her forehead caused by the breaking of the glass bottle was dressed.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIA-TION TOMORROW.—The meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon will be of unusual interest. Mr. A. W. Bealer, one of the best known and most eloquent young newspaper men of the city, has been secured as the leader. His subject will be one of pertinent and practical religious interest, and his manner of treating it will be eloquent and interesting. Good music will be one of the special features of

the occasion. HIS RECOVERY IS SLOW .- Captain Eng. HIS RECOVERY IS SLOW.—Captain English is still confined to his home and though quite an improvement has taken place, he is yet very sick. He does not rest as well as his physicians—Drs. Todd and Hobbs—would like, but they are both coundent of his recovery and hopeful that he may be able to see his friends in a few days. It is rest that he needs now more than anything else.

#### WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST.

Any marked effect which might have resulted in the southeastern states last night and today, though the movement of the cold wave, which, on Thursday evening, covered the northwestern states, has doubtless been averted by a combination of unexpected cyclonic and anti-cyclonic movements. The area of low barometric pressure or cyclonic depression, which covered sure, or cyclonic depression, which covered the lake regions and extended southwest-ward to the middle gulf coast, divided near the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, the upper, or main portion, moving rapidly eastward off the north Atlantic coast, while the portion in the lower valley formed a distinct storm area, which, yesterday, remained almost stationary, deflecting the northwestern cold wave from flecting the northwestern cold wave from its southeasterly course and causing it to move further northward over the Ohio valley and lake regions, where its effects were last evening very apparent, the mercury registering from ten to twenty degrees lower than it did twenty-four hours previous. Except at Palestine, Tex., Baltimore, Md., and Kansas Ciry, Mo., yesterday was without rainfall in any locality, although somewhat threatening and cloudy weather prevailed at many points in the weather prevailed at many points in the southwest and northeast.
Forecast for today: For Georgia, generally fair weather; cooler in extreme north.

From observations taken November 3, 1893.		o'clock	р. 1	n.,
STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER	Barometria pressure	Wind velocity	Rainfall in past twelve	Max. Temperature
SOUTHEAST— Atlanta, Ga., Clear. Chariotte, N. C., clear. Jacksonville, Fla., cloudy. Knoxville, Tenn., cloudy. Mob.le, Ala., clear, Montgomery, Ala., clear, Pensacola, Fla., clear. Savannah, Ga., clear.	30.04 30.08 30.00 30.02 30.04 30.04	64 8 68 L. 68 C. 66 6 70 L. 68 L.	.00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00	74 80 72 76 76 74 80

)	Knoxville, Tenn., cloudy 30.00 68 C.	.00
	Mobile, Ala., clear	,00
	Montgomery, Ala., clear 30.04 70 L.	.00
ı	Pensacola, Fla., clear 30.04 68 L.	.00
	Savannah, Ga., clear 30.08 66 L.	00
:	Tampa, Fla., clear 30.04 72 L.	.00
•	Wilmington, N. C., clear 30.08 62 L.	.00
	SOUTHWEST-	
	Abilene, Tex., cloudy  30,06 50 L.	.00
	Corpus Chr.sti, Tex., clear. 29.84 76 20	.00
	Fort Smith, Ark., cloudy 29.98 56 L.	.00
	Galveston, Tex., clear 20.94 72 14	.00
1	Memphis, Tenn., cloudy 30.00 58 L.	.00
		.00
	New Orleans, La., clear 30.02 66 8	.00
	Palestine, Tex., cloudy 29.90 68 L.	T.
	San Antonio, Tex., clear 29.86 76 L.	2.00
	Vicksburg, Miss., cloudy. 20.92 72 8	.00
	Nicksburg, Miss., Cloudy   20.02   12   01	-
	NORTHEAST— Baltimore, Md., cloudy  20.04 56 L.	.02
	Buffalo, N. Y., clear 30.14 42 6	.00
	Bullato, N. 1., clear 30.11 14 L.	.00
	Cincinnati, O., cloudy 30 . 10 44 L.	.00
	Detroit, Mich., cloudy 30 . 14 40 L.	.00
	Lynchburg, Va., cloudy 30.06 64 L.	.00
	New York, N. Y., clear 30.06 54 10	.00
-		.00
	NORTHWEST— Chicago, Iil., clear	00
	Chicago, I.L. clear	1.00

# FROM THE HOTEL REGISTERS.

Kimball: H. C. Cooper, Savannah; George J. Woelfel, Covington, Ky.; T. A. Humphreys, Baitlmore; G. S. Patterson, Anniston; Sam Lynch, Columbus, Ga.; W. R. Coufer, Jacksonville; DeSaussure Ford, Augusta; Eugene Foster, Augusta; Asher Ayres, Stamton, Va.; D. B. Dyer, Augusta; J. A. Betting, Winston, N. C.; N. J. Farrior, Providence; L. D. Carroil, New Orleans, La.; Sam J. Benedict, Athers: H. L. Clemson, Patterson, M. I. Scally, and wife, Houston.

ton, Va.; D. B. Dyer, Augusta; J. C. ton, Val.; Val. Star. J. C.; N. J. Farrior, Provideace; L. D. Carroi, New Orieans, La.; Sam J. Benedict, Athens; H. L. Clemson, Baltimore; M. J. Scally and wife, Houston, Tox.; William Klien, Roanoke, Ala.; Eugene Christian, Nashvila; E. W. Lae, Danville, Ky.; J. P. Reed, Meridian, Miss.; G. B. Morton, Bostou, Mass.; G. P. Faks, Wayeross; E. J. Smith, Alabama.
The Aragon—W. D. Judkins, Danville, Va.; B. W. Taner, Chattanooga; W. H. Foster, Cincinnati, O.; T. M. Mullai, Y. New York; H. C. Quarets, New York; L. L. Lenox, Nashville, Tehn.; C. T. Thurgaland, Philadelphia; Edward Hart, Jr., Louisville; T. Maddox and wife, Ph. ladelphia; B. F. Sprekerman, Carlmati; J. W. Thorne, Augusta, Ga.; George F. Pepper, New York; R. P. Wood, New York; J. F. F. Cole, Chiego; J. S. Josephs, New York; W. H. Mead, Detroit; Robert C. Sparks, Detroit; B. J. Olds, Detroit; C. C. Coe, Rosson, John K. Jones, Alabama; Albert Ames, Savannah; J. W. Squires, Omaha.
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Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

#### THE CHILDREN WILL BE HAPPY. Professor Gentry's Dog and Pony Show Here Next Week.

The educated ponies and dogs that will give exhibitions under their mammoth tent in this city, at the corner of Edgewood avenue and Yonge start, six nights, beginning nue and Yonge stat, six nights, beginning Monday, November 6th, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Too much can hardly be said in praise of these highly trained animals, the exhibition that they give is so unlike other entertainments given by educated horses or dogs. There is not one dull moment on the programme, nothing that is monotonous. It is comedy from start to finish; it is high class amusement, and strictly moral. Professor Gentry has and strictly moral. Professor Gentry has spent years of time and labor in designing the most attractive way of exhibiting their intelligence. No one in the city should miss this grand opportunity. Prices are within reach of all. Children, 10 cents; adults, 20 cents.

Wurm's Orchestra Saturday night. The Model Clothing Co., 14 Marietta street.



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Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Etc., Etc. Reliab e goods Fair dealings and bottom prices.



OUR CLOTHING They are right in STYLE, Reasonable in PRICE. Reliable in QUALITY, Perfect in FIT.

EISEMAN & WEIL. 3 Whitehall St. Worsted Suits at \$15.00.

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All patients who place their cases in

DR. HATHAWAY & CO. DR. HATHAWAY & CO. can rest assured that everything will be strictly confidential. This, together with the fact that they are considered to be Atlanta's leading and successful specialists in the treatment of all delicate diseases peculiar to man and womankind, guarantees to patients that they will be cured in the shortest possible time consistent with safe and expert methods. Consultation free.



Syphilis, D;seased or Unuatural Discharges, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Night Losses, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Psoriasis, Moles, Birth Marks, Superfluous Hair, Eczenia Pimples, Ulcers, Piles, Catarrh and Diseases of

CATARRH throat, lung, liver, dyspen-

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases

KIDNEY AND URINARY weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder sediment in urine, brickdust or white; pair white urinating, frequency of; Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder of both sexes PRIVATE diseases, gleet, stricture, gonorrhea, syphilis, dydrocele, varicocele, tenderness, sweilings, weak-ness of organs, and piles, usfula, repture quickly cured without pain or letention from business.

LOST MANHOOD and ail its at tending ail ments, both of young and middle-aged men a specialty. Theawful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy, weakness of both body and brain, unfitting one for study, business and inarriage, treated with stoccus. Get cured and be a man.

LADIES If you are suffering from per struction, leucorrhoea, or whites, intolerable itching, displacement of the womb, or any other distressing ailment peculiar to your sex you should call on Dr. Hathaway & Co. without delay.

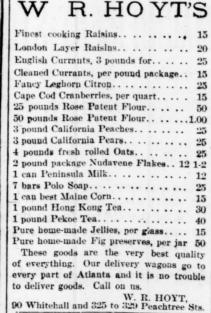
All consult them at once, as their great reputation in the past will guarantee to every one kind, honorable and satisfactory treatment. Call or address

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 22 1-2 S. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga., rooms 34 and 35, Inman building. Hours-9 to 12; 2 to 6, and 7 to 8. Sundays Mail treatment given by sending for symp-tom blanks. No 1 for men; No. 2 for women; No. 3 for skin diseases.

QUALITY!

VARIETY AND

CHEAP PRICES



Atlanta Grown Trees. Plants, shrubbery, roses, etc., of best va-rieties, specially suited to this climate, can be obtained at the

ATLANTA NURSERIES Plants first-class. Prices very low. Send for catalogue or call on W. D. BEATIE, 508 Equitable Buildi

# N. HESS' SONS

WILL OPEN AT

## 13 Whitehall Street Saturday, November 4th,

With a complete line of

CELEBRATED HESS SHOE. A handsome souvenier

given to each customr.

Charles Adler, Manager, No. 13 Whitehall Street,

Adjoining Eiseman Bros.



Three thousand merchants now sell Hawkee's spectacles, showing their great popularity over all others.

HIS OPTICAL FACTORY is one of the most complete in the United States, Have your eyes fitted with these famous glasses; no charge for testing strength of vision. Headuarters for the United States, 12 Wb12-hall street. Established twenty-three years and the state of the United States are stablished twenty-three years and the state of the state of

DR. A. W. KRUMM, The German Specialist.

Is Permanently Located at

511/2 SOUTH BROAD ST., And can be consulted, free of charge, on all chronic, private and nervous diseases, such as chronic, private and nervous diseases, such as syphilis, hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, lost manhood, night losses, piles and all unatural discharges. He supplies all of his own medicines, which cure when all others fail. He has been in this city for the last five months and is well endorsed by all who have tried him. He is also a German graduate of ten years' experience and the fortunate possessor of many great valuable medicines, entirely unknown to the profession of this tirely unknown to the profession of this country. He makes a sure cure or no charge No incurable cases undertaken; no injurious

reasonable and in reach of all.

# UNITED STATES

Mutual Accident Association 320 and 322 Broadway, New York CHAS. B. PEET, JAS. R. PITCHER, President. Sec'y and Gen't Man'gr.

JAMES T. PRINCE, State Agent, Georgia and South Carolina. 409 Equitable Building, ATLANTA, GA.

Liberal contracts made with Live Agents.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors

STATE OF GEORGIA. FULTON COUNTY
—All persons having demands against Mrs.,
Elizabeth L. Johnston, deceased, late of said
county, are hereby notified and required to Elizabeth L. Johnston, deceased, late of sale county, are hereby notified and required a present them, properly attested to the under signed within the time prescribed by law and all persons indebted to said deceased ar-hereby required to make immediate paymen to the undersigned. This, October 20, 1893. HOWARD L. CRUMLEY, Administrator, 200 Oak St., West End. oet 21—6r sat



# Brookwood FloralCo.

COLIN OGSTON, Manager.

# Growers of Choice Flowers.

Salesroom, 13 Kimbail House, Decatur St. Greenhouses at Brookwood 3 1-2 miles out on Peachtree road. Visitors cordially invited to Inspect same. Orders for shipments solicited. Telephone 175. oct24-1m

## AUCTION

At T. A. Shelton's new stables, corner Mitchell and Madison, formerly Thompson st. Just received several carloads of Kentucky and Tennessee horses, to be sold at auct on or private sale. Will have more coming in every few days. T. A. SHELTON.

## BOLLES, THE STATIONER.

8 Marietta St., Atlanta. Headquarters for Blank Books, Office Supplies, Bibles, Prayer Books, Novelties for

Ohildren. Games of all kinds, etc.

Out-of-town orders promptly attended Post stamps for sale.

TOP COLUMN---7TH PAGE.

A man came near finding \$10 yesterday— On his way up Whitehall to buy a suit and Overcoat he missed our store, at No. 38. If he had only known—We could have aved him \$10 or more—The sleepy man—Why don't he read the paper like every-body else—Some queer people in this world—They never look to their interest, but live with tree-like complacency with their condition. You won't be so foolish though condition. You won't be so foolist (as not to see our goods) will you?

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.

HATTERS, FURNISHERS.

## EAT WHAT YOU WANT;

There'll Be No Bad Effects

If you use Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. One dose will correct indigestion in five minutes and

A few doses will cure The worst forms of Dyspepsia.

There are thousands of people in Atlanta suffering on account of poor digestion. It is shown in their

Thin and sallow faces, Wasting strength And irritable tempers. No medicine that has ever been put on the market has received a more cordial reception than Tyner's

Dyspepsia Remedy. It does everything claimed for it-it cures Dyspepsia. Pleasant to the taste, a good appetizer with no bad effects. It is the very thing you need to give you a clear skin, vitality, energy and health.

Price: 50 cents per bottle.

For sale: Everywhere. CHAS. O. TYNER,

Manufacturing Chemist, Atlanta, Ga.

# SPLINT COAL, \$3 and Upwards Per Ton.

before making their purchases. We have coal of various grades, suitable for all purposes. Prompt attention, Corner Simpson

# Trunks and Traveling Bags.

A Full Line of LEATHER NOVELTIES. A BONA FIDE REDUCTION OF

25 PER CENT. LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN,

92 and 94 Whitehall Street. TO RETAIL SHOE DEALERS:

Boots and Sh We handle Shoes at wholesale exclusively and offer you not on in the city to select from, but prices that CANNOT BE MATCHE

will insure quick sales.

Our stock is complete in everything in the way of Shoes, from cents per pair) upwardy including our well-known brands, the OLD COMPANY'S in men's fine goods and the QUEEN AND CRESCEN PANY'S in ladies' fine wear.

We respectfully solicit your Shoe trade and guarantee satisfaction ticular. Send us your orders, or be sure to the us before you bur. Very the sales we have the control of the sales will be sales and surrantee satisfaction ticular.

COLEMAN, BURDEN & WARTHEN C Corner Decatur and Pryor Streets, Atlanta, (

CHAS. A. CONKLINMF'G. CO ATLANTA AND SAVANNAH.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF TIN PLATE, Tinware Manufacturers and Sheet Metal Workers.

CARRIED IN STOCK .-Galvanized Sheet Iron, Black Sheet Iron, Russia Sheet Iron, Planished Sheet Iron, Sheet Zinc, Soider,
Pig and Bar Tin,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Ingot Copper,
Antimony,

sheet Copper,

Picced Tinware, Stamped Tinware, Japanned Tinware, Galvanized Ironware, Agate and Graniteware, Stoves, Stove Furniture, Grates and House Furnishing goods American Plan \$3.00 . \$5 per day. Europesan Plan \$1.50 to \$3.50

OTELARASON, ATLANTA

FINEST AND BEST MANAGED HOTEL

Diamonds Watches, Solid Silver, Bridal Presents.

Engraving Wedding

Invitations.

J. P. STEVENS & Bro., 47 Whitehall street.

anadian club" whisky bottles with in-rior spirits-don't allow them to rob you-

bluthenthal & bickart, "b. & b.,"

whiskies and all kinds of liquors. marietta and forsyth. "four aces whisky." 'cleveland club''-dollar a quart rye.

After the Fall is Over

will need one of our Mantels st as sure as you're born When father comes home to supper, et after him, one and all, le'll want to come down and talk busi-

Aiter that bawl. Just get after the old man and make him Mantels, Grates and Tiles always on hand.

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About our having the prettiest line Diamonds, Watches. lewelry.

Silverware er shown in Atlanta. Our ability s buyers is well known.

Popular Jewelers, WHITEHALL STREET. 20 Years of marvel-

ous success in the treatment of MEN and WOMEN.

ATLANTA, CA., SPECIALIST IN Chronic, Nervous, Blood

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STERILITY, IMPOTENCE.—Those desiring to marry, but are physically incapacisteed, quickly restored. Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects,

inary, Kidney and Bladder trouble. ook and question list.

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Vehicles and Harness

Horse and Dray Covers,

27 WEST ALABAMA STREET

Full line of Horse Blankets and and Plush Robes.

Telephone 782.

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Habit.

## BALLEW INDICTED.

Charged with Holding Back a Large Amount of Pension Money.

HIS SON A PARTY TO THE BILL.

P. R. Smith, a Legalized Distiller, Indicted for Trying to Defraud the Government.
The Grand Jury Adjourns.

A number of true bills was returned by the United States grand jury yesterday af-

A. W. Ballew and his son, Hurley Ballew, of Rome, Ga., were indicted on the charge of withholding pension money, and P. R. Smith, a government distiller, for illegally conspiring to defraud the United States in the manufacture of spirituous liquor. Smith is charged with having an ally in his criminal enterprise and that, while his distillery was licensed, he manufactured too much of the "overjoyful." Both stories are good ones, and will be read with much interest.

|He Kept Back the Money. The charge against A. W. Ballew is that of holding back a large sum of pension

money, belonging to a negro woman, for whom the money was obtained. The negro woman's name, as furnished by the indictment, is Lucy Burrell, and the nount of money withheld from her that

Colonel Ballew, a practicing attorney of Rome, Ga., was employed by the negro woman to secure for her a pension from the government, her husband having been a soldier of the United States, properly re-

rognized.

The case was decided in favor of the applicant, and a check for \$3,774.34 was drawn in favor of the pensioner. This check, it is charged, passed through the hands of the attorney, and was payable to Lucy Burrell's order at the First Nation al bank of Rome, Ga. She was induced by her attorney to go with him to the bank, where the money was counted out in her presence and placed in her hat. Instead of allowing her to keep it, however, the money was deposited in the bank, as a matter of safety, and a ticket for the amount was given her as a receipt.

After this she was taken to the attorney's office, to quote the bill of indictment, where she was made to sign a check, or rather she was made to sign a check, or rather to make her mark, on the pretext that the amount was for only \$25, and the money was to be turned over to ber son for the purpose of making a visit to his sister, who was ill. Instead of a check, however, for this small amount the paper called for \$1,887.34, and was payable to the order of Hurley Ballew, the attorney's son. The check was afterwards endorsed by the younger Ballew, and the manont collected

and appropriated to the credit of the firm.

Another count of the indictment preferred charged against the elder Ballew for collecting excessive charges out of the ne-gro woman for prosecuting her claim for ension money against the United States.

A separate indictment was brought against Hurley Ballew as a party to the above alleged fraud.

An Illegal Annex.

The other indictments were against a legalized distiller of the mountain dew, who went beyond the limits of the law in making more whisky than he was allowed. he had used improper influences in making certain offers, which were calculated to bribe the officers of the law into allowing him to run his distillery on a big scale, with a little tax.

The other charge is that in this proposi tion he finally succeeded. In addition to the legal amount of whisky he made a great deal more, which he carried away from the still, and thus defrauded the government out of a neat little sum of money

But to give the charges separately and nore in detail-it is claimed that on the 15th of September, 1893, a storekeeper and gauger of the United States governnt, J. W. Martin by name, was by Collector Trammell to the place of business of Distiller Smith. While there he was made an offer by a shrewd distiller allow him to make more whisky than the prescribed amount, he, Smith, would see to it that the revenue officer cleared as much as \$4 a day. In other words his proposition was simply a divis-ion of the illegal spoils arising from the contract. The gauger, however, happened to be an honest man and the offer was met with an absolute refusal.

A few days later, so the story goes, anoth-

er gauger, D. C. Jones, paid a visit to the distiller and was treated with the same hos pitality. A similar offer was made which was likewise refused. Finally, however, a gauger by the name

of T. M. Withrow went over to see the distiller, and without consulting precedents in the matter, winked at the offer of the enterprising distiller. The result was, according to the allegations, they entered into a compact and thus the government was defrauded, and out of a licensed still was brought forth a large amount of ille-

Indictments were brought against Smith and Withrow jointly, and also against Smith individually.

Adjournment of the Grand Jury. The grand jury, which has been in session almost continuously for several weeks, adjourned yesterday afternoon until the 20th of the present month.

The clerk will now have a breathing spell, as a large part of the business of the office was entailed by the findings of the grand

Judge Newman will leave for Columbus, Judge Newman will leave for Columbus, Ga., this afternoon or tomorrow and will hold court at that place for several days. He will be accompanied by the entire force of the court, including the district attorney and his assistants, the clerk, the marshal and several other officers of the law. It will be quite a delegation in the interest of law and order.

Beecham's Pills are better than mineral wa-

Deserving Confidence.-There is no article which so richly deserves the entire confidence of the community as Brown's Bronchial Troches Those suffering from Asthmatic and Bronchial Diseases, Coughs, and Colds, should try theml Price 25 cents.

Price 25 cents.

Good Advertising.

Ask Tilly Haynes, of the Broadway Central Hotel if it pays to advertise. Here was a great hotel property that had cost over two millions of dollars, a perfect palace in construction and appointments, that had literally died out, gone to seed, and was closed up. Mr. Haynes took it and spent \$200,000 in new equipment and a fortune in advertising the fact. And today it is doing the largest business of any hotel in New York. Of course, there must be something to build up such a business on, and Mr. Haynes offers it in the very fact of a most central location, and in giving the best accommodations at the most reasonable charges. If you want to know more about it send to the hotel for maps and circulars.—New York Hotel Mail.

Everybody Invited.

Hear Wurm's Orchestra. Free, Saturday night. The Model Clothing Co., 14
Marietta street.

PERSONAL

J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades furniture, 40 Marietta street. 'Phone 77,



Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy Symp of Figs.

remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weak-ening them and it is perfectly free from

every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name. Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians,

54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice, set up and operated the first lens-grinding machinery ever brought into this section, and have been the first to introduce every optical improvement. Their retail salesroom is at 54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.

is a deadly poison, and when taken up by the system quickly produces death. Sluggish, inactive kidneys fail to purify the blood, and uric acid is left in it to course through the system, poisoning the whole body, producing uremia, which is so fatal to human life.

To preserve health, the kidneys must be kept in a healthy condition. As a kidney tonic, no preparation is so effective as

# Stuart's Gin and Buchu

It acts promptly, effectively and mildly on the kidneys and all other portions of the urinary tract, thus keeping the blood pure, and thereby preserving health. One of my children who has been a great

sufferer from kidney troubles, has derived nore benefit from Stuart's Gin and Buchy than all other remedies, and I have tried quite a number.
MRS. E. O. OZMER, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all druggists.

## Indispensable in Every good Kitchen.

As every good housewife knows, the difference between appetizing delicious cooking and the opposite kind is largely in delicate sauces and palatable gravies. Now, these require a strong, delicately flavor ed stock, and the best stock is

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.

And fine China at that, you want for your table. We handle the worldrenowned HAVILAND brand, the finest and most stylish in the world.

It don't take so much money to buy it, because we suit the prices to the

DORRS. MEX & CO.

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## Still Harping on Our Fine Suits

and Overcoats. You don't need a telescope to detect the average ready-made clothing a long distance off. There's a something about the fit, a speedy getting out of shape and faultiness of hang that's a dead "giveaway," besides all the "going-to-pieces" which inevitably annoy the wearers. Is it profitable to buy such clothes at any price? Usually they pay the dealers bigger profits than do the better



garments, but the buyers are tricked by garish displays and the galore of such stuffs. In their desperation to avoid high-priced tailoring the other extreme is resorted to and grief is not escaped.

Our correct Suits and Overcoats at the happy medium prices are solving this problem for thousands of the best dressed men in Atlanta.



# Our Complete Stock

DIAMOND RINGS,

Has never been surpassed by any firm in the south. We have made extensive preparations to meet the large demand for

WEDDING PRESENTS.

And no such line has ever been shown before in Atlanta, either in variety of style or price. We have so many

SILVER NOVELTIES

that we haven't room to show them all properly, and must sell some to make room for In a general stock of fine Watches, Cut Glass, Jewelry, Silverware, etc.,

31 Whitehall Street, 93 Whitehall Street,

Atlanta, Ga.



# Dr. Blue Mountain Joe's

# GOMBINATION UNDER LARGE GANVAS.

Corner Edgewood Avenue and Fort Streets. Consisting of Irish comedians, Dutch comedians, negro comedians, lady song and dance artist, gentleman song and dance artist, Japanese juggler, slack wire artist, high rope performer, the funny clown, talking comedian, indescribable comedy sketches Two grand programmes each day of week, commencing Monday. October 30th. Matiness 2:30. Night programme at 8 sharp. Comfortable seats for 3,000 people.

- 10 Cents. Admission,

THE GREAT AUCTION SALE OF THE

formerly owned by S. Kaufman, at 70 Whitehall street, commenced Tuesday morning and will continue from day to day, at 10:30 a.m. and 3 and 7:30 p. m., until everything is sold. Finest stock of

## DIAMONDS, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS, BRONZES,

Table cutlery, gold, silver, and silver-plated ware in the city; also a fine line of bric-a-brac. The entire stock of goods has been ordered sold by the judge of the superior court of this county. Room for all. Seats for everybody.

The Longest Pole Gets the Persimmon.

SIG ROSENFELD.

HYDE & HENRY Designers, Woed Engravers, Half Tones and Photo Engraving. orth Broad street, Room No. 1, Atlanta, Ga.

Pure Georgia Corn Whisky, old and new, very old Peach and Apple Brandies. The R. M Rose Co., 12 Marietta St

## PREPARE YOURSELF FOR THE WEATHER CLOTHING!

As far as variety is concerned ours is the store where the toddler in kilt skirts and the heavy weight of two hundred and fifty pounds meet on equal footing. Our stock of Men's and Boys' Suits are just the things for style and comfort. Price, too, figures lagrely. Don't lose sight of our Hat and Furnishing Department. Underwear in immense variety-warm and comfortable. Not too early to think of an Overcoat. We have them.

HIRSCH BROS., 44 Whitehall St.

BUY ANTHRACITE, MONTEVALLO, JELLICO, SPLINT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Best Alabama Coal. Coal at yard handled entirely in bins. No possible chance to mix with dirt. Best arranged yard in the corner Grant. Telephone 1149. Office, 45 Edge.

# PLANE & FIELD

Telephone, No. 354 West Alabama Street and Central Railro

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ATLANTA ELEVATOR CO., OFFICE AND WORKS, Means Street W. and A. R. ATLANTA, GA.,

Railroad, Machine Shop

Metal and Woodworking

MACHINERY.

Leather and Rubber

Packing, Etc.

Belting, Hose,



Mining Supplies.

Corrugated, V Crimped and Standing Seam Roof.

The Brown & King

Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods. Pipe cut to Specifications. Asbestos Pipe Cover-

ing and Cement. 47 and 49 S. BROAD STREET.



7-13 Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

# Liquors, Brandies, Wines, Gins, Beers

and other articles usually kept in a first-class liquor store.

We are proprietors of the well-known brand "Stone Mountain" corn whisky. Special attention is invited to this whisky, as it is conceded to be the best corn whisky made in America. Give us a trial order for it, or any other goods you may desire.

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